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# DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY JUSTIFICATION OF ESTIMATES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1988 AND 1989

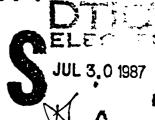


**SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS JANUARY 1987** 

AD-A182 815

**OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, NAVY** 

**BOOK 1 OF 3** 

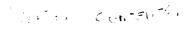


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BUDGET ACTIVITY 1: STRATEGIC FORCES
BUDGET ACTIVITY 2: GENERAL PURPOSE FORCES
BUDGET ACTIVITY 4: AIRLIFT AND SEALIFT

- F -

#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy



#### BOOK ONE Table of Contents

# SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENT BY PROGRAM PACKAGE (IN THOUSANDS)

	BUDGET ACTIVITY 1:	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989	Bk-BA-Pg
	STRATEGIC FORCES Trident Program	108,697	116,638	113,083	109,882	1-1-5
	Strategic Wpns Sys	701,833	758,398	780,612	862,430	1-1-15
	Ship Operations	109,156	115,856	104,675	104,394	1-1-23
	Ship Maint and Mod	775,349	725,869	370,706	469,956	1-1-27
	Communications	60,724	64,744	63,539	69,523	1-1-38
	Space Sys Operation	16,843	17,421	22,317	23,818	1-1-45
	Command and Staff	21,760	22,330	21,203	22,048	1-1-54
	Maint of Real Property	32,685	34,386	37,878	40,879	1-1-58
	Base Operations	85,240	94,086	109,013	118,328	1-1-62
	Technical Operating					
	Budgets	-121,958				
	AVDLR Withdrawal					
	Credits (Non Add)	-2,050	-2,123	0	0	
	Total BA-1	1,790,329	1,949,728	1,623,026	1,821,258	
	BUDGET ACTIVITY 2:	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989	<u>Bk-BA-Pg</u>
	05.00.001.00000000000000000000000000000					
	GENERAL PURPOSE FORCES					
	TACAIR/ASW Operations	1,768,044	1,601,846	1,496,615	1,529,764	1-2-7
	Fleet Air Support	353,415	331,660	293,487	305,144	1-2-12
	Ship Operations	2,111,095	1,990,132	1,783,442	1,871,468	1-2-16
	Ship Maint & Mod	4,803,002	5,259,038	4,638,914	4,945,581	1-2-23
	Combat Support Forces	106,572	126,927	127,171	135,013	1-2-41
	Fleet Operations Suppor		168,731	209,190		1-2-50
	ther Warfare Support	44,994	55,416	59,782	65,258	1-2-64
,	Fleet Air Training	439,895	478,531	475,577	461,822	1-2-70
,	Fleet Ship Training	45,631	40,620	44,077	43,580	1-2-77
	Unified Commands,	24,006	41,601	29,171	30,753	1-2-84
	Fleet Command & Staff	101,993	103,107	107,374	105,159	1-2-89
	Cruise Missile	72,591	102,799	106,277	116,833	1-2-96
	Foreign Currency	139,400	0	0	0	1-2-102
	Maint of Real Property	452,090	487,345	484,171	392,487	1-2-103
	Base Operations	1,132,158	1,207,354	1,326,428	1,393,577	1-2-107
	Coast Guard Support;	100,000	75,000	0	0	
	Tech. Operating					
	Budgets/C.O.	- 211,315	0	0	0	
	AVDLR Credits		-270,666	0	0	
	Total	11,210,680	11,799,441	11,121,676	11,626,186	
	BUDGET ACTIVITY 4:	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989	Bk-BA-Pg
	AIRLIFT AND SEALIFT FOR	CES				
	Sealift Prepositioning	<del></del>				
	& Surge	751,548	596,729	549,099	578,782	1-4-4



# SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY GROUP Justification of Estimates for Fiscal Year's 1988 and 1989

#### BUDGET ACTIVITY ERRATA SHEET

<u>FY 1986</u> <u>FY 1987</u> <u>FY 1988</u> <u>FY 1989</u> FY 1988/89 President's Budget Control 5 Jan 87

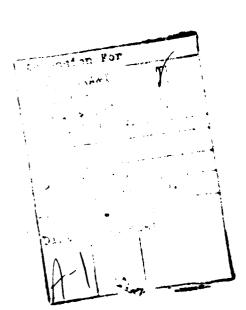
BA 2: General Purpose Forces 11,210,680 11,810,841 11,121,676 11,626,186 DD FORM 1415 Recruiting & Advertising \_\_-11,400

Revised Budget Activity 2 Control 11,799,441

Training, Medical & Other General Personnel Activities 2,393,086 2,520,845 3,609,251 3,914,304 DD FORM 1415 Recruiting & Advertising +11,400

Revised Budget Activity 8 Control 2,532,245





SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY GROUP

	Percon	FY 1986	92	Derechan	FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 198	- 1		FY 1989	
	HIT		Funding			Funding			Funding		MIT CIV	Funding
Budget Activity 1: Strategic Forces	1c Forces											
Irident Program	17	116	108.697	21	151	116.638	2	150	113 083	7	149	
Strategic Hons Sys	199	906	701,833	697	2.086	758,398	1,103	2.514	780,612	1,539	2,818	
Ship Operations		•	109,156	16,666	0	115,856	17,397	0	104,675	17,985	0	104,394
Modernization	200	824	775.349	9	040	725 B69	828	796	307 075	828	7,38	740 05A
Communications	1,424	0	60,724	1.573	0	47.48	1.654	0	63,539	1.711	3	69 523
Space Sys Operation	128	<b>580</b>	16,843	143	300	17,421	159	312	22,317	177	301	23,818
Command and Staff	827	12	21,760	898	=	22,330	854	=	21,203	865	=	22,048
Maintenance of Real												
Property	0	8	32,685	0	98	34,386	0	ક્ષ	37.878	0	36	40.879
Base Operations	617	Ξ	85,240	223	839	94,086	623	876	109,013	662	850	118,378
Technical Operating			•			•					}	2
Budgets			-121,958									
AVDLR Hithdrawal												
Credits (Non Add)			-2,050			-2,123			0		į	0
Total BA-1	21,109	3,939	1,790,329	21,337	4,365	1,949,728	22,549	4,866	1,623,026	23,788	5,143	1,821,258

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Budget Activity: I Strategic Forces (SUMMARY)

#### I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>.

The Navy's mission in the Strategic Forces program area is to provide an undersea strategic missile launch capability which will ensure that the United States maintains a credible and survivable deterrent to nuclear war. The Navy's strategic deterrent force in FY 1988 consists of thirty-seven nuclear submarines (SSBNs) and increases to thirty-eight in FY 1989. The submarines provide the launch platforms for the undersea strategic missile system, four submarine tenders, one launch area support ship, related service craft, and four ships chartered from the Military Sealift Command (MSC).

Each alert submarine must be ready on patrol to respond to an operational order. Because of this mission they operate under conditions of complete self-sufficiency, including maintaining only one-way communications. Each SSBN is operated alternately by two crews who must know the status and condition of the submarine and the weapon system at all times.

Readiness of this weapon system must be continuously maintained, and the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Fleet Commanders have prescribed a program of systematic tests which provide both strategic planners and the operating fleet with a high degree of confidence that predictable numbers of warheads will impact on target. The funding requested in this budget provides the support for the fleet ballistic missile forces to maintain the readiness and reliability required to meet the objectives and to support the testing necessary to determine whether the weapon systems are working as intended. An intensive, collaborative effort is undertaken between the fleet and the supporting complex ashore to demonstrate the ship's capability of sustaining high reliability standards. The result is a closed loop system which is the integral concept behind fleet ballistic missile system operational support.

FY 1988 reflects negative program growth primarily due to 2 fewer SSBN overhauls. In FY 1989, program growth results from the introduction of the TRIDENT II and D-5 System and the increase of one SSBN tender overhaul.



Budget Activity: 1 (continued)

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	<u>Request</u>	t <u>priatio</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	Request	<u>Request</u>
Trident Program	108,697	146,524	141,349	116,638	113,083	109,882
Strategic Wpns Sys	701,833	847,192	825,700	758,398	780,612	862,430
Ship Operations	109,156	115,258	114,676	115,856	104,675	104,394
Ship Maintenance and	t					
Modernization	775,349	1,115,142	617,453	725,869	370,706	469,956
Communications	60,724	71,699	70,729	64,744	63,539	69,523
Space Sys Operation	16,843	18,656	17,114	17,421	22,317	23,818
Command and Staff	21,760	24,909	24,619	22,330	21,203	22,048
Maintenance of Real						
Property	32,685	35,068	34,223	34,386	37,878	40,879
Base Operations	85,240	101,602	98,666	94,086	109,013	118,328
*Technical Operating	9					
Budgets	-121,958					
AVDLR Withdrawal						
Credits**	-2,050	-2,120	-2,120	-2,123	0	0
Total BA-1	1,790,329	2,476,050	1,944,529	1,949,728	1,623,026	1,821,258

<sup>\*</sup>Available for completion contracts under Technical Operating Budgets per Congressional direction.

#### B. Schedule of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 President's Budget Request		2,476,050
2.	Congressional Adjustments		- 531,521
	A. BOS Reduction	-1,025	
	B. FBM Overhauls	- 256,000	
	C. Inflation Adjustment	-66,178	
	D. Fuel Consumption	-31,000	
	E. Travel	- 95	
	F. Appropriated Fund MWR	- 194	
	G. Ship Maintenance	-147,264	
	H. NAVSPASUR	-1,200	
	I. Civilian Pay	- 9,036	
	J. RPMA/Minor Construction	- 15,000	
	K. Contractor Assistance	4.529	

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non add (included in Communications)



# Budget Activity: 1 (continued)

В.	Schedule	of	Increases	and	Decreases	(Cont'd).

3.	FY 1987 Appropriated		1,944,529
4.	fed. Employment Retirement Supplemental		2,441
5.	Inter-Appropriation Transfer  A. Pay Raise Transfer  1) Classified  2) Wage Board  3) Less Pay Raise Absorbed	(2,708) 2,338 553 -183	2,708
6	Other Increases  A. Programmatic Increases  1) Adjust SSBN ROH/SRA Schedule.  2) Design work for SSBN disposal.	(93,685) 87,885 5,800	93,685
7.	Other Decreases  A. Programmatic Decreases  1) TRIDENT engineering support.  2) SSPO prior year execution.  3) SSBN Inactivation with reduction related component repairs.	(-93,635) -25,850 -40,422 -27,363	-93,635
8.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$1,949,728
9.	Price Growth A. Other B. Industrial Fund C. Stock Fund Non fuel D. Stock Fund Fuel	44,907 -210 -7,074 -4,631	32,992
10.	Functional Transfer  A. Strategic Weapons System  B. TRIDENT Mission Support  C. FBM Ship Operations  D. Ship Maintenance  E. Communications  F. Space System Operations  G. Command and Staff (FBM)  H. Base Operations	7,035 5,457 300 2,379 -2,072 31 3	13,129
11.	Program Increases A. FBM Ship Operations B. Strategic Weapons System C. TRIDENT Mission Support D. Command and Staff (FBM) E. Space Systems Operations F. Ship Maintenance and Modernization G. Communications H. MRP I. Base Operations	347 30,577 2,437 10 5,259 5,774 5,349 6,695 11,603	68,051





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# Budget Activity: 1 (continued)

# B. Schedule of Increases and Decreases (Cont'd).

12. Program Decreases		-440,874
A. FBM Ship Operations B. Strategic Weapons System C. TRIDENT Mission Support D. Command and Staff (FBM) E. Space Systems Operations F. Ship Maintenance and Modernization G. Communications H. MRP I. Base Operations	-441 -39,517 -15,372 -1,127 -1,151 -376,530 -2,150 -4,420 -166	
13. FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$1,623,026
14. Price Growth		40,235
A. Other B. Industrial Fund C. Stock Fund Non fuel D. Stock Fund Fuel	38,076 5,190 -4,469 1,438	
15. Program Increases		194,672
A. FBM Ship Operations B. Strategic Weapons System C. TRIDENT Mission Support D. Comand and Staff (FBM) E. Space System Operations F. Ship Maintenance and Modernization G. Communications H. MRP I. Base Operations	1,494 80,039 3,357 662 1,385 93,522 4,810 1,872 7,531	
16. Program Decreases		-36,675
A. FBM Ship Operations B. Strategic Weapons System C. TRIDENT Mission Support D. Comand and Staff (FBM) E. Space System Operations F. Ship Maintenance and Modernization G. Communications H. MRP I. Base Operations	-1,118 -22,169 -10,138 -272 -348 -1,046 -358 -118 -1,108	
10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$1,821,258



#### Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhib't OP-05

Activity Group: Trident Mission Support Budget Activity: 1 Strategic Forces

#### 1. Description of Operations Financed.

The Trident Mission Support Program is dedicated to establishing and maintaining TRIDENT at a high degree of operational readiness. TRIDENT is a three part weapon system comprised of longer range missiles and dedicated weapon support system, a nuclear powered submarine which is more survivable than earlier designs and a life cycle logistic support concept which has been designed to meet TRIDENT's reliability and readiness goals. Through the logistic support systems, which are dedicated to establishing and maintaining a high degree of operational readiness, TRIDENT is achieving an increase in at sea availability over the current POSEIDON force.

The preponderence of funding provides for engineering services and technical support for the TRIDENI submarines. Although a wide range of efforts are comprehended within this request, collectively they provide the means for keeping equipments operating. This includes testing to determine problems, developing corrections and maintaining up-to-date documentation. This type of life cycle logistic support is more disciplined for TRIDENI than for other programs and is the key to maintaining readiness goals. The concept is built on the premise of strict configuration management and pre-planned maintenance work which is accomplished during the ship's refits. The 95 day submarine operational cycle consists of 70 days at sea on patrol and 25 days off patrol. 18 days of the off patrol time are planned to accomplish a refit and incremental overhaul of the ship. After 10 years of operations, an extended availability is planned to accomplish alterations and repairs that are not feasible during the normal 18 day refits.

Support in this activity group provides the detailed pre-planning and engineering necessary to make maximum use of the 25 day off patrol periods. By knowing exactly what configuration and equipments are onboard, how many hours various equipment have been operating, what equipments are scheduled for maintenance removal and repair and other similar data, a specific maintenance plan for each refit can be developed. Thus, when the ship comes in for refit, the repair work has been scheduled, materials prepositioned and the right personnel and equipment are on hand.

Other aspects of the current life-cycle logistic support program include rigid training to ensure crew personnel are familiar with equipment operations, periodic tests to evaluate hardware and system performance, and maintenance of data base information.

Activity Group: Trident Mission Support (cont'd)

TRIDENT Command and Control System Maintenance Activity (TRICCSMA), a NAVSEA field activity located at Naval Undersea Systems Center, Newport, R.I., provides for the life cycle operation and maintenance of OHIO Class Command and Control System (CCS) equipments and computer software from a total systematic program approach. The subsystems composing the CCS include the following functional areas requiring system assessment:

Command
Sonar
Defensive Weapons
Monitoring
Data Processing
Tactical Navigation
Periscope

Integrated Radio Room
Radio Antennas
Radar
IFF (Identification Friend or Foe)
Interior Communication
Electronic Support Measures
Strategic System Interface

Life cycle maintenance of the CCS begins well in advance of ship construction/delivery in order to establish and maintain computer software and equipment and maintenance baselines through system level status accounting and configuration change management. The OHIO Class Submarine Maintenance Concept requires that such equipment subsystems be supported by subsystem In-Service Engineering Activities (ISEA) as well as equipment vendors even after ship transition to operational status. TRICCSMA is tasked to provide the requisite management and coordination of maintenance support to insure that the objectives of the TRIDENI Maintenance Concept are met. Primary objectives of TRICCSMA are to:

- Deploy and support the CCS operations of OHIO Class Submarines.
- Develop and maintain the CCS Maintenance baselines or OHIO Class Submarines.
- Formulate an upgrade program for the CCS that will correct deficiencies and improve reliability of the system.

The Land Base Evaluation Facility (LBEF) supports TRIDENT I and TRIDENT II efforts. Funding provides installation design for equipment configuration, acquisition of installation materials (cables, trays, pipes), and test procedures for equipment relocation.

Activity Group: <u>Trident Mission Support</u> (cont'd)

# II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

# A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY	1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	President's <u>Budget</u>	Appro- priation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget Request
TRIDENT Mission Support	85,257	111,929	108,053	84,265	86,615	84,660
TRIDENT CCSMA	23,440	34,595	33,296	32,373	26,468	25,222
Total, TRIDENT Mission Support	108,697	146,524	141,349	116,638	113,083	109,882

В.

Activity Group: Trident Mission Support (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.	<u>Amount</u>
1. FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$116,638
2. Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises (52)  1) Classified 52  B. Annualization of Fed. Empl. Ret. (283)  1) Classified 283  C. Industrial Fund Rates (95)  D. Other Pricing Adjustments (3,493)	3,923
3. Functional Program Transfers A. Transfers In 1) Inter-Appropriation (5,457) a) Trident Intermediate 5,175 Maintenance - Transfer of Hull Mechanical and Electrical Maintenance support from RDT&E to O&M,N. b) Expense/Investment Criteria. 282 In response to a request from the Congress to review the adequacy of current expense/investment criteria, the Department conducted a study which supports increasing the thres- hold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. This change in budget policy will alleviate budget execution problems associated with fluctuations in equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.	5,457
4. Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases (379)  1) TRICCSMA - Increase of 10 civil 379  service work years for annuali- zation of prior year staffing activity.  B. One-Time FY 1988 Increases (22)	2,437
1) Increase of one civilian workday. 22	

Activity Group: Trident Mission Support (cont'd)

#### C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

#### Amount

1.440

596

Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (2,036)1) Trident Intermediate Maintenance The CCS Acquisition Program will resolve problem reports deferred from FY 1987 resulting in an increase of 11 problem reports processed, as well as increases in other engineering actions (1,030). Increase also results from 3 additional planned repairs and 30 additional planned refurbishments (410). 2) TRICCSMA. Mission Support Operations requires increased resources for Kings Bay detachment such as telephones, supplies, copier leases, and emergency/service calls, and increased telephone costs attributed to a higher civil service population (46). Logistics, engineering and technical services increase due to 64 additional problem reports and the development certification and installation support of 10 additional Trident Configuration Modifications (TCMODS) and temporary engineering changes partially attributable to the establishment of Kings Bay Detachment (550).

#### Program Decreases

-15.372

A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 1) Hull maintenance and electrical engineering support and services reduction (-2,213). Start five fewer alterations (-695). Reduce backfit planning for command and control system class improvements (-3,264). Conduct one fewer noise reduction investigations and mid cycle acoustical trials (-310). Reduce TRIPER logistic engineering support (-658).

(15,372)-7.140

Activity Group: <u>Trident Mission Support</u> (cont'd)

and TEC's.

С.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.		<u>Amount</u>
	2) TRICCSMA - Reduced requirements for installation, labor, and testing for the Land Based Evaluation Facility (LBEF) relocation (Milcon Project P-042) (-8,197); Reduction of 1 workyear as a result of efficiency review savings (-35).	- 8,232	
6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$113,083
7.	Pricing Adjustments A. Industrial Fund Rates B. Other Pricing Adjustments	(290) (3,290)	3,580
8.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases  1) TRICCSMA - Annualization of increased support costs for Kings Bay detachments and maintenance of additional ADP mainframe hardware and software licensing/leasing cost for the Tactical Support Software System.	(174) 174	3,357
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989  1) Trident Intermediate Maintenance - Installation of priority improvements at CCS training facilities and in oper- ational Trident submarines, including upgrade replacement installation of UYK-43 computers.	(3,183) 2,981	
	2) TRICCSMA - Increases for Kings Bay operations for configuration management, certification of logistics packages, and temporary engineering changes (TECs); resolution of 23 additional problem reports and the develop- ment, certification and instal- lation support of 3 additional TRIDENI Configuration Modifications	202	



Activity Group: <u>Trident Mission Support</u> (cont'd)

С.	Rec	o <u>nciliation of Increases and Decreases</u> .	•	<u>Amount</u>
9.	Prod A.	<ul><li>1) Reduction of 1 civilian workday.</li><li>Other Program Decreases in FY 1989</li></ul>		-10,138
		1) Trident Intermediate Maintenance - CCS Acquisition- reduction of 7,000 TRIDENT CCS Problem Reports and 24 other problem reports (-5,046); Repair - 41 fewer planned repairs and 4 fewer planned refurbishments (-896); Other programs - decreases in Life Cycle Maintenance Support in the areas of HM&E Engineering Reviews, Planning Yard Services, TRIDENT Unique Equipment Repair, ILS and Reliability Maintenance Support, Alterations, Noise Reduction Program Investigations, and CCS Maintenance Services (-1,814)	-7,756	
		2) TRICCSMA - Completion of the LBEF relocation project (MILCON Project P-042).	-2,360	

Work Years

Activity Group: <u>Trident Mission Support</u> (Cont'd) FY 1986 FY 1987 FY 1988 III. Performance Criteria. <u>Units</u> <u>Units</u> Units Units 85,257 84,265 86,615 84,660 A. TRIDENT MISSION SUPPORT 222/2807/200222/200222/2002222222222 9,168 8,087 7,264 7,189 1) H&ME Eng Serv No. of Tasks HM&E Prob Rpts (THPR) 62 70 62 60 HM&E Chngs Screened 124 124 111 109 Work Years 148 131 118 115 2) Planning Yard 5,932 6,152 6,237 6,237 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 Trouble Failure Rpts 500 Liasion Action Rgst 500 500 500 Refit Completion Rpts 22 30 32 32 Work Years 81 81 82 82 8,509 7,896 3) Non-TRIPER Repair 7,229 7.884 No. of Planned Rprs 570 477 567 529 No. of Planned Refurbs 80 63 93 89 Work Years 142 150 170 154 5,815 3,363 2,755 2,739 0 6 4 4) Alteration Program 6 Alts (Depot Avail Period) 2 Alts (Refits) 136 83 80 79 44 Work Years 78 35 2,902 2,503 2,946 2,902 5) TRIPER Logistics Inventory Actions 371 550 538 538 Work Years 43 54 52 52 6,423 6,421 6,419 6) Reliability Maintenance 6,335 Revs to Maint. Plans 166 174 170 167 53 Config Change Rosts 45 54 52 20 26 26 25 Config Audits 500 489 477 Manual Change Rosts 516 91 90 90 Work Years 647 479 983 7) Noise Reduction 647 # Investigations 9 3 2 2 Mid-Cycle Acoustical Trial 2 1 (# of Hulls) 1

5

10

6



Activity Group: <u>Trident Mission Support</u> (cont'd)

	III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>	<u>. FY</u>	1986 Units	FY \$	1987 Units	FY \$	1988 Units	FY \$	1989 Units
		<b>.</b>	011103	£	011103	•	0111123	£	011163
8)	CSS Maintenance Factors	43,861		39.3	64	41.	725	37,40	00
-,	(Maintenance)				85)		,913)	(19,8	
	Data Extraction Tapes	, ,	1,952	•	2,038		1,922		1,895
	Data Packages		143		154		153		150
	TRIDENT CCS Prob Rpts		7,447		6,912		6,553		6,461
	TRIDENT CCS Mods Instal		46		42	1	44		44
	Temp Eng Changes		175		154		153		164
	Work Years		247		222		209		208
	(Acquisition)	(23,760	)	(20,0	179)	(21	,812)	(17,	557)
	INSURV/GMI Def		97		88	•	99		75
	# of Problem Rpts								
	Req Eng Action		1,963		1,594		1,613		980
	Temp Eng Chngs Processed		31		26		26		19
	Total TARS		620		488	,	524		374
	COMPTEVFOR Def		48		34		46		37
	Work Years		278		223		231		186
9)	Performance Monitoring	2,055		2,1	55	2,2	29	2,229	3
	Total Ship Sys Monitored		342		456	ļ	456		456
	End of Refit Rpts Analyze	d	22		30		32		32
	Ship Operating Months		67		96		96		96
	Work Years		29		30	i	29		28
10	CCS Class Improvement	554		5,0		1,8		4,87	
	Systems		3		12		5		13
	Work Years		5		44		15		39
11	ILS Engineering Sup (WY)	769	6	8	352 <b>8</b>	89	5 8	928	8
12	HM&E OPTN Support (WY)	509	4	4	53 6	4,5	48 59	4,67	5 60
13	<u>Unidentified Acoustical</u> <u>Tonals (WY)</u>	48		. 5	79	.8 1:	30 1	.3 12	4 1.2
14	) HM&E Class Improvement (WY)	0	-	4	56 8	29	2 4	164	2
15	) <u>Industrial Plant Equip</u>	0	0		0 0	22	2 -	166	-



USDH

Ac	tivity Group: <u>Trident Miss</u> III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>		ort ( ' 1986 <u>Units</u>		<u>d)</u> 1987 <u>Units</u>		1988 <u>Units</u>		1989 Units
В.	TRICCSMA MISSION SUPPORT Total Funding	23,440	32	•		26,468 =====		25,222	::::=
1)	Direct Funded Salaries/ Benefits (WY)	4,393	116 5	,487	138	6,188	147	6,196	147
2)	Mission Support	3,517	3	426		3,592		3,874	
3)	Logistics, Eng/Tech Serv. Prob Rpts Requiring Engineering Action		13 1,411			-			1,714
•	TCMOD's & Temp Eng. Chngs (TEC) Instal		210		242		252		255
	CCS Hardware & CCS Documents Under Active Configuration Mgmt.	1,334	,525	1,398	3,960	1,953	3,960	2,014	1,675
4)	LBEF Relocation Supt (MILCON Proj P-042)	3,869	10	0,010		2,157		0	
	IV. <u>Personnel Summary.</u>								
	End Strength E/S	FY	1986	FY	1987	FY 19	88	FY 19	989
	A. <u>Military</u>		<u>17</u>		<u>21</u>	2	21	<u> </u>	<u>21</u>
	Officer Enlisted		8 9		8 13		8	1	8 3
	B. <u>Civilian</u>		<u>116</u>		<u>151</u>	15	<u> 0</u>	14	19

116 151

150

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# Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: Strategic Weapons Systems Budget Activity: 1 - Strategic Forces

#### I. Description of Operations Financed.

The Strategic Systems Project Office (SSPO) is responsible for the operational readiness and reliability of the strategic weapons systems aboard the fleet ballistic missile submarines (SSBNs) that constitute the Navy's strategic deterrent forces. Forces currently supported are the POSEIDON and C-4 Backfit SSBNs deployed in the Atlantic and the TRIDENT I SSBNs being deployed in the Pacific as they complete construction. SSPO is also responsible for all planning and other efforts required for support of the TRIDENT II weapons system currently being developed.

Strategic Weapons Systems funding provides for the following categories of requirements:

Strategic Weapons Systems Support. A strategic weapons system consists of the launcher, fire control, navigation, test instrumentation, missile, missile checkout, and guidance subsystems. Funding provides support for all subsystem equipments aboard POSEIDON, C-4 Backfit and TRIDENT SSBNs and at shore facilities. Efforts funded include: maintenance for subsystem equipments aboard SSBNs; equipment renewal and updating during overhauls; repair of failed components; logistics control procedures; operational flight testing; support of crew training; technical services required to test, analyze and maintain reliability of the weapons sytems; missile maintenance operations at missile processing facilities; targeting support; and the operating expenses of field activities and headquarters.

<u>Surface Support Ships</u>. Efforts funded include engineering services, repair efforts and weapons system overhaul requirements necessary for surface vessels to support the POSEIDON, C-4 Backfit and TRIDENT programs. Surface ships supporting these programs include the USNS REDSTONE (TAGM-20), the USNS RANGE SENTINEL (TAGM-22), and the USNS POINT LOMA (AGDS-2), utilized to gather test data during operational flight tests, and the four tenders which serve as second echelon repair facilities and supply ships for POSEIDON and C-4 Backfit submarines.



Activity Group: Strategic Weapons Systems (cont'd)

TRIDENT System Support. Provides for TRIDENT systems support costs not uniquely identifiable to the submarine or the strategic weapons system. Specific efforts include: facility planning, industrial engineering, outfitting, equipment installation and checkout, and other efforts required for development and activation of the Naval Submarine Base, Kings Bay; operation and maintenance of the TRIDENT Logistics Data System; TRIDENT training support, including support of training hardware, software and curricula at the existing TRIDENT Training Facility, Bangor and system design and hardware/software acquisition and planning for the TRIDENT Training facility to be located at Kings Bay; development and implementation of an integrated TRIDENT Logisitics support assessment system; TRIDENT program management support; and the operating expenses for the TRIDENT Refit Facility and TRIDENT Training facility at Kings Bay.

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY 1987			FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	President's Budget	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget <u>R</u> equest
Op & Eng Support	484,100	565,455	548,690	481,563	471,831	522,694
Missile Processing	•	94,531	92,732	92,315	97.538	109,850
Training Support	25,632	28,783	28,229	27,966	30,071	40,518
SSPO Admin	46.607	43,341	43,314	45,146	48,471	49,270
Surface Sup Ships	8,733	9.393	9.393	9.393	11,816	12,166
TRIDENT Sys Sup	67,936	105,689	103,342	102,015	120,885	127,932
Total Act. Group	701,833	847.192	825,700	758,398	780,612	862,430

В.

Activity Group: Strategic Weapons Systems (Cont'd)

Rec	onciliation of Increases and Decreases.		Amount
1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$758,398
2.		(2,369) 1,889 480 (3,793) 2,983 810 (-155) -155 (-3,062) (21,174)	24,119
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers In  1) Inter-Appropriation Transfer of Patent Council efforts from the Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy Appropriation (414), and POSEIDON/ TRIDENT efforts from the Weapons Procurement, Navy appropriation (701). 2) Expense/Investment Criteria. In response to a request from the Congress to review the adequacy of current expense/investment criteria, the Department conducted a study which supports increasing the thres- hold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. This change in budget policy will alleviate budget execution problems associated with fluctuations in equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.  B. Transfers Out 1) Intra-Appropriation Transfer of the TRIDENT Submarine Operation and Assessment Program (SOTAP) (-148), and the Sonar Training Assessment and Grooming (STAG) Program of SSBN's (-648) to the NAVSEASYSCOM (BA-7) and the transfer of the Management Information	6,782 (-862) -862	7,035
	transfer of the Management Information Instruction System Activity (MIISA) Unit at the TRIDENT Training Facility (TTF) Kings Bay (-66) to Chief of Naval Education and Training (CNEI) (BA-8).		

A	Program Increases		Amount 30,577
•	A. One-Time FY 1988 Costs 1. Increased funding required to support the Range Intrument Ship (TAGM) Portable Ship Instrumentation Package (POSIP) Van installation.	(1,142)	30,377
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1988  1. Personnel Costs Increased salaries, benefits, travel, and transportation costs to support additional personnel at the TRIDENT Refit Facility (TRF), TRIDENT Training Facility (TWF), and Strategic Weapons Facility (SWFLANT) at Kings Bay, GA.  Salaries and benefits (6,806) increase as TRF, TTF, and SWFLANT and Headquarter and other activities civilian end strengths increase 340, 27, and 48, and respectively, to support the TRIDENT II (D-5) Strategic Weapon System and an increase due to the change in number of paid days (218). Travel (519) and transportation (970) costs increase due to relocation costs of civilian personnel at the Kings Bay Facilities.	5	
	<ol> <li>Operational and Engineering Support. Material Readiness Upkeep Period (MRUP) for the USNS MARSHFIELD (TAK).</li> </ol>	9,829	
	3. Missile Processing Strategic Weapons Facility, Atlantic in support of the TRIDENT II (D-5) building activation schedule at Kings Bay, GA.	1,863	
	4. Training Support Training curricula acquisitions, training system design and field services in support of the TRIDENT II (D-5) Strategic Weapons System.	2,562	

	5. Surface Support Ships Class engineering effort for the AS-31 FBM Tender overhaul which	AMOUNT 2,234	
	commences in FY 1989.  6. TRIDENT Systems Support Increased design review, equipment acquisition coordination, equipment on-site installation, and logistics support for Hull, Mechanical and Electric (H,M&E) and Command and Control System (CCS) Training at the TRIDENT Training Facility, Kings Bay, GA.	4,434	
5.	Program Decreases	-39,517	
	A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988	(-39,517)	
	1) Operational and Engineering Sup Reduced overhaul funding required due to 623/636 Dismantlement and only one new overhaul start in FY 1988 vs. three in FY 1987 (-8,446). Reduced requirements in the areas of performance evaluation, surveillance, logistic support, component repairs and accuracy evaluation resulting from the increased maturity of the POSEIDON and TRIDENT Strategic Weapons Systems equipment (-29,395). 2) Training Support Reduced requirements in POSEIDON	-1,436	
	and TRIDENT Strategic Weapons Systems Training. 3) Navy Efficiency Review Program. Projected end strength and dollar savings resulting from scheduled Efficiency Reviews.	-240	
6 <i>.</i>	FY 1988 President's Budget Request	\$780,612	
7.	Pricing Adjustments	23,948	
-	A. Annualization of Fed. Empl. Ret.	(1,442)	
	<ul><li>1) Classified</li><li>2) Wage Board</li></ul>	760 682	
	B. Stock Fund	(-93)	
	1) Non-Fuel	-93	
	C. Industrial Fund Rates  Other Pricing Adjustments	(1,523)	
	D. Other Pricing Adjustments	(21,076)	
	1-1-19		
		<u>ኯቔዀዀዀኯ፟ፙኯዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀ</u> ቔቔቔ	<u>ነን</u> ጃብ

AMOUNT 80.039

8. Program Increases

Other Program Growth in FY 1989 (80,039) 1. Personnel Costs 10,953 Salaries and benefits costs support additional personnel at the TRIDENT Refit Facility (TRF), TRIDENT Training Facility (TTF), and Strategic Weapons Facility (SWFLANT) at Kings Bay, GA. Salaries and benefits increase as TRF, TTF, and SWFLANT civilian end strengths increase 252, 10, and 45, respectively, to support the TRIDENT II (D-5) Strategic Weapon System. Operational and Engineering Sup 50,111 Class planning for the installation of the D-5 BACKFI1 strategic weapon system, which includes launcher, fire control, navigation, test instrumentation missile, missile checkout and guidance subsystems, on board the existing TRIDENT Submarines (12,452). Establish and begin operating a TRIDENT II (D-5) logistical support system and commence performance evaluation, surveillance and reliability maintenance on TRIDENT II (0-5) components and subsystems previously accepted under the development program (37,659). 9.550 3. Missile Processing Contractor field engineering, contractor support, and other operating costs for the Strategic Weapons Facility, Atlantic in support of the TRIDENT II (D-5) Strategic Weapon System. 9,425 4. Training Support Training materials acquisitions, field engineering, and technical support of weapons and navigation trainers in support of the TRIDENI

II (D-5) Strategic Weapons System.

			AMOUNT
9.	Program Decreases A. One-Time FY 1988 Costs 1. Completion of the TAGM POSIP	(-1,181) -1,181	-22,169
	VAN installation.  B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989 1. Personnel Costs Decreased travel (-92) and transportation (-288) costs due to reduced relocation requirements of civilian personnel at Kings Bay facilities and due to the number of paid days (-513).	(-20,988) -893	
	•	-13,829	
	3. TRIDENT Systems Support Reduced outfitting, equipment installation and acceptance testing for the TRIDENT Refit Facility Kings Bay, GA.	-6,020	
	4. Navy Efficiency Review Program. Projected end strength and dollar savings resulting from scheduled Efficiency Reviews.	-246	
10.	FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$862,430

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Activity	Group:	Strategic	Weapons :	Systems	(cont'd)

III. Performance Criteria.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A. OPERATIONAL SUPPORT (Deployed Shipmonths)				
SSBN (POSEIDON) SSBN (C-4 BACKFIT) SSBN (TRIDENT) TENDER	163 85 67 36	147 93 99 40	143 124 96 38	148 144 96 40
B. MISSILE PROCESSING				
POSEIDON (C-3) (POMFLANT) C-4 BACKFIT (C-4) (POMFLANT) TRIDENT (C-4) (SWFPAC)	115 112 23	94 112 78	97 38 49	33 42 42
C. WEAPON SYSTEMS OFFLINE SUPPORTING (Shipmonths)	RT			
POSEIDON Overhaul C-4 BACKFIT Overhauls Tender Overhaul	43 59 12	45 51 1	49 20 0	44 0 1
D. OVERHAUL STARTS	3	3	1	1
E. TRIDENT REFITS	22	30	32	32
IV. Personnel Summary.				
End Strength E/S	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A. Military	<u>667</u>	<u>697</u>	1,013	1,539
Officer Enlisted	181 486	21 <i>7</i> 480	261 752	295 1,244
B. <u>Civilian</u>	1,906	2,086	2,514	2,813
USDH	1,906	2,086	2,514	2,818

#### Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: FBM Ship Operations Budget Activity: 1 Strategic Forces

#### I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>.

This program provides a fleet of 37 Strategic submarines in FY 1988 and 38 in FY 1989 as the launch platforms for the undersea strategic missile system. The submarines together with four submarine tenders, related service craft, and four chartered ships are operationally supported in this program. Operational expenses include:

<u>Fuel</u> - includes ship propulsion fuel to operate the main plant/engines of the conventionally powered ships, auxiliary equipment, and small boats, and small quantities of fossil fuel used in auxiliary diesel engines of nuclear submarines. The major portion of fuel is used by the tenders while in port to support ships' power and heat needs, as well as hotel services to submarines that are moored alongside during periods of intermediate maintenance.

<u>Utilities</u> - includes the cost of steam, electricity, water, sewage trea+ment and other utilities (excluding telephone and garbage removal) incurred by FBM submarines and support ships while in port.

<u>Supplies and Equipage (S&E)</u> - includes expenses of repair parts and other operating target (DPTAR):

<u>Repair parts</u> - include all repair related consumables required to accomplish organizational level equipment maintenance. Organizational level maintenance is that corrective and preventive maintenance accomplished by the ship's crew.

Other operating target (OPTAR) - includes administrative and housekeeping items; items having a limited life such as lubricants, boiler compound and bilge cleaner; devices such as power tools, office machines, duplicators; General Purpose Test Equipment (GPEIE); Automated Data Processing (ADP) requirements; the cost of tugs, pilotage, and other related services provided by commercial or other non-naval forces; and the cost of material purchased for medical and dental purposes.

Leaseback (Charter) - includes two FBM cargo ships (T-AK) and a Range Instrument ship (T-AGM), and a Auxiliary Deep Submergence Support Ship (T-AGDS) leased from the Military Sealift Command (MSC). The T-AKs provide regularly scheduled service to the FBM replenishment sites in Holy Loch, Scotland, Charleston, South Carolina and Kings Bay, Georgia. The T-AGM provides range safety (destruction) tracking, surveillance, communication and other services, such as monitoring the demonstration and shakedown operations of new SSBNs, as well as monitoring firings following SSBN overhaul. Costs include maritime crew salaries, fuel, ship repairs, supplies and equipage and administrative expenses.



Activity Group: FMB Ship Operations (Cont'd)

# II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

# A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY	FY 1988	FY 1989		
	FY 1986	President's <u>Budget</u>	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>
Fuel	5,854	7,302	7,302	6,312	4,621	3,764
Utilities	6,290	7,210	7,210	6,419	6,636	8,244
Repair Parts	35,427	39,153	39,153	38,990	36,852	35,718
Other OPTAR	33,573	33,485	32,903	30,776	30,185	30,252
Charter	28,012	28,108	28,108	33,359	26,381	26,413
Total Act. Group	109,156	115,258	114,676	115,856	104,675	104,394

Activity Group: FBM Ship Operations (cont'd)

В.	Rec	onciliation of Increases and Decreases.	Amount
	1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$115,856
	2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund (-4,497) 1) Fuel -2,423 2) Non-Fuel -2,074  B. Industrial Fund Rates (-7,282) C. Other Pricing Adjustments (392)	-11,387
	3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers-In  (300)  1) Inter-Appropriation  a) Expense/Investment Criteria  In response to a request from the  Congress to review the adequacy of  current expense/investment criteria,  the Department conducted a study  which supports increasing the thres- hold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand.  This change in budget policy will  alleviate budget execution problems  associated with fluctuations in  equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.	300
	4.	Program Increases A. One-Time FY 1988 Costs 1) One extra day of ship charter costs. B. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (277) 1) Support to maintain operational readiness.	347
	5.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 (-441)  1) SSBN shipyear reduction441	-441
	6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request	\$104,675
	7.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund (-1,258)  1) Fuel 520  2) Non-Fuel -1,778  B. Industrial Fund Rates (195)  C. Other Pricing Adjustments (406)	- 657

Activity Group: FBM Ship	Operations (	(cont'd)					
8. Program Inc A. Other Pr 1) Phas submari	1,494						
9. Program Dec A. One-Tim 1) Extr B. Other F 1) SSBN	-1,118						
10. FY 1989 Pre	sident's Budge	et Request		\$104,394			
III. <u>Performance Crite</u>	ria. <u>FY 1986</u>	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989			
Ship Inventory Conventional Nuclear	44 5 39	41 4 37	41 4 37	42 4 38			
Ship Years Supported Conventional Nuclear	42.8 5.0 37.8	41.4 4.0 37.4	41.0 4.0 37.0	40.0 4.0 36.0			
Underway Steaming Hours Conventional Nuclear	139,262 3,037 136,225	138,523 1,856 136,667	146,185 2,390 143,795	149,928 1,694 148,234			
Barrels of Fossil Fuel	(000) 171	201	204	149			
Per Diem Days	1,095	1,460	1,464	1,460			
MSC Charter Inventory	3	4	4	4			
MSC Charter Activation	0	1	0	0			
IV. Personnel Summary.							
End Strength E/S	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989			
A. <u>Military</u>	16,729	16,666	17,397	17,985			
Officers Enlisted	1,319 15,410	1,244 15,422	1,289 16,108	1,369 16,616			

#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Budget Activity: I Strategic Forces Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance

#### 1. Description of Operations Financed

This program funds depot and intermediate level maintenance and modernization, initial outfitting and associated technical support for the strategic forces as follows:

Regular Overhaul of the ship is that maintenance performed by the shipyards on material requiring major overhaul, or complete rebuild of parts, assemblies, subassemblies and end items and correction of all discrepancies found during pre-overhaul tests and inspections or developed from maintenance history analysis. The repairs restore the ship, including all operating subsystems which affect safety or current combat capability, to established performance standards. Depot level repairs for the family of detection and tracking (unique) SONARS installed on SSBNs includes overhaul, refurbishment and certification of SONARS and interface equipment.

Restricted and Technical Availabilities (RA/TA). A Restricted Availability (RAV) is for the accomplishment of specific items of work by a repair activity, normally with the ship present, during which period the ship is rendered incapable of fully performing its assigned mission and tasks due to the nature of the repair work. A Technical Availability (TAV) is for the accomplishment of specific items of work by a repair activity, normally with the ship not present, during which period the ship's ability to fully perform its assigned mission and tasks is not affected by the nature of the repair work. RA/TA repairs include voyage repairs, selected restricted availabilities, phased maintenance availabilities, repairs during post shakedown availabilities for new units and various other miscellaneous type repairs.

Fleet Modernization. The strategic forces portion of the Fleet Modernization Program provides for the modernization of the POSEIDON and TRIDENT submarines, FBM submarine tenders and strategic support ships. It funds the preliminary design, preparation of blueprints and associated documents, installation of equipment, and updating of ship records. Installation is accomplished during overhaul, at a forward site, or in conjunction with a restricted or technical availability.

Specifically, the FY 1988 and FY 1989 program will fund improvements in SSBN primary mission areas, including noise reduction, silencing alterations and sonar improvements which are designed to ensure the defensive acoustic advantage of SSBNs. The program of installing small but high priority mission alterations during SSBN refit periods continues. This program uses industrial teams to install alterations during the extended SSBN operational cycle, which can be as long as 12 years. A passive sonar upgrade in all POSEIDON SSBNs has been made possible by this program.

Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

Outfitting provides non-aviation initial and follow-on outfitting support for active ships and other selected or unique outfitting programs as required. Support is provided for outfitting and allowance changes resulting from installation of new equipment, modification of equipment, special equipage programs, revision of allowance parts lists and allowance equipage lists, modification of allowance computation rules, and other approved allowance changes

The FY 1988 program decreases from the FY 1987 level primarely due to a decrease in the number of SSBN overhauls supported, 1 vice 3, and a lower level of support required for Classic Wizard. The increase between FY 1988 and FY 1989 is attributed to support for new sonar systems and other major equipment outfitting programs.

Intermediate Level Maintenance is that maintenance which is normally performed by Navy personnel on tenders and repair ships, or at fleet support bases. It normally consists of calibration, repair or replacement of damaged or unserviceable parts, components or assemblies; the emergency manufacture of unavailable parts; and providing technical assistance to using organizations. IMAs are assigned to repair and test weight handling equipment, repair periscopes, electronic equipment and electric motors, overhaul diesel engines and provide such services as printing, photography, optical repairs, engraving, canvas work, strainer shield manufacture, and certain preventive maintenance actions. The principal components of the fleet Ballistic Missile Force IMA establishment are the submarine tenders and the TRIDENT shore based facility at Bangor, Washington.

<u>Technical and Engineering Programs</u> provide necessary support for submarines and SONARS subjected to longer operational intervals by the Engineered Operating Cycle (EOC) program, including acoustic trials.

<u>Inactivations</u> provides funds to defuel, dismantle and dispose of ballistic missile submarines for various reasons including compliance with prevailing arms limitation agreements. No funds are requested for this purpose in FY 1988 or FY 1989.

The FY 1988 program decreases to one SSBN overhaul, a decrease of two from the revised FY 1987 level. FY 1989 also includes one SSBN overhaul.

Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout

			FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989	
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	<u>Estimate</u>	Request	Request
Ship Overhauls	442,356	711,104	283,928	351,377	110,549	164,808
Restr./Tech. Avail	68,917	98,436	81,950	111,328	80,883	108,212
Fleet Modernization	75,134	126,851	114,635	99,867	32,633	38,188
Outfitting	23.004	26.425	26,302	26.302	18.789	25,048
Intermediate Maint.	79,448	102,788	62,687	89,227	88,194	92,743
Unique Sonars	29,721	31,431	30,487	30,486	21,548	23,299
SSBN Monitoring	16,222	18,107	17,464	17,282	15,731	15,621
Maint. Engrng	0	0	0	. 0	2,379	2,037
Inactivations	40,547	0	0	0	0	0
Total Activity Group	775,349*	1,115,142	617,453	725,869	370,706	469,956

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$122.0 million, unobligated on 30 September 1986 but required by government estimate, for completion of private repair contracts executed under Technical Operating Budget (TOB) procedures and for changes in scope of ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair for work conducted in FY 1986.



# Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

# B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases

١.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$725,869
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises  1) Classified  2) Wage Board	(331) 130 201	13,214
	<ul><li>B. Annualization of FERS</li><li>1) Classified</li><li>2) Wage Board</li></ul>	(1,502) 426 1,076	
	C. Stock Fund 1) Non-Fuel	(-3,262) -3,262	
	D. Industrial Fund Rates E. Other Pricing	(10,083) (4,560)	
3.	Functional Program Transfers A. Transfers-In	(2,379)	2,379
	<ol> <li>Intra-Appropriation         <ul> <li>a) Transfer of acoustic trials</li> <li>function from Budget Activity 7</li> <li>(Submarine Logistics and Engineering Support) to</li> <li>Maintenance Engineering.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	2,379	
4.	Program Increases	/E 774\	5,774
	A. Other Program Increases in FY 1988  1) SSBN emergent repairs based upon FY 1986 experience.	(5,774) 584	
	<ol> <li>Service craft emergent repairs in place of overhauls.</li> </ol>	519	
	<ul><li>3) SSBN battery renewal increase by two.</li><li>4) Steam Generator inspections and repair</li></ul>	1,021 . 1,706	
	5) Increase in maintenance activities intermediate in-house production manhours based on manning and workload requirements and backlogs for prior years.	1,404	
	6) Three additional AN/BQH-8 engineering change installations and four additional sonars ready for service.	540	
5.	Program Decreases A. Other Program Decreases	(-376,530)	-376,530
	1) Decrease of two SSBN overhauls.	-256,348	
	<ol> <li>Decrease in Service Craft overhauls scheduled for FY 1988.</li> </ol>	-16,088	
	<ol> <li>Decrease of four SRAs and eleven Forward Site Modernizations in FY 1988.</li> </ol>	-31,249	

## Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

В.	Reconciliation	of	Increases	and	Decreases
	41 0-4	1	\		_

4)	Reduction in Design Services
	Allocation (DSA) requirements due to
	fewer FY 1988 strategic force
	availabities and decreasing out year
	program.
5)	Ordnance Alteration and Nuclear
	Alteration due to fewer SSBN

5)	Ordnance Alteration and	Nuclear	-11,319
	Alteration due to fewer	SSBN	·
	availabilities		

-14,673

\$370,706

6)	Completion of SNAP II installations	-6,592
7)	Decrease in Machinery and Package	-1.090
	Alteration requirements due to fewer	
	SSBN availabilities	

	33511 474114511111153.	
8)	Decrease in SSBN Steam Plant Safety	-9,039
	requirements.	
0.1	Completion of CCDN discount contra	c 000

9)	Completion of SSBN disposal work	-5,928
10)	Reduced requirement for habitability	-1,054
	improvements	

improvements.	
11) Discontinued support for the class	-10,228
planning and overhaul management ef-	
fort and refurbishment during overhaul.	

12)	Reduction in Submarine System Per-	-2,061
	mance Monitoring requirements.	
121	Deducation in Dest Challed A 11	1 700

13) Reduction in Post Shakedown Availi-	-1,782
bility requirements.	
14) Reduced IMA work years for TRIDENT	-2,759

	Submarine	rei	fits.				
15)	Reduction	in	Outfitting	for	specific	-6,3	20
	equipments	5					

## 6. FY 1988 President's Budget Request

7.	Pricing Adjustments	6,774

•	F 4 1	cing Adjustillents	
	Α.	Annualization of FERS	(231)
		1) Classified	61
		2) Wage Board	170
	В.	Stock Fund	(-2,037)
		1) Non-Fuel	-2,037
	С.	Industrial Fund Rates	(2,691)
	D.	Other Pricing	(5,889)

# 8. Program Increases 93,522

Other Program Increases in FY 1989	(93,522)
1) Overhaul of AS-31.	42,584
<ol><li>Increase of two battery renewals.</li></ol>	1,031
<ol><li>Increase of 3 SRAs.</li></ol>	11,136
<ol><li>Additional maintenance support.</li></ol>	11,169
<ol><li>£mergent repair funding increase.</li></ol>	2,037



9.

## Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

6)	Post Shakedown Availability for the first TRIDENT for the Atlantic	1,000	
7)	Flect. Advance funding for SSBN 726 overhaul.	8,248	
8)	Increase in SSBN unique sonars funding to support operational units.	934	
9)	Increase in Outfitting to support new start equipments.	8,601	
10)	Addition of three SSBN Forward Site Modernizations.	587	
11)	Increase in Nuclear Alteration requirements.	310	
12)	Increase in COMSEC Upgrade installations on two ASs.	318	
	Increased Package Alteration requirements Increased Design Services Allocation requirements SHIPALT Installation Drawings (SIDS) and SHIPALT Preparation.	193 3,001	
Program	Decreases		-1,046
A. Oth	er Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-1,046)	
1)	Reduction in Submarine Systems Per- formance Monitoring requirements.	-630	
2)	Reduction for changes in the type of	- 416	

acoustic trials required.

\$469,956



Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

#### III. Performance Criteria

#### A. Ship Overhauls

The following depicts the regular overhaul program for fiscal years 1988 and 1989. Although the overhaul is costed for the full term including advance preparation, only the portion applicable to the fiscal year appropriation appears with the ship in the induction year. Advance preparation costs are reflected in the appropriate O&M,N expense fiscal year. At congressional direction, the budget request reflects funding for incidental material for public starts and funding to completion of all public and private overhauls in the induction year.

	FY 1986		FY 1987		FY 1988		FY 1989	
<u>Ship Type</u>	Ships	SM	Ships	\$M	Ships	\$M	Ships	\$M
SSBNs	3	417.3	3	339.3	1	109.1	7	110.6
Tenders							1	46.0
Advance Funding -		17.0		3.4		.6		4.0
AERP/PERA*		8.1		8.7		.9		4.2
Total Program		442.4**		351.4		110.6		164.8

- \* Advanced Equipment Repair Program/Planning, Engineering Repair and Alteration represents preoverhaul effort/repairs accomplished outside the shipyard facilities and directly funded by the customer.
- \*\* Includes \$102.0 million unobligated for completion of work begun in FY 1986.
- B. <u>Restricted and Technical Availability</u>. The resources required for voyage repairs are based on historical experience for each ship type and number of ships. Resources for planned availabilities are based on the schedule in each category. A summary of requirements follows:

	FY 1	986	F <u>Y</u>	1987	FY	1988	FY	1989
Type of Repair	Ships .	\$M	Ships	\$M	Ships	\$M	Ships	\$M
Voyage (ship yrs)	60.8	17.9	59.4	16.8	60.0	17.4	59.8	18.3
Battery Renewals	5	2.3	3	1.4	5	2.5	7	3.6
SRAs	2	22.4	7	56.9	3	37.4	6	49.6
Habitability		2.7		2.9		1.9		1.9
PSAs	0	0	1	. 9	0	0	0	0
Service Craft Ovhl	5	11.3	4	14.1	0	1.3	4	21.1
Misc. Avail.		12.3		18.3		20.4		13.7
Total		68.9*		111.3		80.9		108.2

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$14.7 million unobligated for completion of work begun in FY 1986.

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### Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

### C. Outfitting

•	outfitting	FY 1986 \$000	FY 1987 \$000	FY 1988 \$000	FY 1989 \$000
	Major Outfitting	4,811	3,983	1,969	8,435
	Misc. Equipment Outfitting	6,007	8,598	5,446	5,536
	Special Programs	3,378	4,365	2,300	2,132
	Equipment Programs	1,135	1,403	1,075	998
	Between Overhaul Changes	7,673	7,953	7,999	7,947
	Total	23,004	26,302	18,789	25,048

### D. Fleet Modernization Program

	IMPOSED REQMTS.	MISSION	_ <u>C3</u>		SAFE	HAB & PERS	PROGRAM SUPPORT	TOTAL
SUBMARINES	0.0	12.9	3.3	12.2	0.9	0.0	18.9	48.2
FBM SUPPORT SHIPS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	26.3	2.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	29.1
NET ADVANCE PLANNING								-2.4
TOTAL FOR BA - 1	0.0	39.2	5.3	12.4	1.2	0.0	19.4	75.1*

<sup>\*</sup>Includes \$5.3 million unobligated for completion of work begun in FY 1986.



Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

## D. <u>Fleet Modernization Program</u> (Cont'd)

				FY 19	<del>387</del>			
	IMPOSED REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>	нм&Е	SAFE & NAV	HAB & PERS	PROGRAM SUPPORT	TOTAL
SUBMARINES	0.0	15.6	0.0	12.5	0.8	0.0	20.2	49.1
FBM SUPPORT SHIPS	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.8
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	39.5	6.6	0.0	8.8	0.0	0.3	55.2
NET ADVANCE PLANNING								-5.2
TOTAL FOR BA - 1	0.0	55.3	6.6	12.6	9.6	0.0	21.0	99.9
	IMPOSED REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>	FY 19	SAFE	HAB & PERS	PROGRAM SUPPORT	TOTAL
SUBMARINES	0.0	3.4	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	4.8	12.1
FBM SUPPORT SHIPS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	19.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	19.5
NET ADVANCE PLANNING								0.0
TOTAL FOR BA - 1	0.0	22.7	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	32.6
	IMPOSED REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>	FY 19	SAFE	HAB & PERS	PROGRAM SUPPORT	101AL \$
SUBMARINES	0.0	1.8	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.0	7.5	15.1
FBM SUPPORT SHIPS	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.2
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	20.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	20.7
NEI ADVANCE PLANNING								0.2
TOTAL FOR BA - 1	0.0	22.2	0.4	5.8	0.0	0.0	9.6	38.2



Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

E. <u>Intermediate Maintenance</u>. Funding provides for repair parts and materials for support of strategic submarines alongside the submarine tenders or at the refit facility, maintenance of the FBM submarine tenders and support for various related service craft, as follows:

	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Productive Manyears Available Workload Manyears*	1,554.5 2,029.5	1,459.4 1,977.4	1,617.8 2,106.8	1,684.2 2,038.2
Material Cost (\$000) Contractor Industrial Support (\$000) TRIPER Material (\$000) TRIREFITFAC Operations (\$000) Total (\$000)	42,931 329 3,108 33,080 79,448	40,527 1,684 6,260 40,756 89,227	42,799 0 4,793 40,602 88,194	43,341 820 7,312 41,270 92,743
*Includes TRIPER workload of:	140.6	54.3	110.0	110.4
G. <u>Inactivations</u>	FY 1986	<u>FY 1987</u>	FY 1988	FY 1989
Number of Submarines (inactivation)	2	0	0	0

### F. <u>Technical and Engineering Support</u>

### (1) SSBN Unique and Related Sonars:

	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Engineering Services				<del></del>
(operational yrs)	136.8	133.7	146.9	171.1
Class Planning				
(Submarine classes)	2	3	0	0
Overhaul Management				
(Submarine classes)	2	3	0	0
Sonar İnstallations	18	3	6	8
Sonar Refurbishments	18	18	0	0



Activity Group: FBM Ship Maintenance (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

### (2) SSBN Ship System Maintenance Monitoring and Support Program

_	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Test, Inspection & Maint. Doc. 1	269	256	261	293
Ship Subsystems Perf. Data Suppt. 1	269	256	261	293
Material Condition Assessment	269	256	261	293
Extended Refit Period Work Package				
(Review, analysis, and coordination) <sup>2</sup>	5	5	5	5
EOC Maint. Planning and Log. Support <sup>2</sup>	61	62	54	52
Analysis of Fleet Support capabilities <sup>2</sup>	25	27	26	25

<sup>1</sup>Ship operating months <sup>2</sup>Planning workyears

FY 1986 FY 1987 FY 1988 FY 1989

\$ Units \$ Uni

\*This program realigns from Budget Activity 7 Submarine Noise Reduction in FY 1988.

### IV. Personnel Summary

		FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Α.	Military E/S				
	Officer Enlisted	46 654	47 793	47 781	47 781
В.	Civilian E/S				
	USDH	824	940	967	967



#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: Strategic Communications Budget Activity: I Strategic Forces

#### Description of Operations Financed.

Fleet Ballistic Missile (FBM) Control System Communications - This program provides support for operational and newly introduced communications systems for the FBM forces. The program encompasses High Frequency (HF)/Very Low Frequency (VLF)/Low Frequency (LF) broadcast subsystems developed to provide improved reliability and the certainty of reception of messages from the National Command Authority (NCA) to deployed FBM submarines; secure ship-to-ship communications, a method of communicating the loss or disability of a submarine to shore locations; and a continuing evaluation program that ensures the effectiveness and readiness of the various systems.

The FBM Ship/Shore Communications program provides funds for engineering technical services and maintenance of deployed equipments and systems for ship-board and shore receiving sites. These services are provided from Naval and commercial industrial sources to support deployed and deploying systems onboard ship and shore stations worldwide. Funding is included for repair of specifically designated communications equipment. Engineering technical services cover such tasks as: planning; monitoring production; conducting site surveys; reviewing operational tests; evaluating hardware modifications; working out detailed operational procedures for the communications systems; conducting a program to evaluate operational readiness of systems and equipments; preparing and updating operational mode programs; configuration management; station operation and equipment maintenance; calibration; and systems effectiveness engineering; Requirements are determined by the number of systems and equipments installed and scheduled for delivery from production. Shore transmitting and receiving sites are operational 24 hours a day.

Airborne Communication maintains a continous airborne communications coverage for Fleet Command and Control as an integral part of national defense strategy in support of world wide retaliatory forces. Operations financed in this program include aircraft operating costs and aviation TAD. Current activity within this program provides synchronized low frequency spectrum communication coverage without interruption to deployed strategic forces. Maintenance and coverage requires airborne on station relief with aircraft flying rotational patterns that utilize foreign and domestic air fields. To preclude interrupting coverage, a back-up aircraft and crew is positioned in a ready status. TAD funds are required to support travel requirements associated with operations, training and administrative travel.

Activity Group: Strategic Communications (cont'd)

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

## A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Request
FBM Ship/Shore Communications	28,402	39,146	38,260	37,571	39,669	41,844
Airborne Flight Ops Air TAD Less Aviation DLR Credits	31,274 3,098 -2,050	31,874 2,799 -2,120	31,813 2,776 -2,120	26,520 2,776 -2,123	20,966 2,904 0	24,679 3,000 0
Total	60,724	71,699	70,729	64,744	63,539	69,523

## Activity Group: Strategic Communications (cont'd)

	В.	Reconci	liation	of	Increases	and	Decreases
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1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$64,744
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) Fuel  2) Non-Fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates	(-3,433) -2,616 -817 (160)	-2,332
	C. Other Pricing Adjustments	(941)	
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers Out  1) Intra-Appropriation	(-2,072)	-2,072
	a) Functional Transfer to F3 (Utilities) (-1,760), and F3 Engineering Support) (-312) accomodate SPAWAR/TELCOM fun transfer agreement.	FD (Other to	
	4. Program Increases	(0.300)	5,349
	A. One-Time FY 1988 Increases 1) <u>Aviation Depot Level Repa</u> ( <u>AVDLRs</u> ). Increase in funds supported by Stock Fund With	previously	
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1 1) Extremely Low Frequency Continuation of transition o R&D to O&M,N status will inc required professional suppor and ELF Software Support Act (SSA) engineering/logistic s costs for the procured shore	988 (3,226) (ELF) - 1,302 f ELF from rease t ivity upport	
	Shipboard transmitting Syste 2) <u>Fixed Very Low Frequency</u> Begin software modifications associated with the Broadcas (BCA) message processing sys (800) and increased VLF ampl	m (1,276).  (FVLF) - 1,516  and tests t Authority tem upgrades ifier	
	installation planning effort 3) Compact Very Low Frequenc Laboratory engineering servi result of transition of CVLF development from R&D to oper status (292).	<u>y (CVLF)</u> - 292 ces as receiver	
	4) <u>VQ-4 Operational Survivab</u> Increase to bring funding fo operational survivability an readiness in line with missi	r VQ-4 d mission	
	5) Temporary Additional Duty requirements (TAD) in suppor TACAMO mission.	. Travel 65	

## Activity Group: <u>Strategic Communications (cont'd)</u>

5.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Drcreases in FY 1988  1) Flying Hours. Reduction in flying hours to bring funded hours in line with mission requirements.	(-2,150) -2,150	-2,150
6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$63,539
7.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) Fuel  2) Non-Fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates  C. Other Pricing Adjustments	(376) 837 -461 (284) (872)	1,532
8.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases  1) VQ-4 Operational Survivability.  Annualization of funding for VQ-4  operational survivability and mission readiness.	(36) 36	4,810
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989  1) Extremely Low Frequency (ELF) - Operational costs (engineering and logistic services) for fully operational ELF systems.	(4,774) 1,050	
	2) Compact Very Low Frequency (CVLF) - Additional laboratory engineering services due to continued transition of (CVLF) receiver development from R&D to operational status.	60	
	3) <u>Verdin</u> - Installation planning associated with Integrated Submarine Automated Broadcast Processing System/Improved Emergency Message Automated Transmission System (ISABPS/IEMATS) II upgrades.	297	
	4) <u>Flying Hours</u> . Increase of 867 hours to bring budgeted hours in line with requirements. 5) <u>EC-130Q to E-6A to Transition</u> . Increase	951 2,367	
	of 2,006 hours due to transition from EC-130Q to E-6A aircraft.  6) <u>Temporary Additional Duty</u> . Travel requirements (TAD) in support of TACAMO mission.	49	
9.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989  1) Take Charge and Move Out (TACAMO) - Reduced level of effort in engineering analysis due to reevaluation of requirements.	( - 358) - 358	-358
10.	FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$69,523

Activity Group: Strategic Communications (cont'd)

## III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>

## A. Airborne Communications:

	FY	1986			FY	1987	
	Average Operational Aircraft	Flying <u>Hours</u>	Cost (\$000)	Avera Opera Airci	age ational	flying Hours	Cost (\$000)
Hours Per A/C	17	23,200 1,365	31,274	17	7	22,528 1,325	26,520
<pre>\$ Per Hour</pre>			1,348				1,177
	FY	1988			FY	1989	
	Average			Avera		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<del></del>
	Operational <u>Aircraft</u>	Flying <u>Hours</u>	Cost ( <b>\$</b> 000)		itional	Flying <u>Hours</u>	Cost (\$000)
Hours Per A/C	18	20,567	20,966	18	3	23,761 1,320	24,678
\$ Per Hour			1,019				1,039
TAD Per Die	em Days	FY 198 88,09		603	FY 198 86,37		
	/Shore Communi Inchanced VERDI		FY 1	986	FY 1987	FY 198	8 FY 1989
(AN/WR	R-7, AN/WRR-7A 1 (systems main	) Recety	e 30	7	307	307	307
(AN/WR	nchanced VERDI R-7, AN/WRR-7A (systems inst	) Receiv	e	0	0	0	0
MERLIN ( Mainta	AN/BS1-1) Syst ined	ems	10	0	100	100	100
Fixed VL	F Sites Mainta	ined		7	7	7	7



Activity Group: Communications (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

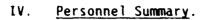
B. Ship/Shore Communications VLF Site Refurbishment	FY 1986 1	FY 1987 1	FY 1988 1	FY 1989 1
LF Transmitters Maintained	21	21	21	21
CEP Equipment Maintained	18	18	18	18
SKP (Submarine Keyboard Printers) Equipment Maintained	111	111	111	111
BCA (Buoyant Cable Antenna) (OE-315) Equipment (Systems Maintained)	34	34	34	34
CBFS (Cesium Beam Frequency Standard) Equipment Maintained	480	480	480	480
MAYFLOWER System Shore Maintained Shipboard Maintained	10 136	10 136	10 136	10 136
ELF Transmitting Sites Operated and Maintained	1	2	2	2
MF/HF Mulitcouplers Systems Maintained Systems Installed	10 10	10 10	10 10	10 10
VLF Amplifier Sites	0	1	1	1

In FY-88, ELF Transmitting Sites at Wisconsin and Michigan will transfer to COMNAVTELCOM, program increases associated with the operation of the 2 sites are contained in TELCOM BOS.

Compact Very Low Frequency (CVLF) Support (M/Y)	2	2	4.5	5
TACAMO Support (M/Y)	0	15	15	11.5
SCIP-Submarines Assessed	0	9	9	9
SSBN Communications (M/Y) BCA (Broadcast Control Authority)	0	11.1	.11.1	11.1
sites	0	0	2	2
ISABPS/IEMATS II Upgrade planning sites		-		2



## Activity Group: Communications (cont'd)



End	Strength (E/S)	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY <u>1989</u>
Α.	Military	1,636	2,884	3,024	3,113
	Officer Enlisted	1,212 1,424	1,311 1,573	1,370 1,654	1,402 1,711





#### Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: Space Systems Operations Budget Activity: 1 Strategic Forces

### I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>.

The Naval Space Command (NAVSPACECOM) Dahlgren, Virginia, supports naval space policy and strategy by providing direct support to fleet units worldwide through integrated control of naval space programs. The Command coordinates Navy-wide operational space resources and personnel required to fulfill fleet missions. While reflecting the Navy's reliance on space for maritime communications, navigation, environmental prediction and surveillance, it also provides an organizational structure for effective space coordination with other Department of Defense (DoD) elements. NAVSPACOM is the naval component of the U.S. Space Command. NAVSPACOM commands the operations of the Naval Space Surveillance System (NAVSPASUR) and the Navy Astronautics Group (NAVASTROGRU).

NAVSPASUR operates a large continuous wave radar system to detect and track satellites. Evaluated satellite information from this system supports over 600 activities, consisting of all Fleet units, various naval shore installations, and other departments of the Government. Data provided includes satellite overflight alerts; radar pointing angles; satellite ephemeral predictions; orbital elements (for input into shipboard computers); look angles; orbit breakup fragments and "problem" satellites; and uncorrelated detection data. Primary mission for Fleet support is vulnerability data for United States Navy and Marine Corps operating forces. NAVSPASUR, as a force assigned to U.S. Space Command, provides 75% of the space surveillance data for the space object catalog maintained at the Space Surveillance Center (SSC) located at the Cheyenne Mountain Complex in Colorado. NAVSPASUR is also designated as the Alternate Space Surveillance Center (ASSC) with a backup control function for the entire Space Detection and Tracking Surveillance System (SPADATS). In the event of a failure at SSC, NAVSPASUR provides all support including command and control for each SPADAT sensor and maintains the space object catalog for the SSC.

Navy Astronautics Group (NAVASIROGRU) maintains and operates astronautic systems, including spacecraft and ground based components and subsystems to fulfill naval and national requirements. The Navy Navigation Satellite System (NNSS) is the major operational space system to support navigation requirements of all Fleet units. Primary mission Fleet support is provided to FBM submarines, which impose the most stringent navigational accuracy requirements on NNSS. Expanded roles for NAVASTROGRU in spacecraft management include upgrade for Extremely High Frequency (EHF) operations support and use of existing ADP capabilities to obtain geolocation of Radio Frequency Interferance (RFI). NAVSTROGRU is responsible for the Fleet Satellite Extremely High Frequency Program (FEP) and its operations centers (FEPOCs).

Additional NAVSPACECOM responsibilities include around-the-clock operational fleet support and operational management of communications satellite capability for fleet communications, operational management of Relocatable Over the Horizon Radar (ROTHR) and Tactical Exploitation of the National Capabilities (TENCAP) as well as support for several naval compartmented projects.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY.	1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
		President's	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
<u>F</u>	Y 1986	<u>Budget</u>	<u>priation</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Request</u>	Request
Naval Space Command Headquarters	3,775	2,398	2,339	2,376	4,211	4,260
Space System Product Management	9,022	11,032	9,661	9,805	12,482	13,395
Tracking, Telemetry and Control (TI&C) Operations	4,046	5,226	5,114	5,240	<u>5,624</u>	6,163
Total Space System Operations	16,843	18,656	17,114	17,114	22,317	23,818

В.	3. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.				
	1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$17,421		
	2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises (79)  1) Classified 77  2) Wage Board 2  B. Stock Fund (-6)  1) Non-Fuel -6  C. Other Pricing Adjustments (683)	756		
	3.	Functional Transfers  A. Transfers-In  (31)  1) Inter-Appropriation  a) In response to a request from the Congress to review the adequacy of current expense/ investment criteria, the Department conducted a study which supports increasing the threshold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. This change in budget policy will alleviate budget execution problems associated with fluctuations in equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.	31		
	4.	Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases (268) 1) Full workyear cost for personnel 268 increases in FY 1987. B. One Time FY 1988 Costs (179) 1) One-time FY 1988 costs for 179 furniture and equipment for MILCON Project P-233. C. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (4,812) 1) Defense Data Network (DDN) 198 charges related to operation of the Space Information Management System (SIMS). 2) Ten end-strength increase 147 reflects staffing requirements as Naval component to U.S. Space Command, with five work-years projected.	5,259		

3) Space Information Management	220	Amount
System (SIMS) support for software	220	
maintenance and maintenance of		
additional hardware to be procured		
with OPN funds in FY 1987. 4) Special project to be initiated	349	
in FY 1988.	349	
	,140	
planning including development of		
the Naval Space Master Plan and Space		
Baseline Area Assessment as well as completion of Naval Space Command		
(NAVSPACECOM) taskings emerging		
from these publications and from		
the U.S. Space Command.		
6) Travel, equipment maintenance,	150	
and mission communication costs		
required for participation in the		
Naval Warfare Gaming System (NWGS). 7) Mission communications costs for	100	
alternate communications routing	100	
at Dahlgren, VA. This routing will		
provide additional security for		
transmission of surveillance data		
by circumventing vulnerable failure		
points.	1.70	
8) contracted maintenance costs for Naval Space Surveillance System	172	
(NAVSPASUR) ADP equipment. Currently		
scheduled for replacement in FY 1990-91,		
this equipment is antiquated and		
therefore more costly to maintain.		
9) Funding for transmitter antenna	500	
modernization at NAVSPASUR		
Jordon Lake and Gila River field		
stations as well as Naval Research Lab technical support to		
provide direction/execution of		
upgrades to NAVSPASUR modernized		
equipments.		

#### 10) NAVSPASUR field station 178 operations contract provides contract employees wage and fringe benefit increases as determined by the Department of Labor. 11) Operations analysis of alternate 689 communications routing for surveillance data between Cheyenne Mountain Complex, Naval Space Surveillance System (NAVSPASUR), and the NAVSPASUR field stations. 290 12) Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) adversely affects satellite communication functions; to date approximately 80% of the Ultra High Frequency (UHF) interferance is unresolved. Continuation of RFI limited operational capability in FY 1988 includes increased costs for equipment leasing and leased communication lines. 322 13) Initiation of transition planning for NAVASTROGRU. During the FY 1990-94 time period, NAVASTROGRU's primary mission will shift from TRANSII system support to other Tracking Telemetry and Control (TT&C) support functions. 35 14) Increase supports civilian personnel costs due to increase of one extra workday. 15) Completion of upgrades to Naval 101 Space Surveillance System (NAVSPASUR) field station transmitter equipment requires outfitting of spare parts. 16) Replacement of spare parts for 46 equipment installed by the Air Force at NAVSPASUR for its role as the Alternate Space Surveillance Center. 175 17) Leasing of data capable long lines between Naval Space Command/Naval Space Surveillance System and Colorado Springs, CO, and also between Navy Astronautics Group (NAVASTROGRU) and Colorado Springs, CO for mission operations with the U.S. Space Command.

**AMOUNT** 

			AMOUNT
5.	Program Decreases A. One-Time FY 1987 Costs	/ 754\	-1,150
	<ol> <li>Complete engineering assessments for the modernization of tracking, telemetry and control (TI&amp;C) capability for Navy Astronautics Group (NAVASTROGRU).</li> </ol>	( - 764) - 466	
	2) Complete documentation of Naval Space Surveillance System (NAVSPASUR) peculiar software by the Navy Regional Data Automation Center (NARDAC).	- 298	
	B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 1) Complete study of NAVSPASUR Field Station Modernization Program includes costs for technical support for equipment maintenance, contract monitoring and development of methods to obtain maximum capability from modernized receiver equipment.	(-386) -198	
	<ol><li>Civilian personnel adjustments for additional lapse.</li></ol>	-28	
	<ol> <li>Reductions in civilian personnel costs for Permanent Change of Station (PCS) moves.</li> </ol>	- 10	
	4) Decrease in civilian workforce mix to reflect budgeting of temporary employees which historically have been used in execution.	-114	
	5) Reduction in contractor advisory and assistance services resulting from intense management review.	- 36	
6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$22,317
7.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) Non-Fuel	(-1)	464
	B. Other Pricing Adjustments	- 1 (465)	
8.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases  1) Full workyear cost for civilian personnel increase in FY 1988.	(188) 188	1,385
	B. One-Time FY 1989 Costs 1) Evaluate available alternatives to modernize NAVSPASUR's operations center which currently relies primarily on manual methods.	(319) 319	



AMOUNT





			AMOUNT
	C. Other Program Growth in FY 1989 1) Space Information Management System (SIMS) for Defense Data Network (DDN) charges (205) and equipment maintenance (190).	(878) 395	
	2) Naval Space Command (NAVSPACECOM) is responsible for development of Space Training and Operations Procedures Standards (SPATOPS) which establish doctrinal connectivity, operational relationships and management responsibilities for sate!lite subsystem component with peculiar capabilities. Initiate SPATOPS for the Navy Remote Ocean Sensing System (NROSS).	372	
	<ol><li>Increase to support space systems requirements planning and taskings emerging from the U.S. Space Command.</li></ol>	111	
9.	Program Decreases		-348
	A. One-Time FY 1988 Costs	(-185)	
	1) Complete purchase of furniture and equipment for MILCON Project P-233.	-185	
	B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-163)	
	<ol> <li>Reduction of software development related to the Space Information Management System (SIMS).</li> </ol>	-70	
	<ol><li>Reduction for PCS and transportation costs allowed</li></ol>	-17	
	for civilian personnel in prior years 3) Reduction in civilian personnel costs due to decrease from 262 to 260 paid days.	-76	
10.	FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$23,818

Activity	Group: Space System Opera	tions	(Coi	nt'd)	
III.	Performance Criteria.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A. NAV 1.	IGATION (NNSS) Monitoring Sites Prospect Harbor, ME Rosemont, MN Wahiawa, HI Laguna Peak, CA	4	4	4	4
2.		6	6	6	6
3.	Injection Success	100%	100%	100%	100%
B. SUR 1.	Lake Kickapoo, TX Gila Lake, AZ	3	3	3	3
2.	Jordan Lake, AL Receiver Sites Fort Stewart, GA Silver Lake, MS Red River, AK Elephant Butte, NM San Diego, CA Hawkinsville, GA	6	6	6	6
3.	Catalog Items	6,631	7,675	8,575	9,585
	ELLITE COMMUNICATIONS Operating Satellites in Orbit	9	10	10	10
2. 3.	Satellite Loading No. of Circuits	98%	98%	98%	98%
٥.	Available to Navy users	145	124	158	158
(Sp Ope	TOPS Cost (\$000) ace Training and rations Procedures ndards)	\$104	\$94	\$97	\$471

Naval Space Command is responsible for the development of Space Training and Operations Procedures Standards (SPATOPS) which establish doctrinal connectivity, operational relationships and management responsibilities for space systems. Funding is required 18-24 months prior to IOC.

Activity Group: Space System Operations (Cont'd)

## IV. <u>Personnel Summary.</u>

	End Strength (E/S)	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Α.	Military	128	143	<u>159</u>	<u>177</u>
	Officer Enlisted	60 68	68 75	72 87	88 89
В.	Civilian	280	302	312	312
	USDH	280	302	312	312



#### Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: Command & Staff Budget Activity: 1 Strategic Forces

#### I. Description of Operations Financed.

The purpose of this program is to provide the Fleet operational support required to permit Fleet Ballistic Missile (FBM) submarines to carry out their mission. Support provided includes material control and supply support, fleet temporary additional duty (TAD) for FBM crew rotations between continental United States and overseas sites and for crew training, and use of the Atlantic Underwater Test and Evaluation Center (AUTEC).

The submarine squadron and group commander staff requirements are also included. The staffs' mission is to operationally direct and administer material and logistic support and TAD.

The AUTEC range is used to conduct torpedo, Harpoon and Tomahawk proficiency firings, crew qualifications, and to test and certify shipboard weapon systems. The range is operated and managed by the Naval Underwater Systems Center (NUSC). Requested funds represent the direct costs for support of AUTEC range, open ocean firings, torpedo retrievals and post firing evaluations.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY 1987			FY 1988	FY 1989	
	FY 1986	President's Budget	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>	
Ship Ops Admin Staff Admin Ship Ops TAD Control Sys Readiness	2,129 4,976 6,518 8,137	2,511 5,633 7,309 9,456	2,487 5,578 7,174 9,380	2,192 4,976 6,754 8,408	2,250 4,967 6,482 7,504	2,379 5,111 7,069 7,489	
Total Act. Group	21,760	24,909	24,619	22,330	21,203	22,048	

Activity Group: Command & Staff (Cont'd)

В.	Rec	onciliation of Increases and Decreases.	Amount
	١.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$22,330
	2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified  B. Annualization of Fed. Empl. Ret. (17)  C. Stock Fund (7) 1) Non-Fuel 7  D. Industrial Fund Rates (-227)  E. Other Pricing Adjustments (186)	-13
	3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers-In  (3)  1) Inter-Appropriation  a) Expense/Investment Criteria  In response to a request from the  Congress to review the adequacy of  current expense/investment criteria,  the Department conducted a study  which supports increasing the thres- hold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand.  This change in budget policy will  alleviate budget execution problems  associated with fluctuations in  equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.	3
	4.	Program Increases  A. One-Time FY 1988 Costs 1) Increase of one civilian workday.  B. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (9) 1) Increase in travel for mission operations and training.	10
	5.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 (-1,127)  1) Material, supplies logistical -262 and non-technical collateral equipment and contractual support for submarine squadrons and group commander staffs.	-1,127
		2) Reduction in travel and MK48 -865 proficiency firings and recertification based on operational shipyears and training requirements.	

Activity	Group:	Command	& Staff		(Cont'd)		
	6.	FY 1988 Pr	esident's	Budget Request	:		\$21,203
		B. Stock 1) Non C. Indust	zation of Fund n-Fuel crial Fund	Fed. Empl Ret. Rates djustments		(3) (-4) -4 (186) (270)	455
		1) Inc	Program Gi rease base	rowth in FY 198 ed on deploymer training requir	nt	(662) 662	662
		<ol> <li>Red workda</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Red firing</li> <li>Mat submar</li> </ol>	me FY 1988 luction of lys. Program De luction in ls. cerial and	two civilian ecreases MK-48 proficie supplies for drons and group	ency	(-1) -1 (-271) -100	-272
	10.	FY 1989 Pr	esident's	Budget Request	ī		\$22,048



Activit	y Group:	Command & Staff		(cont	<u>'d)</u>	
111.	Perform	ance Criteria.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Α.	AUTEC/Com Nbr of MK	bat System Support				
		ency Firings	228	252	210	204
	Pre-CO MK	48 Firings	62	62	62	62
В.	TRIDENT P	roficiency Firings	110	102	138	138
С.	Per Diem	Days	73,030	69,618	69,618	80,238
D.	Nbr of Re (Thousa	quisitions nds)	490	508	522	522
E.	Submarine	Groups	4	4	4	4
F.	Submarine	Squadrons	4	4	4	4
G.	Ships & C	raft Assigned	48	47	47	49
IV.	Personne	1 Summary.				
	End Stre	ngth (E/S)	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
	A. <u>Mili</u>	tary	827	<u>868</u>	854	<u>865</u>
	Offi Enli	:	171 656	213 655	212 642	212 653
	B. Civi	<u>ltan</u>	12	11	11	11
	USDH		12	11	11	11

## Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05

Activity Group: Maintenance of Real Property

Budget Activity: I Strategic Forces

### I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>.

This program provides maintenance, repair and minor construction for all buildings, structures, grounds and utility systems at strategic submarine bases and the Naval Space Command to permit assigned forces and tenants to perform their missions.

The major elements of this program are:

- o Facilities Maintenance finances scheduled, day-to-day recurring maintenance, and emergency service work needed to preserve facilities.
- o Major Repairs provides major repairs necessary to bring existing facilities into adequate condition to support assigned missions.
- o Minor Construction finances the erection, installation or assembly of real property facilities; the addition, extension alteration, conversion or replacement of existing real property facilities; the relocation of real property facilities; and the installation of equipment which becomes part of a facility.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

### A. <u>Sub-Activity</u> Group Breakout.

		FY 1987			FY 1988 FY 1989		
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>	
Facilities Maint. Major Repair Proj. Minor Construct.	23,566 4,420 4,699	29,453 2,921 2,694	28,875 2,668 2,680	28,875 2,193 3,318	32,289 2,109 3,480	35,190 2,135 3,554	
Total Act. Group	32,685	35,068	34,223	34,386	37,878	40,879	

Activity Group: Maintenance of Real Property (Cont'd)

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$34,386
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board  B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel  C. Industrial Fund Rates  D. Annualization of FERS  E. Other Pricing Adjustments	8 (2) (6) -9 (-9) 1 67 1,150	\$1,217
3.	Program Increases  A. Other Program Increases in FY 1988  1) Increases in support of Trident Facilities at Kings Bay due to increase in facilities and personnel.  2) Increased physical security minor construction funds for projects such as fencing,	(4,340) (301)	6,695
	lighting and hardened magazines. 3) Realignment from Strategic Communications for maintenance of ELF facilities in Wisconsin and Michigan. 4) One extra day of civilian employment in FY 1988.	(2,049)	
4.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988  1) Savings associated with increased oversight of MRP contracts by the Naval Facilities Engineering Command. Increased oversight is expected to lead to a lower rate of change orders and an improvement in design thereby reducing the cost of MRP contracts.  2) Reduction in repair projects.	(-213) (-4,207)	-4,420
	_,gado.o ropa.r. projects.	( ,,,,,,	

\$37,878

5. FY 1988 President's Budget Request

Activity Group: Maintenance o	f Real Property	(cont'd)	
6. Pricing Adjustm A. Stock Fund 1) Fuel B. Industrial C. Annualizati D. Other Prici	Fund Rates on of FERS	4 (4) 1 10 1,232	\$1,247
<ol> <li>Increase TRIDENT fac Bay due to in facilities</li> <li>Increase decreasing</li> </ol>	am Increases in FY 1 in support of ilities at Kings increase in es and personnel. to apply toward the non-deferrable maintenance and	(808) (1,064)	1,872
8. Program Decreas A. Other Program 1) Savings increased o contracts b Facilities Increased o to lead to orders and design ther of MRP cont	es am Decreases in FY 1 associated with versight of MRP y the Naval Engineering Command. versight is expected a lower rate of chan an improvement in eby reducing the cos racts. days of civilian	(-107) i nge	-118
9. FY 1989 Preside	nt's Budget Request		\$40,879

Activity Group: <u>Maintenance of Ro</u>	eal Property	(cont	<u>d)</u>	
III. <u>Performance Criteria</u> .	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Maintenance of Real Property				
Backlog, Maint/Repair (\$000) Total Buildings (KSF)	2,775 5,982	2,740 7,375	2,678 8,140	3,121 8,580
IV. <u>Personnel Summary.</u>	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Strength (E/S)				
A. <u>Civilian</u>				
USDH	36	36	36	36

#### Department of the Navy Operation & Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-5

Activity Group: Base Operations Budget Activity: I Strategic Forces

I. Description of Operations Financed.

This program group provides the base support services and material required at strategic submarine bases and the Naval Space Command to permit assigned forces and tenants to perform their missions.

The major elements of this program are:

- o <u>Utility Operations</u> Includes operating expenses for purchased electricity, electricity generating plants, purchased steam and hot water, heat plants, utility distribution systems, waste systems, air conditioning and refrigeration plants.
- o <u>Personnel Operations</u> Support required for personnel related functions include expenses for:
  - Bachelor Housing Operations and Furnishings provides support for the operation of bachelor housing and the purchase and maintenance of personnel support equipment related to this housing.
  - Other Personnel Support provides for mess halls, sales activities, laundry and dry cleaning facilities.
  - <u>Morale, Welfare and Recreation</u> provides authorized appropriated fund support for shore based recreation activities.
  - Station Hospitals, Medical and Dental Clinics direct and indirect health care costs for Health Care Facilities not under the financial control of the Navy Medical Command.
  - Human Goals provides support for programs which focus on improving organizational and individual effectiveness and the administrative support of the Alcohol and Drug programs.
- o <u>Base Operations Mission</u> Support for those Base Operations functions which are required in direct support of the mission of the base. For example, Fleet Training Support, Logistics Support, etc. Expenses are included for the following functions:

Retail Supply Operations - In addition to standard supply functions, this item includes the procurement, receipt, storage and issue of bulk liquid fuel, including operating aircraft fuel servicing facilities. Additionally, waterfront operations such as handling incoming and outgoing cargo and loading/unloading ammunition onto and from combatant vessels are included.



### Activity Group: Base Operations (con't)

- <u>Maintenance of Installation Equipment</u> provides for maintenance of major shore based equipment including: service and miscellaneous craft, construction equipment (non-deployable), weapons, electronics, electronic engineering, and fleet moorings.
- Other Base Services provides for the maintenance and operation of vehicles/other transportation equipment, port services (includes navigational assistance to ships, operation of service craft, degaussing operations, and oil spillage cleanup).
- o <u>Base Operations Ownership</u> Support required at shore bases regardless of type of mission being performed which must be sustained to have a functioning base. Expenses are included for the following functions:
  - Other Engineering Support Public Works Department Administration, engineering services, custodial services, refuse/garbage collection and disposal, snow removal, rental and leasing of real property, and fire protection and firefighting for Naval activities and their tenants.
  - Administration provides support related to financial/resource management, civilian manpower management, and maintaining military personnel records.
  - Automated Data Processing provides analysis programming, equipment rental, operations and maintenance, contractual services and supplies.
  - Hazardous Waste Material Handling includes personnel, supplies and training associated with the identification and disposal of hazardous wastes.
  - <u>Audiovisual</u> provides supplies and services required for audiovisual support.
  - Physical Security provides shore base physical security.

Activity Group: Base Operations (cont'd)

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

## A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY 1987			FY 1988	FY 1989	
	FY 198 <u>6</u>	Budget Request	Appro priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Request	
Base Communications	3,150	4,253	4,165	3,967	5,790	5,241	
Utility Operations	14,398	20,153	18,916	17,615	22,625	24,809	
Personnel Ops	7,355	8,345	8,082	8,046	9,439	10,865	
Base Ops, mission	25,275	30,943	30,702	26,390	28,102	31,549	
Ownership Ops	35,062	37,908	36,801	38,068	43,057	45,864	
Total Act. Group	85,240	101,602	98,666	94.086	109.013	118.328	

Activity Group: <u>Base Operations</u> (Cont'd)

### B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

١.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$94,086
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board  B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel  C. Industrial Fund Rates  D. Annualization of FERS  E. Other Pricing Adjustments	478 (350) (128) -346 (216) (130) 21 985 2,356	3,494
3.	Functional Transfers  A. Transfers-Out  1) Intra-Appropriation  a) SLUC transfer to BA 9	-4 ( - 4 )	. 4
4.	Program Increases  A. Other Program Increases in FY 1988  1) Increases in support for Tri- dent Facilities at Kings Bay due to increase in facilities and personnel: Utilities (2,514), Personnel Ops (1,169), Base Ops Mission (1,054), Base Ops Ownership (1,772), Base Communications (727).	11,603 (7,236)	11,603
	<ol> <li>Costs for utilities, operation and other engineering support for new facilities coming on line during the fiscal year at SUBASE Bangor.</li> <li>Civilian Personnel - one</li> </ol>		
	additional paid day in FY 1988. 4) Increase for base operations support of multiple sites during the TRICCSMA LBEF relocation.	(58)	
	5) Realignment of project ELF base operations support for facilities in Wisconsin and Michigan from Strategic Communications.	(2,072)	

5. Program Decreases

A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 (66)

1) Reduction in energy use due to (166) energy conservation efforts.

6) Increased operations and utility costs associated with fully operational status at the Michigan ELF transmitting facility.

(1,044)

Activity	Group:	Base Operations	(cont'd)

6	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$109,013
7	A. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non Fuel B. Industrial Fund Rates C. Annualization of FERS	. 16 (77) ( 93) 19 112	2,892
	D. Other Pricing Adjustments	2,717	
8	A. Other Program Increases in FY 1989 1) Costs for utilities, operation and other engineering support for new facilities coming on line during the fiscal year at SUBASE	(7,531) 403	7,531
	Bangor.  2) Increase in support of TRIDENT facilities at Kings Bay due to increase in facilities and personnel; Utilities (1,540), Personnel Ops (955); Base Ops Mission (2,781) and Base Ops Ownership (792) and Base Communication (213).	6,281	
	<ol> <li>Increase for Bases and Stations</li> </ol>	336	
	Information System support. 4) Increase for base operations support at SUBASE Bangor to support crane certification, underwater inspections, other personnel support, MWR and hazardous waste.	511	
3	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989  1) Projected end strength and dollar savings resulting from scheduled Efficiency Reviews	(1,108)	1,108
	<ol><li>Reduction in energy use due</li></ol>	198	
	to energy conservation efforts  3. Civilian Personnel - two 'ess	170	
	paid days in FY 1989 4: Decrease in utilities, guard service and custodial due to 可ove of TRICCSMA BEE into new factify	132	
	(i) Realisgnment of crane operators and riggers to insident Refst Fact Sty Mission support	390	

Activity Group: Base Operations (Cont'd)

## III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>.

	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Operations of Utilities				
Total Energy				
Consumed (MBTU's)	2,648,349	2,932,782	3,192,545	3.277.551
Total Non Energy	-, -, -	_,,	_,	- • • • • • • •
Consumed (000 Gal)	1,076,819	1,281,415	1,409,556	1,480,034
Base Communications				
Number of Instruments	6,400	8,045	8,811	8.911
Number of Mainlines	3,240	4,390	4,990	5,040
Daily Average Msg Traffic	4,073	4,298	4,398	
Personnel Operations				
Bachelor Housing (\$000)	791	1,234	1,525	1,575
No. of Officer Quarters	88	88	132	132
No. of Enlisted Quarters	1,824	2,172	2,194	2,482
Other Pers Support (\$000)	2,798	3,432	4,314	5,376
Population Served, Total	55,366	58,976	63,211	64,404
(Military, E/S)	7,422	8,068	9,206	
(Civ/Dep, E/S)	47,944	50,908	54,005	
Morale, Welfare & Rec (\$00	00) 3,766	3,380	3,600	3,914
Population Served, Total	65,872	70,925	77,437	78,33 <b>4</b>
(Military, E/S)	7,309	7,866	8,899	9,500
(C1√/Dep. E/S)	58,563	63,059	68,538	68,834
Base Ops Mission				
Retail Supply Oper (\$000)	6,996	7,074	8,267	9,213
ine Items Carried	94	96	96	96
Recipts (000)	126	136	137	138
Issues (000)	140	165	167	168
Maint of Instal Equip (\$00	00) <b>99</b> 0	2,684	2,864	4,691
Other Base Services (\$000,	17,289	16,632	16,971	17,645
No of Motor Vehicles, 1	Tot 1,493	1,863	1,961	1,9/5
(Owned)	1.096	1,495	1,606	1,620
(- eased	397	368	355	355
Ownership Operations				
of ther Englishering sup (\$00		17,708		
Administration (\$000)	13,835	12,700	14,388	15,535
Number of Bases, Sota	4	.3	3	3
€0 <b>%</b> 0000	š	3	3	3
Opent perdic	()	0	0	0

Activity Group: <u>Base Operations</u> (Cont'd)

## IV. <u>Personnel Summary.</u>

End Strength (E/S)	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A. <u>Military</u>	617	<u>529</u>	<u>623</u>	662
Officer Enlisted	77 540	83 446	85 538	97 565
B. <u>Civilian</u>	<u>699</u>	822	<u>859</u>	830
USDH	699	822	859	830





SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY GROUP

FY 1986 FY 1989 FY 1989 FY 1988 FY 1989 FY 198		BK-BA-Pg
Personnel E/S OBM,N Personnel E/S OBM,N Mil Civ Funding	<u>o</u>	
Personnel E/S OBM,N Personnel E/S OBM,N Mil Civ Funding	FY 198	rsonnel E/S
Personnel E/S OBM'N Personnel E/S Mil Civ		
Personnel E/S O.M.N. Mil Civ Funding	FY 1988	l
FY 1987 Personnel E/S Will CIV		Personne
Personne		
	FY 1987	ايوا
Personnel E/S Officer		
Perso	FY 1986	nnel E/S Ogn
		Parso

TACAID/ASM Operations	44,319	331	1,768,044	45,856	340	1,601,846	46.270		1,496,615		340	1.529.764
Fleet Air Support	9 004	œ	353,415	11,124	12	331,660	11,547	12	293,487		12	305,144
Ship Apprations	192,589	0	2,111,095	199,940	0	1,990,132	203,051		1.783.442	209,453	0	1.871,468
SATO MAINTENANCE &	•		•				•		•			
Modernization	8,853	311	4, 803, 002	8,654	404	5,259,038	8,380			8.567	199	4,945,581
Combat Support Forces	12,197	186	106, 572	12,450	204	126,927	12,891	506	127,171	13,519	206	135,013
Flast Operations Support	4,455	99	166,909	5,087	6	168,731	5,378			5,577	109	229,747
Other Warfare Support	339	9	44,994	375	72	55,416	424			428	70	65,258
Floot Air Training	16,884	313	439,895	17,619	200	478,531	17,441			17,051	492	461,822
Fleet Ship Training	2,120	80	45,631	1,931	96	40,620	2,073			2,106	100	43,590
Uniffed Commands	809	213	24,006	884	274	41,601	897			899	272	30,753
Fleet Command & Staff	11,209	1,422	101,993	11,516	1,580	103,107	11,649			11,682	1.594	105,159
Cruise Missile	7.	236	12,591	72	243	102,799						116,833
toreign Currency	0	0	139,019	c	0		0			C	C	
4sintenance of Real										•	i	1
Property	488	2,317		548	2,377	487,345	557	2,389	484.171	570	2.451	392,487
Aase Operations	29,429 20,42	20,423		27,356	21,687	1,207,354	28,813	21,986	1.326,428	29.142	21,900	1.393,577
Coast Guart Support	C	٥		0	0	75,000		0	0	0	0	0
Pech. Oper, Burgets/C.O.	c	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
MACES CONTINE	ن	O	-439,800	С	0	-270,666	0	0	c	0	0	0
1000	ישט שנ ישנו נכנ	35.056		242 412	33 000	11 700	1000	76.00	767 101 11	000	, ,	

#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces (Summary)

#### I. Description of operations financed.

The Navy's mission in General Purpose Forces is to provide combat ready fleet forces capable of conducting strike operations to ensure control of the sea and air in the event of war. In FY 1988 this program includes 511 general purpose ships and increases to 529 in FY 1989. The average operating aircraft increase from 3533 in FY 1988 to 3566 in FY 1989. In addition this program funds a network of shore installations and commands. These forces, operating under the control of the unified and specified commanders, deploy to the Indian Ocean; northern, eastern, and western Pacific; north Atlantic; central and eastern Mediterranean; Caribbean and Central America regions.

The General Purpose Naval force is comprised of 511 units in FY 1988, including 14 aircraft carriers, 3 battleships, 197 surface combatants, 103 submarines, 62 amphibious force ships, 13 patrol and mine warfare ships, 58 mobile logistic and 61 support force ships. In FY 1989 the General Purpose Naval Forces is comprised of 529 units, including 14 aircraft carriers, 4 battleships, 203 surface combatants, 105 submarines, 65 amphibious force ships, 11 patrol boats and mine warfare ships, 61 mobile logistic and 66 support force ships.

During FY 1988, the ship operations program supports an increase of 13 new ships and one reactivation. Increases in the conventionally powered fleet include 2 TICONDEROGA class guided missile cruisers, 1 dock landing ship, 1 CV from SLEP, and 4 mine countermeasure ships. The nuclear powered fleet increases by 6 nuclear attack submarines of the 688 class. During FY 1989, the ship operations program supports an increase of 14 new ships and one reactivation. Increases in the conventionally powered fleet include 5 TICONDEROGA class guided missile cruisers, 1 PFRRY class guided missile trigates, 2 dock landing ships, 1 amphibious assault ship, 1 battle ship reactivation, and 2 mine countermeasure ships. The nuclear powered fleet increases by 3 nuclear attack submarines of the 688 class. The FY 1988 and FY 1989 operating tempo is level for non-deployed and deployed at 29 and 50 5 days per quarter, respectively

The General Purpose forces flying hour program provides 1,392 and 1,426 thousand hours, respectively, to allow combat aircrews (both Navy and Marine) to maintain proficiency to conduct operations at 87% Primary Mission Reactness PMR), including 2% simulations—PMR represents the flying hour, available takep the crews qualified to perform their primary mission in assigned aircraft—The program also includes thying hours for aircrew training in the Fleet Readiness squadrans (FR) and theet air support operations

The drop Maintenance and Modernication fraging represents a major expense of this budget activity and provides for regular overhapping a teration of non-scheduled repairs, intermediate majortenance, outlisting, bentfing and messing, and technical support for the mayar for exc. The \$4 6 cm line programed in Fr. 488 provides major overhapping or so that is adding after raft arriver, 8 submar on , it is accessed onbatant, and to other story to

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces (Summary) (cont'd)

restore the ships to established performance standards. The \$4.9 billion programmed in FY 1989 provides for major overhauls to 23 ships, including 5 submarines, 10 surface combatants, and 8 other ships. The trend of using fewer overhauls and more restricted and technical availabilities, which provides more frequent but shorter duration depot repair periods, is accelerated in the FY 1989 program. Also provided are voyage repair support to operating units; material required to perform prescribed intermediate level maintenance; modernization which includes design and installation of new equipments or systems to enhance capability or effectiveness of major combat systems, communications and other mission essential ship systems during overhaul and emphasizes upgrading defensive and offensive capabilities, combat systems, detection sonars and weapon systems to improve combat readiness; technical support to monitor ships for which overhauls cycles have been extended under the Engineered Operating Cycle (EOC) program and for upgrading of ships and ship equipments; associated costs for initial outfitting of ships' repair parts and equipment; and required berthing and messing for crews during major overhaul.

The Base Operations and Maintenance of Real Property programs provide support services and maintenance, repair, and minor construction for a world wide complex of shore installations required to support fleet operational units. These installations encompass air facilities, ranges, naval stations, and support installations such as island facilities at Diego Garcia, Indian Ocean Littoral, and NATO Infrastructure costs associated with the Navy's use of NATO facilities.

the balance of this budget activity pays the operations costs of special combat forces, mobile construction battalions, support of unified and operational commands, ship and aircraft support programs such as travel for elect personnel, undersea surveillance, and the cruise missile program.

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Buttor Activity: II - Seneral Purpose Forces (Sumary) (contid)

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... Firmacial Signary (Dollars in Thousands).

			FY 1987		FY 1985	FY 1989
4. Activity froup greakout	FY 1986	Budget Pequest	4ppro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Reguest
192417/484 Doorations	1,769,044		1,513,094			1 520 764
- lant Air Support	353,415	374,177	372,033	331,660	293 487	305 144
Ship Jourations	2,111,095		1 998 044	•	-	1 871 468
& appearable, ning	•					004 6 1 11 6 1
Modernization	1,903,002	•	5,199,172		₹	4 945 581
Combat Support Forces	106,572	125,591	124,071	126,927	127 171	135,013
clost Apprations Support	166,909		176,144			220,747
Ither Harfare Support	44,994		33,958			65 258
Floor dir Training	439,895		611,400			461,822
That Ship Insining	45,631		37,766			43,580
Spiritud toiling	24,005		29,325			30,253
sloot smaand & Staff	101,993		103,457			105,159
Cruise Missile	19,591		103,000			116,833
Foreign Currency	139,400		C			
Maintonance of Real	•		•	•	•	
Property	452,090	434,473	393,731		484 171	197 AB7
3450 Doryfings	1,132,158	1,230,241	1,192,950	1, 207, 354	1 326 428	1 393 577
Coast Quard Support	130,000	0	000		6226	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
TACH, Doorating	-				•	>
Budgets/f. O.	-211,315	0		C	C	c
AVOL2 Cradits	-439,800	-271,963	-271,963		· C	c C
17447	11,210,580	11,941,419	11,806,188	11,799,441	11,121,676	11,626,186

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## Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces (Summary) (cont'd)

В.	Schedule of thereases and becreases	
١.	FY 1987 President's Budget Request	\$11,941,418
2.	Congressional Adjustments	135,230
	A. Military Personnel Support	5,000
	B. Average Flying Hours	25,000
	C. Travel	- 695
	D. Morale, Welfare and Recreation	-7,742
	E. Fleet Training Flying	-45,000
	F. New Ship Deliveries	-1,500
	G. Base Operations Support	13,340
	H. Service Craft Maintenance	-1,234
	I. Exercise Airlift Support	- 449
	J. Ship Maintenance	-103,185
	K. Cruise Missile	- 5,000
	L. Relocatable ROTHR	. 100
	M. RPMA/Minor Construction	-15,000
	N. School Maintenance, Adak	800
	O. Contractor Advice/Assistance	- 2,785
	P. U. S. Coast Guard Reimbursement	90,000
		**************************************
3.	FY 1987 Appropriation	\$11,806,188
4.	FERS Supplemental	9,143
5.	Pay Transfer	-4,490
٦.	A. Classified	9,400
	B. Wage Board	1,786
	C. Foreign National Direct	5,399
	D. Less Pay Raise Absorbed	-1,075
	E. U.S. Coast Guard	- 15,000
	f. Defense Agencies	5,000
	1. Detelise Agencies	. 5,000
6.	Other Increases	208,199
υ.	A. Program Increases	(208,199)
	1) Increase in cost per flying	19,110
	hour based on actual FY 1986.	13,110
	2) Charter additional deep	4.700
	submergence ship.	4,700
	3) Processing for nuclear core	3,052
	delayed from FY 1986 program.	3,032
	4) Increase for repair parts	15,236
	support.	13,230
	5) Recommission or extend ships	2,900
	in the active force.	7,900
	6) Termination liability of over	12,800
	· ·	12,000
	seas banking contracts in Japan.	30.000
	7) USS TULLIBEE and related	30,000
	reactor disposal.	12 076
	8) Schedule acceleration for	12,975
	CGN 37 SRA.	

Budget /	Activity: <u>II - General Purpose Forces (Summa</u>	ary) (cont'd)	
	9) Increase to Berthing and	7,472	
	messing for additional service	7,472	
	craft overhaul and support for		
	phased maintenance planning.		
	10) Decrease non-deferrable	97,212	
	facilities maintenance and	37,212	
	repair backlog.		
	11) Base Operations.	2,742	
	Try base operations.	.,	
7.	Other Decreases		-219,599
	A. Program Decrease	(-219,599)	
	<ol> <li>Flying hour reduction.</li> </ol>	185,799	
	<ol><li>Adjustment based on</li></ol>	33,800	
	FY 1986 utilities execution.		
8.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$11,799,441
9.	Pricing Adjustments		- 283,204
	A. Stock Fund	(-498,369)	
	1) Fuel	342,495	
	2) Non-fuel	-155,874	
	B. Industrial Fund	(17,439)	
	C. FN Indirect	(24,425)	
	D. Other	(173,301)	
10.	Functional Program Transfers		10,166
	A. Expense/Investment Criteria	10,364	
	B. Acoustic Trials Program	7,963	
	C. Reserve IMA	3,000	
	D. Consolidation of JCM Project Office	-11,848	
	E. Federal lelephone System	2,471	
	F. Naval Hospital Keflavick	1,108	
	G. Other	- 682	
11	Program Increases		1,099,018
,,,	A. Program Increases in FY 1988	(1,099,018)	,,000,000
	1) TACAIR/ASW	378,526	
	2) Fleet Air Support	4,720	
	3) Ship Operations	85,332	
	4) Ship Maintenance and Modernization	433,178	
	5) Combat Support Forces	5,472	
	6) Fleet Operations Support	51,519	
	7) Other Warfare Support	9.833	
	8) Fleet Air Training	44,435	
	9) Fleet Ship Training	3,833	
	10) Unified Commands	683	
	11) Fleet Commands and Staffs	2,412	
	12) Cruise Missile	17,311	
		4.047	
	13) Maintenance of Real Property 14) Base Operations	51,717	
	INDEASE OPERATIONS	,,,,,,,	

## Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces (Summary) (cont'd)

badger werend, it denoted talpose torces County	ary) (cont. a)	
12. Program Decreases		-1,503,745
A. Program Decreases in FY 1988	(-1,503,745)	.,,
1) TACAIR/ASW	45,118	
2) Fleet Air Support	19,220	
3) Ship Operations	- 41,266	
4) Ship Maint. & Modernization	1,176,229	
5) Combat Support Forces	-1,954	
6) Fleet Operations Support	-7,549	
	•	
7) Other Warfare Support	-6,249	
8) Fleet Air Training	-64,942	
9) Fleet Ship Training	-1,773	
10) Unified Commands	-14,248	
11) Fleet Commands and Staffs	-2,697	
12) Cruise Missile	-4,369	
13) U. S. Coast Guard Support	~75,000	
14) Maintenance of Real Property	34,229	
15) Base Operations	-8,902	
13. FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$11,121,676
14. Pricing Adjustments		220,000
A. Stock Fund	(13,098)	
1) Fuel	110,072	
2) Non-Fuel	-96,974	
B. Industrial Fund	(81,855)	
C. FN Indirect	(7,326)	
D. Other	(117,721)	
U. Other	(117,721)	
15. Program Increases		1,462,305
A. Program Increases in FY 1989	(1,462,305)	
1) TACAIR/ASW Operations	73,466	
2) Fleet Air Support	10,275	
3) Ship Operations	70,834	
4) Ship Maintenance and Modernization		
5) Combat Support Forces	8,534	
6) Fleet Operations Support	31,104	
7) Other Warfare Support	4,129	
B) Fleet Air Training	65,484	
9) Fleet Ship Training	2,430	
10) Unified Commands	1,164	
11) Fleet Commands and Staffs	72	
12) Cruise Missile	9,568	
13) Maintenance of Real Property	2,341	
14) Base Operations	52,188	

## Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces (Summary) (cont'd)

16. Program Decreases		1,1/1,795
A. Program Decreases in FY 1989	( 1,177,795)	
1) TACALR/ASW	38,1/6	
2) Ship Operations	25,492	
<ol><li>Ship Maint. &amp; Modernization</li></ol>	937,620	
4) Combat Support Forces	1,537	
5) Fleet Operations Support	12,951	
6) Other Warfare Support	459	
/) Fleet Air Training	22,975	
8) Fleet Ship Training	4,181	
9) Unified Commands	156	
10) Fleet Commands and Staffs	3,974	
11) Cruise Missile	- 2,428	
12) Maintenance of Real Property	108,541	
13) Base Operations	19,305	

\$11,626,186

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: TACAIR/ASW

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

#### I. Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides funds for Navy/Marine Corps Tactical Air (TACAIR) and aviation Anti Submarine Warfare (ASW) forces at a level of readiness which will enable them to perform their primary mission as required in support of national objectives. Tactical squadrons conduct strike operations against a wide range of threats identified in the national strategy and provide long range and local protection against airborne and surface threats. Anti Submarine Warfare Squadrons locate, destroy and provide force protection against sub surface threats, and conduct maritime surveillance operations

Aviation Intermediate Maintenance Department's (AIMD's) this program funds the pay of civilian personnel and day to day operations at the AIMD.

Primary Mission Readiness (PMR). The peacetime goal for PMR is 68% (including simulators). The fY 1987 PMR is 84 percent, while the fx 466 and fY 1989 PMR levels are at 87%. The PMR levels in all years include a 2% simulator contribution. The Department has submitted an fx 1981 supplemental Budget Request for \$70 million. If the request is approved, the PMR evel of fY 1987 will also be 87%. Deployed crews and crews in workup receive 100% PMR, while non-deployed crews fly at reduced levels—funds requested of 100% the cost of petroleum, oil, and lubricants (PUL), organizations and intermediate (O&I) maintenance, squadron supplies, and Aviation Deput evel Repairables—The cost per operating hour for each type-model are rart is based on actual experience over the previous 18 morths.

#### II Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

A sub	Activity un		t Fv. 1987		· Y · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	454
	1986	Rudget Request	Appro	o university Formate	•	
And Carrier Control of the Aller of the Alle	्रास्ट्रिक्ट चर्			. 4 , tit . 4 . म		• .
(A)	439,800	. Jates	, 4t ·	, to to t		
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Activity Group: TACAIR/ASW (cont'd)

B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate (Excludes AVDIR Credits of \$270,666)	\$1,331,180
₹.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises (86)  1) Classified 14  2) Wage Board 72  B. Annualization of Fed. Fmpl. Ret. Sys. (285)  C. Stock Fund (-168,500)  1) Fuel -103,149  2) Non Fuel -65,351  D. Other Pricing Adjustments (156)	167,973
3.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases (25,969)  1) Aviation Intermediate Main- 473  tenance Department (AIMD). Increased administrative support and civilian salary work-year adjustment.	378,526
	2) Annualization of 14th Airwing. 25,496 Increase in flying hours reflects full year operations of 14th Airwing.	
	8. Other Increases (352,557) 1) FA-18 (Hornet). Increase of 74 43,849 crews and flying hours to support Navy and Marine Corps FA 18 transition from the A-7E and F-4	
	aircraft.  2) AV-8B (HARRIER). Increase of 22 9,913 crews and hours associated with transition from the A 4 to AV-8B aircraft.	
	3) EA 6B (PROWLER). Increase of 5,137 4 aircraft and flying hours to support training requirements for 6 additional crews.	
	4) Aviation Depot <u>Level</u> 270,666 Repairables (AVDLRs). Increase in AVDLR funding previously supported by Stock Fund Withdrawal Credits.	
	So kC 130 increase in hours  to support in flight refueling miss on and the requirement to train additional aircrews. The  Marines do not have a dedicated rR's for KC 130 crews. Initial training is provided by the Air Force, but follow on training is	

ordulited in the squadron.

36051/8		
Activity Group	: TACAIR/ASW (cont'd)	
	6) Aircrew Manning. Increase in and aircrews flying hours as squadron manning improves to 96.5 percent.	.321
		) <b>.4</b> 6 /
4.	A. Other Program Decreases (45 1) A-7E (CORSAIR). Decreased hours and 43 crews associated	45,18 9,118) 2,569
	with transition to Navy FA-18.  2) <u>F-4S (PHANTOM)</u> . Decreased 18 hours and 23 aircrews associated with Marine Corps transition to FA-18.	3,504
	3) A-4 (SKYHAWK). Decrease in flying hours and crews associated with transition to AV-8B.	3,045
5.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request	\$1,496,615
6.	B. Stock Fund (2 1) Fuel 37	2,141 (52) 2,265) 7,713 1,978 (72)
7.	A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases  1) KC-130. Additional flying hours to support Marine Corps aircrew training. The Marines do not have a dedicated FRS for KC-130 crews. Initial training is provided by the Air Force, but follow on training is conducted in the squadron.	73,466 ,706)
		,760) ),078

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	e FA ed (PROMITE) Therease	5,66%	
	Cupperty and remittant by require:	·	
	ment of add to ran fews		
	ram De reale.		38,176
<b>f</b> .	Other Program Decreases	38,176,	
	A /F (CORSAIR) Decreased	17,68	
	hours due to continued		
	Navy transition to FA 8		
	., F 4 (PHANTOM) Decreased	11,483	
	hours due to Marthe Corps		
	transition to FA 8		
	s. A 4 (SKYHAWK) Decreased	1.139	
	hours associated with		
	transit or to AV 88		
	4, lwo less elvi var workdays	50	
	5. Ower average cost per hour	1,823	
	resulting from a change in the		
	more of acroraft required for		
	aircrew training		
	•		

\$1,529,764



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	FY 1986			1+ 1987	
Average Operatory Associate House, 290 her Act \$ per Mr	i yang Hours 9 4,048 399	cost (\$000) ,694,449	Average Operating Aircraft 2,306	Flying Hours 975,585 101	1.592.766
	F v 1988			1 Y 1989	
Average Operatory Aircraft Hours 2,372 Fer A/C	Flying Hours 462,062 406	Cust ( <u>\$0</u> 00) 1,486,551	Average Operating <u>Aircraft</u> 2,410	Flying Hours 983,766 408	Cost (\$000) 1,519,3/1
\$ Per Hour		1,545			1.544

### Ly Personnel Summary

Eņo	1 Strength (E/S)	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Α.	Military	44,319	45,856	46,270	46,802
	Officer Inlisted	5,439 38,880	6,196 39,660	6,302 39,968	6,423 40,379
В.	Civilian	<u>331</u>	340	340	3 <u>4</u> 0
	USDH Fndh Fnth	725 78 28	250 62 28	250 <b>62</b> 28	250 62 28



# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group. <u>Fleet Air Support</u> Budget Activity: II General Purpose Forces

#### I Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides funds for those support functions necessary to achieve and maintain the required operational capabilities of fleet squadrons, as follows:

- o <u>flying Hours</u>. Provides flying hours for electronic warfare (EW) services, aggressor aircraft, ship and shorebased air logistic support, drug interdiction support and special test and evaluation support. Funds requested include the cost of petroleum, oil, and lubricants (POL); organizational and intermediate (O&I) maintenance, aviation depot repairables, and squadron supplies. The cost per operating hour for each type/model aircraft is based on actual experience over the previous 18 months.
- o <u>Air TAD</u>. Funds for Temporary Additional Duty requirements in support of operational missions of TACAIR/ASW and other support squadrons including transportation, per diem and miscellaneous expenses.
- o Other Aircraft Support. Includes costs not specifically identifiable to the Flying Hour Program. For example, Individual Material Readiness List (IMRL) Outfitting Funds are used to finance initial issues of Ground Support Equipment. These items are used by aviation activities to perform organizational and intermediate levels of aircraft maintenance. The activities' IMRL is a tailored allowance list which is updated annually to support modified equipment or the introduction of new or additional aircraft/systems. Also, the operation and maintenance of drones, transportion of squadron supplies/equipment during squadron rotations are included in this activity group.

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		1	FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- pri <u>ation</u>	Current Est <u>imate</u>	Budget Req <u>ues t</u>	Budget Request
Aircraft Ops Air TAD Other Aircraft Sup	228,178 61,927 63,310	249,048 39,671 85,458	248,600 39,590 83,848	219,810 40,611 71,239	180,283 41,188 72,016	186,871 42,997 75,276
Total Act. Group	353,415	374,177	372,038	331,660	293,487	305,144

## Activity Group: Fleet Air Support (cont'd)

### B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$331,660
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raise (2) 1) Classified 2  B. Annualization of Fed. Empl. Ret. Sys. (13)  C. Stock Fund (-22,029) 1) Fuel -13,089 2) Non-Fuel -8,940  D. Industrial Fund Rates (-3,464)  E. Other Pricing Adjustments (1,805)	23,673
3.	Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increasese (230) 1) Remotely Piloted Vehicle (RPV). 230 Operational costs for aviation detachment at Naval Air Training Center, Pax River required for aerial surveillance in support of the RPV Program. B. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (4,490) 1) Readiness Training Travel. 811 Increased TAD travel and transportation funds in support of aviation training deployments and essential operational travel required as a result of increasing force levels. 2) Initial Outfitting Requirements. 2,899 Initial outfitting for Inter- mediate Level Maintenance Activity for VFA-81 and VFA-83 transitioning from A-7E to FA-18 squadrons; A-4/F-4s to FA-18 squadrons and	4,720
	CH-53D to CH-53E squadrons.  3) Initial Material Readiness List. 471 Increase for Initial Material Readiness List (IMRL) support required to outfit new FA-18 (HORNE1), SH-60B (LAMPS MK III) and SH-60F (SEAHAWK) squadrons.  4) Carrier On-Board Delivery. 309 Increase provides for Carrier On-Board Delivery (COD) support required to ensure timely provisioning of spares/ repair parts, etc. to deployed squadrons.	





## Activity Group Fleet Air Support (cont d)

1) Contract Maintenance

	r, contract name		
	Reduction in contract main		
	tenance costs for the UC 12B,		
	1 340 and C1 39E/G		
	2) Aircraft Mix Reduction in	9,014	
	the cost of fleet support services	9,014	
	resulting from a change in the		
	mix of aircraft		
	3) Flying Hours. Reduction	9,153	
	in fleet air support flying		
	hours due to a decrease in		
	TACAIR/ASW support requirements		
	racatta as support requirements		
5	. FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$293,487
6	. Pricing Adjustments		1,380
	A. Annualization of FERS	(2)	
	B. Stock Fund	(798)	
	1) fuel	4.327	
	2) Non Fuel	5,125	
	C. Industrial Fund Rates	(331)	
	D. Other Pricing	(1,845)	
,	. Program Increases		10,211
	A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases	(1,265)	·
	1) Remotely Piloted Vehicle (RPV)	1,265	
	Program. Expansion of the RPV	,,205	
	Program from 2 to 6 units.	(0.012)	
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989	(9,012)	
	<ol> <li>Essential Training. Increase</li> </ol>	836	
	for essential training (weapons		
	dets and exercise participation)		
	and new squadron support: HS-1,		
	Sea Det 3 shorebasing, FA 18		
	squadrons, and HSL squadrons.		
	2) <u>Initial Outfitting</u> . Provides	3,336	
	for initial oufitting as squadrons	3,330	
	continue to transition from the F-4		
	and A 7E to the FA 18 and from the		
	A 4 to the AV 8B.		
	3) <u>Operational Travel.</u> Increase	741	
	in operational travel requirements		
	due to expanding force levels,		
	transitioning aircraft and enactment		
	of new entitlements.		
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### A tracta moup of eet Air support cont dy

4) contract Maintenance Increased 24) contract maintenance costs for the UC 19, UC 128 and C1 19 E/G 22 Increase of 7,000 hours 3,856 resulting from an increase in required support hours due to expanding IACAIR/ASM forces and operational commitments

R Fy 1989 President's Budget Request

\$305,144

#### 111 Performance Criteria

#### A Arrealt Operations

	FY 1986			EY 1987	
Average	6.1	Cost	Average Operating	flying	Cost
Operating Aircraft	Flying	(1000)	Aircraft	Hours	(\$000)
Hours 469	<u>Hours</u> 220,349	228,178	450	192,007	219,810
Per A/L	470	770,770	430	421	
\$ per Hr	****	1,035			1,145
	FY 1988			FY 1989	
Average	'		Average		
Operating	Flying	Cost	Operating	Flying	Cost
Aircraft	Hours	( <u>1</u> 000)	Aircraft	Hours	(\$000)
Hours 454	1//,630	180,283	461	185,228	186,871
Per A/C	391			402	
\$ Per Hour		1,015			1,009
		FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
B. TAD Per	Diem Days	2,560,4/6	1,774,124	1,877,902	1,943,228
	Flying Hour	5 13,479	13,481	13,646	13,646
D. Units Re	ceiving IMRI	304	326	330	334
F. Drones M	aintained	553	485	493	493
IV. Personnel	Summary.				
		FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Stre	ngth (E/S)		•		
A. Mili	lary	9_,994	11,124	11,54/	11,773
0110	( e r	1,280	1,511	1,541	1,575
Enli		8,/14	9,613	10,006	10,198
B. <u>Ci</u> vi	lian	8	1,2	12	12
USDH		8	12	12	12



Department of the Navy
Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group General Purpose Ship Operations Budget Activity II General Purpose Forces

I Description of Operations Financed

This program provides resources for operating tempo, organizational level repairs, training exercises and associated support required to continuously deploy fully combat ready ships in support of national objectives and to ensure control of the sea

The General Purpose Naval Force is comprised of 511 units in fY 1988, including 14 aircraft carriers, 3 battleships, 197 surface combatants, 103 submarines, 62 amphibious force ships, 13 patrol and mine warfare ships, 58 mobile logistic and 61 support force ships. In fY 1989 the General Purpose Naval forces is comprised of 529 units, including 14 aircraft carriers, 4 battleships, 203 surface combatants, 105 submarines, 65 amphibious force ships, 11 patrol boats and mine warfare ships, 61 mobile logistic and 66 support force ships. Funding provides fossil fuel, utilities, supplies and equipage (S&E), nuclear material consumption and nuclear core reprocessing and charter of lease back units, as follows:

<u>Ship's Fuel</u> includes ship propulsion fuel to operate the main engines of the conventionally powered ships, auxiliary diesel engines of nuclear vessels, auxiliary equipment and small boats.

Ship's Utilities - includes the cost of steam, electricity, water, sewage treatment and other utilities (excluding telephone and garbage removal) incurred by active fleet ships and certain centrally managed service craft while partially or totally "cold iron" in port.

<u>Supplies and Equipage (S&E)</u> - includes repair parts and other operating target costs:

Repair Parts (organizational maintenance) funding provides parts and repair related consumables required to accomplish organization level equipment maintenance. Organizational level maintenance is that corrective and preventive maintenance accomplished by the ship's crew. This is the lowest level of maintenance achievable, is cost effective in that ship's force perform the repairs, and is directly related to readiness of the operating units.

Other Operating Target (OPTAR) funding includes administrative and housekeeping items; and items having a limited life such as lubricants, boiler compound and bilge cleaner; equipage items, such as damage control pumps and blowers; labor savings devices such as power tools, office machines, duplicators; general purpose test equipment; Automated Data Processing (ADP); the cost of tugs, pilotage, and other related services provided by commercial or other non-naval forces; and the cost of material purchased for medical and dental purposes.

Activity Group: General Purpose Ship Operations (cont'd)

Leaseback (Charter) includes costs associated with leasing stores ships (TAFS) which provide dry cargo resupply for ships on station in operating areas, oilers (TAOs) which provide complete replenishment of petroleum products at sea, ocean tugs (TATFs) which operate as units of the Mobile logistic Salvage forces and take in tow Navy ships which have battle damage or are otherwise inoperable, and the ammunition ship (TAE) which provides rapid transfer of missiles and other munitions to ships alongside or with helicopters. Leaseback costs include maritime crew salaries, fuel, ship repairs, supplies and equipage, conversion as applicable, and administrative expenses. Other charter services include leased tanker support for forward deployed units, deep submergence support and lease of commercial tug support.

<u>Nuclear Material</u> funding provides reimbursement to U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) for consummed nuclear material and cost of reprocessing expended nuclear cores.

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro priation	Current Estimate	-	_
fuel	789,811	676,753	676.573	677,784	490.483	551,635
Utilities	165,929	213,752	212,807	179,021	183,555	191,987
Repair Parts	507,895	•	487.704	507,924	493,518	502,425
Other OPTAR	303,094	270,831	267,991	267,147	268,114	274,000
MSC Charter	316,458	307.899	307.899	310,134	293,402	302,124
Nuclear Fuel	27,908	45,070	45,070	48,122	54,370	49,297
Total, [AG]	2,111,095	2,002,786	1,998,044	1,990,132	1,783,442	1,871,468



Activity Group: General Purpose Ship Operations (cont'd)

В.	Reco	nc 1	liat	ion	of	Incr	eases	and	Decreases	

١.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$1,990,132
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock fund (222,426 1) fuel 189,836 2) Non fuel 32,59  B. Industrial fund Rates (-35,106 C. Other Pricing (5,73)	3 <sup>°</sup> 1 3)
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Iransfers In (1,04)  1) Inter Appropriation  a) Expense/Investment Criteria 1,04)  In response to a request from the Congress to review the adequacy of current expense/investment criteria, the Department conducted a study which supports increasing the thres hold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. This change in budget policy will alleviate budget execution problems associated with fluctuations in equipment unit prices and uneconomical lease versus buy decisions.	

## Program Increases

85,332

Α.	Annualization of FY 1987 Increases	(23,500)
	1) 13 new ship deliveries and	23,500
	4 reactivations (2 ARSs and 2 AFIs)	•
	for which a full ship year of support	
	is required in FY 1988.	
В.	One lime FY 1988 Costs	(770)
	1) One extra MSC per diem day in	`770
	FY 1988 due to leap year.	
С.	Other Program Growth in FY 1988	(61,062)
	1) DOE charges for fleet con	754
	sumption of fuel by nuclear	
	powered ships.	
	2) Increased DOE core cut up	3,810
	and reprocessing charges.	•
	3) Support for 13 new con	21,300
	struction ship deliveries	·
	and one reactivation during	
	FY 1988. Costs reflect	
	delivery phasing;	
	(6) SSN's (3.500)	

- (6) SSN's (3,500) (2) CG 47 Class (4,700)
- (1) CV (10,500) (1) LSD 41 Class (500) (4) MCM's (2,100)

#### 2689174

## Activity Group: General Purpose Ship Operations (cont'd)

4) Additional 369 MSC per diem	8,708
days for full year operation	
of IAOs delivered in FY 1987.	
5) Increased charter support	193
for non-per-diem MSC tugs,	
deep diving host ships, and	
exercise support.	
6) Additional 398 MSC per diem	9,671
days for delivery of two oilers	
(TAOs) during FY 1988.	
7) Spare parts support for new	16,626
sophisticated weapons systems	
such as AEGIS 15 Mark 7 and	
Submarine Advanced Launched	
System.	

5.	Pro	gram Decreases		41,266
	Α.	Annualization of FY 1987 Decreases	(-8,900)	
		<ol> <li>Phased retirement of four</li> </ol>	- 3,400	
		ships (2 SSNs and 2 ARs).		
		2) Transfer of four ships to	5,500	
		the Naval Reserve Forces (3		
		FFGs and 1 FF) .		
	В.	One-lime FY 1987 Costs	(-4,686)	
		1) Complete activation of	4,686	
		fleet oilers (TAOs) by Military	• • •	
		Sealift Command.		
	С.		(-27.680)	
		1) Reduced console support and	• •	
		and requirement for readi-	.,	
		ness tanker to support CVBG		
		operations.		
		2) Complete MSNAP test.	- 455	
		3) Transfer of six ships to the	-8.100	
		Naval Reserve force in FY 1988	-0,100	
		(1 FF, 4 FFG, and 1 MCM).	10 000	
		4) Inactivate five ships	- 18,000	
		during FY 1989 (1 CV for SLEP		

## 6. FY 1988 President's Budget Request \$1,783,442

and 4 SSNs).

7.	Pricing Adjustments	42,684
	A. Stock fund	(32,797)
	1) fuel	54,515
	2) Non Fuel	21,718
	B. Industrial Fund Rates	(4,129)
	C. Other Pricing	(5,758)

## Activity Group: General Purpose Ship Operations (cont d)

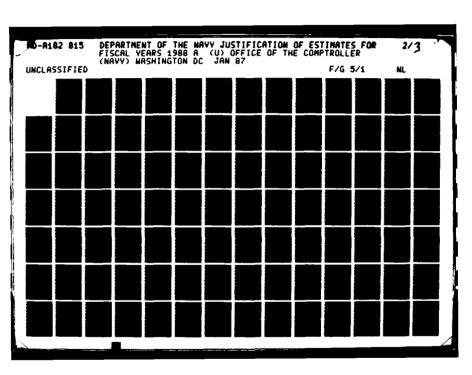
8.	Program Increases		70.834
0.	A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases	(25,600)	70.03 <b>4</b>
	1) 13 new ship deliveries and	25,600	
	one reactivation for which		
	a full ship year of support is		
	required in FY 1989.		
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989	(45,234)	
	1) Support for 14 new con	29,500	
	struction ship deliveries and		
	one reactivation during FY 1989.		
	Costs reflect delivery phasing;		
	(3) SSN's (1,100)		
	(5) CG 47 Class (11,600) (1) BB (8,400)		
	(1) FFG 7 Class (1,900)		
	(2) LSD 41 Class (3,000)		
	(1) LHD 1 Class (3,300)		
	(2) MCM's (200)		
	2) Additional 332 MSC per diem	8,234	
	days for full year operation	·	
	of TAOs delivered in FY 1988.		
	<ol><li>Increased charter support for</li></ol>	604	
	non per diem MSC tugs, deep diving		
	host ships, and exercise support.		
	4) Increased requirement for	969	
	readiness tanker support for		
	CVBG operations. 5) Additional 239 MSC per diem	5,927	
	days for delivery of two oilers	3,921	
	(TAO) during FY 1989.		
	(100) dui ing 11 1303.		
9.	Program Decreases		- 25,492
	A. Annualization of FY 1988 Decreases	(-14,700)	
	<ol> <li>Phased retirement of 5 ships</li> </ol>	10,600	
	(1 CV for SLEP and 4 SSNs).		
	2) Transfer of six ships to	-1,100	
	Naval Reserve Forces (1 ff, 4		
	FFGs and 1 MCM).	/ 770\	
	<ul><li>B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs</li><li>1) One extra per diem day</li></ul>	(-770) -770	
	in FY 1988 due to leap year.	-770	
	C. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-10,022)	
	1) Transfer of four MCMs to the	-2,600	
	Naval Reserve force.	.,	
	<ol><li>Inactivate one SSN during FY 1989.</li></ol>	- 500	
	3) Two fewer nuclear cores	-6,744	
	to be cut up and reprocessed		
	by Department of Energy.		
	4) Reduced nuclear core con	178	
	sumption for nuclear powered ships.		
10	EV 1000 Procident's Pudget Dequest		\$1,871,468
ı U .	FY 1989 President's Budget Request		₽1,0/1,400

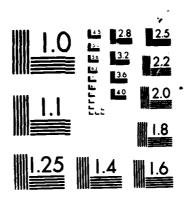
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COMMENTERING	1 to 1	35,18	A 6. 4	.⊹4 4
Nullear	. Ú .	109.0		1177 4
Barrels of Fosstl Fuel				
Required (000)	22,933	21,51	77.676	21,890
Underway Steaming Hours 1	.063.821	1.055,247	1.083.324	1.0.9.161
Conventional	784,397	/86,860	/96.177	194.103
Nuclear	2/9,430	268,387	287,147	284,458
Maintenance Manhours				
Required (000)	03,677	64,656	65,102	66,628
Maintenance Manhours				
funded (000)	50,037	51,043	50,693	54,208
Nuclear Cores returned to				
be reprocessed/cost (\$M)	5/20.4	11/39.8	11/45.0	9/39.8
Nuclear material consumption	7,491	8,326	9,371	9,512
submarines (\$000)	5,006	5,541	5,424	6,057
surface ships (\$000)	2,485	2,785	3,947	3,455
Per Diem Days Chartered:				
Active Fleet Support	8,235	9,123	9,914	10,459
Conversion/Overhaul	181	0	0	0, 133
Dage Submanage Survey		· ·	v	U
Deep Submergence Support (Charter Unit)/(\$000)	2/2,262	3/7,439	3/10,143	3/6,443
Tanker Support for CVBGs	•	·	•	
(Charter support) (\$000)	3,200	4,768	3,694	4,663
Amphibious/Consolo Support				•
Amphibious/Console Support (Charter) (\$000)	656	779	707	121
	0.10	113	101	/31
Ready Reserve Ship (MSNAP)				
(Charter) ( <b>\$</b> 000)	0	455	0	0

## A . . . . . . . . . . . uerieral Purpose Ship Operations (contid)

. •	<b>i.e</b> .:	r connel Summary.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1 <u>988</u>	FY 1989
	i (	d strength (F/S)				
	Λ	Military	182,589	199,940	203,051	209,453
		Officer inlisted	11,926 170,663	11,412 188,528	11,674 191,377	12,011 197,442
	B	Livilian	0	0	0	0





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#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization Budget Activity: II General Purpose Forces

#### 1. Description of Operations Financed.

This program funds depot and intermediate level maintenance and modernization, initial outfitting and associated technical support for the General Purpose Forces as follows:

Regular Overhaul is that maintenance performed by the shipyards on material requiring major overhaul, or complete rebuilding of parts, assemblies, subassemblies and end items and correction of all discrepancies found during pre-overhaul tests and inspections or developed from maintenance history analysis. The repairs restore the ship, including all operating subsystems which affect safety or current combat capability, to established performance standards.

Restricted and Technical Availabilities (RA/TA). A restricted availability (RAV) is for the accomplishment of specific items of work by a repair activity, normally with the ship present, during which period the ship is rendered incapable of fully performing its assigned mission and tasks due to the nature of the repair work. A technical availability (TAV) is for the accomplishment of specific items of work by a repair activity, normally without the ship present, during which period the ship's ability to fully perform its assigned mission and tasks is not affected by the nature of the repair work. RA/TA repairs include voyage repairs, selected restricted availabilities, phased maintenance availabilities, service craft overhauls, repairs during post shakedown of new units, interim drydockings, battery renewals and various other miscellaneous type repairs.

Ship Modernization. The fleet modernization program for General Purpose forces is designed to upgrade ships of the fleet to be mission capable in countering current and projected threats, improve capabilities, and comply with imposed requirements. Installation of improvements are programmed to coincide with equipment deliveries and ship availabilities. Funding includes cost of preliminary design, preparation of blueprints, installation of equipment and updating of ships records to reflect the installation. Alterations are authorized for a ship or ship type after it has been demonstrated that there is a need for the improvement and that the particular installation will accomplish that improvement.

The FY 1988 and FY 1989 program continues an emphasis on accomplishing alterations during non overhaul availabilities. In addition, the program continues to emphasize work being done outside of established availabilities.



### Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

Initial Outfitting. The general purpose forces outfitting account provides non aviation and follow on outfitting support for active ships, Navy owned equipment installed aboard Coast Guard ships, and other selected or unique outfitting programs as required. Support is provided for outfitting and allowance changes resulting from installation of new equipment, modification of equipment, special equipage programs, revision of allowance parts lists and allowance equipage lists, modification of allowance computation rules, and other approved allowance changes

The fY 1988 and fY 1989 program finances outfitting changes required as a result of the continuing modernization effort as well as changes resulting from the desire for more reliable combat ready equipment.

Berthing and Messing provides for operation and maintenance of 98 mobile berthing and messing facilities. Requirements for the craft are based on the need to accommodate shipboard personnel assigned to ships undergoing repair and alteration when ships are made uninhabitable due to shipwork. Any requirements which can not be met by use of the craft are fulfilled by the lease of berthing and messing facilities from commercial sources or government quarters. In addition, funding in this program finances overhaul, repair, and drydocking of afloat berthing and messing service craft.

Intermediate Level Maintenance is that fleet maintenance which is normally performed by Navy personnel on tenders, repair ships, aircraft carriers, and shore intermediate maintenance activities (SIMAs). The IMAs use either their specialized equipment and specialized skills to perform maintenance actions aboard a customer ship or use their own organic shop facilities to repair and maintain equipment on a ship-to-shop basis. IMAs are assigned to repair and test weight handling equipment, repair small boats, repair service craft, and overhaul small boat engines. IMA boiler repair capability includes manufacturing casting sections, bending and installing tubes, and installing refractory. All afloat IMAs are assigned divers who scrub sea growth from ships and perform repairs to the external underwater hull, propellers, and rudders. IMAs also provide such services as printing, photography, optical repairs, engraving, canvas work, strainer shield manufacture, and certain IMA designated preventive maintenance actions.

<u>Inactivation of Ships</u> provides for the inactivation and disposal of nuclear submarines and surface vessels according to established schedules. The program also supports temporary lay-up of submarines and surface ships. Costs of submarine inactivations include de-fueling, blanking of sea connections, removing hazardous materials and fluids, removing equipment and repair parts of immediate value to operating forces, and placing the ship in a safe condition until the final disposal method is determined.

Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

Maintenance Improvement Support includes the following:

Surface Ship Maintenance and Performance Monitoring System supports placing and maintaining various designated surface ship classes on engineered maintenance strategies, and for devising and implementing engineering, technical, and logistic support approaches to extend the ship operating cycle under these maintenance strategies to the maximum extent practical without degrading material readiness of the fleet. These maintenance strategies result in fewer ship overhauls or the elimination of ship overhauls in some cases.

<u>Surface Ship Engineered Operating Cycles</u> develop expanded depot capability for repair and overhaul of electronic equipment and modules installed on ships.

<u>Intermediate Maintenance Activity Upgrade</u> program provides required general engineering and analysis, modern industrial plant equipment, and collateral equipment necessary to ensure the installation of equipment.

<u>Submarine Ship System Performance Monitoring and Support (SSSPMS)</u> provides engineering/technical management and logistics support for nuclear attack submarines which have extended operational intervals between major overhaul.

Acoustic Trials of submarines following an overhaul or depot modernization period and at the midpoint of each ship's operating cycle. These trials provide the basic data from which the noise baseline characteristics of each ship may be obtained. In addition, noise related problems are identified and corrective action is taken.



Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

## A. Subactivity Breakout

		FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989	
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	Estimate	Request	Request
Snip Overhauls	$1,\overline{549,492}$	$1,\overline{577,765}$	1,510,536	1,595,444	1,247,107	637,854
Restr./Tech.					•	•
Avail	1,245,179	1,465,637	1,447,383	1,440,260	1,333,766	1,816,102
Ship : lodernization		1,416,308	1,356,212	1,413,328	1,254,603	1,560,837
Outfitting	305,272	367,187	365,409	365,361	326,647	394,996
Berthing/Messing	43,606	40,860	39,797	50,770	34,216	41,952
Intermediate	•	•	•	•	•	•
Maint.	250,179	235,652	385,516	250,950	240,544	249,386
Submarine EOC	29,500	42,495	41,088	40,523	35,136	35,670
Inactivation of	•	•	•	•	•	•
ships	0	0	0	45,523	86,782	129,769
Maint. Improve				•	-	•
Supt	56,235	55,538	53,241	56,879	80,113	79,015
Total	4,803,002*	5,252,442	5,199,172	5,259,038	4,638,914	4,945,581

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$211.3 million unobligated on 30 September 1986 but required by government estimate for completion of private repair contracts executed under Technical Operating Budget (TOB) procedures and for changes in scope of ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair for work indicated in FY 1985 in accordance with Congressional direction.

## Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases

١.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$5,259,038
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board 3) Foreign National Direct Hire  B. Annualization of FERS  C. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel  D. Industrial Fund Rates  E. Foreign National Indirect Hire  F. Other Pricing Adjustments	(931) 549 354 28 (154) (-27,992) -40 -27,952 (53,839) (415) (79,894)	107,241
3.	Functional Program Transfer  A. Iransfers In  1) Intra Appropriation  a) Transfer of the Acoustic Trials  program from Budget Activity 7.  2) Inter-Appropriation  a) Transfer from the Reserve IMA  upgrade program to O&M,N to  properly align Active/Reserve  funding support at IMA Staten Island.  b) In response to a request from  the Congress to review the adequacy  of current expense/investment criteria,  the Department conducted a study  which supports increasing the thres-  hold from \$5,000 to \$25,000. This  change in budget policy will  alleviate budget execution problems  associated with fluctuations in  equipment unit prices and uneconomical  lease versus buy decisions.	(7,963) 7,963 (7,723) 3,000	15,686
4.	Program Increases  A. Other Program Growth in FY 1988  1) Overhaul Schedule Changes  a) Support Ships (AD) +1  b) Submarine lenders (AS) +1  c) Carriers (CV) +1  d) Cruisers (CGN) +1  e) Frigates (FF) +1  f) Amphibious Landing (ISD) +1	(262,616) 17,265 23,189 85,435 91,136 24,441 21,150	433,178

## Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

2)	RA/TA Schedule Changes	(58,648)
	a) Increase for BB Selected Restricted	17,511
	Availability.	•
	b) Increase for other SRA mix changes.	24,377
	c) Increase for Service Craft overhauls.	6,326
	d) Increase of 12 Phased Maintenance	7,896
	Availabilities from 51 to 63 in FY 1988.	•
	e) Increased scope of effort for	2,538
	Interim Drydocking.	_,
3)	Increase in System and Equipment	(5,151)
-,	Maintenance Monitoring for surface	(0)
	ships including performance assess-	
	ments and maintenance planning.	
	Extension of overhaul cycles	
	requires an expanded program of	
	maintenance tracking to insure safe	
	and reliable operation of ships	
	between overhauls.	
4)	Increase for one additional submarine	(20,142)
	inactivation and two additional	
	reactor disposals.	
5)	Fleet Modernization Program	(71,137)
	a) One additional SSN Special Hull	7,500
	Hull Treatment (SHI) installation	
	during PSA.	
	b) Introduction of aircraft carrier	5,000
	Nuclear Retention Initiatives.	
	c) Increase in size of USS SARATOGA's	21,011
	FY 1988 COH compared to USS AMERICA's	
	FY 1987 COH. SARATOGA receives ex-	
	tensive modernization to weapons	
	elevator #7 and a third NATO Sea	
	Sparrow Missile System.	
	d) More complex AFS 1 class FY 1988	33,461
	PMAs include major SHIPALTs such as:	
	Navy Standard MK 4 Hauling Winch,	
	Navy Standard Highline Winch L/A,	
	and A/C System Upgrade.	
	e) Start of WLQ 4 (V) installations	4,165
	on SSN 637 class.	
6)	Increase for new start equipments	(15,484)
	for outfitting major equipment spares.	

5.

## Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

Program Decreases	-1,176,229				
A. Other Program Decreases					
1) Overhaul Schedule Changes	(-364,846)				
a) Carriers (CV) -1	-121,712				
b) Submarine (SSN) -1	-94,174				
c) Destroyers (DD) -1	-19,589				
d) Frigates (FFG) -1	-26,717				
e) Amphibious Transport -1	-24,253				
f) Minesweeper (MSO) -1	-1,806				
g) Support Ships (AOE) -1	-50,609				
h) Salvage/Rescue (ATS/ASR) -2	25,986				
<ol><li>Overhaul scope changes due to</li></ol>	(-177,140)				
competitive bid process.					
<ol><li>RA/TA Schedule Changes</li></ol>	(-175,965)				
a) Submarine Battery Renewals	- 3,553				
decrease from 21 to 14.					
b) Reduced requirement for Deep	- 2,434				
Submergence Vehicle repair.					
c) Decrease in Voyage Repairs.	-50,019				
d) Completion of BB-63 and CVN-71	-17,268				
Post Shakedown Availabilities.					
e) Decrease in CV/CVN SRAs	-85,050				
from 7 to 5.					
f) Decreased requirement for	-17,641				
miscellaneous RAVs.					
<ol> <li>Berthing and messing decrease</li> </ol>	(-11,205)				
resulting from reduced service					
crafts overhaul efforts and fewer					
crew requiring support.					
<ol><li>Reduction in Submarine Ship</li></ol>	(-6,565)				
Systems Performance Monitoring/					
Support including completion of					
implementation costs associated					
with long-lead material support					
programs and upgrade of SFOC					
support facilities.					
<ol><li>becrease in Outfitting requirement</li></ol>	ts (-48,554)				
for AN/SPS-49 Radar Upgrade, CIWS					
ACIM Backfit, NATO SEASPARROW ACI	M,				
Emergency Escape Breathing Device					
and P-250 Fire Pumps and other					
systems.					
7) Fleet Modernization Program	(-325,159)				
a) Five fewer surface combat non-	70,706				
overhaul availabilities.					
b) One less SSN overhaul along	75,996				
with a general down scoping of					
overhaul packages.					



8)

9)

## Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

c) Decrease in Design Services Allocation.	-47,433
d) Decrease in SNAP I and SNAP II as both programs near completion.	-9,510
e) Decrease in Nuclear Alterations requirements reflecting fewer	- 24,284
nuclear submarine availabilities.	30.000
f) Decrease in surface combatant Ordnance Alterations.	-13,865
g) Decrease in Submarine Extended Operating Cycle (SEOC) Modernization.	-11,492
h) Decrease in Service Craft	-6,690
alterations. i) Decrease in Machinery Alterations.	-4,003
j) Decrease in Swimmer Delivery Vehicle alterations.	-2,453
k) Decrease in amphibious overhauls	-10,174
as less complex ships are overhauled and the USS BELLEAU WOOD (LHA 3)	
FY 1988 COH is significantly smaller than the USS TARAWA FY 1987 COH.	
1) Change in mix of surface combatant	-18,942
overhauls, one less SPRUANCE class destroyer overhaul plus one additional	
FF 1040 class frigate overhaul. m) Reduction in FLTSATCOM (UHF DAMA)	- 2,928
installations. n) Reduction in Coast Guard Support	- 3,198
separate funding as number of WHECs	- 5,130
being modernized decreases by one. o) Decrease in OLIVER HAZARD PERRY	-11,198
class (FFG 7) and SPRUANCE class (DD 963) separate funding	
installations.	2.044
p) Decrease in Amphibious and Combat Logistic surface ship	-2,044
survivability efforts. q) Decrease in COMSEC upgrade	- 18,942
KG-84/KW-46 program.	·
r) Two less Combat Logistic Force (CLF) regular overhauls.	-3,518
s) One less SSN SRA coupled with a reduction in size of SRA packages.	4,494
Reduction of 45 manyears of effort	(-4,111)
in Intermediate Maintenance contract support.	
Reduction in advance funding for CV and SSN overhauls due to reduced	(-62,684)
number of FY 1989 availabilities.	

# Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

6.	FY 1988	President's Budget Request		\$4,638,914
7.	A. Civ 1) B. Ann C. Sto 1) 2) D. Ind E. FN	Adjustments ilian Personnel Compensation U.S. Direct Hire ualization of FERS ck Fund Fuel Non-Fuel ustrial Fund Rates Indirect er Pricing Adjustments	(2) +2 (262) (-17,907) 10 -17,917 (68,841) (428) (61,945)	113,571
8.	A. Oth 1)	a) Support Ships (AD) +2 b) Repair Ships (ARL) +1 c) Destroyers (DDG) +1 d) Amphibious Transport (LPD) +2 e) Minesweeper (MSO) +2 RA/TA Schedule Changes a) Submarine Battery Renewals increase from 14 to 15. b) Increase in number of CV/CVN SRAs from 5 to 8 in FY 1989. c) Increase of nine other SRAs and DMPs from 90 to 99 in FY 1989 and change in mix. d) Increase of 16 Phased Maintenance Availabilities from 63 to 79 in FY 1989. e) Increased Voyage Repairs f) Increase in miscellaneous RAV requirements.	(83,496) 35,600 9,681 15,679 18,521 4,015 (461,084) 67/ 105,777 186,397 140,546 12,185 15,512 (464,064) 36,705 138,450 45,270 33,383	1,130,716

# Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

e) Increase in Design Service	21,414
Allocation requirements due to larger	
size of FY 1989 modernization program.	
f) Increase in aircraft carrier	65,866
Magazine Protection Backfit	
installations.	0.060
g) Additional surface ship Machinery	2,969
Alteration installations.	
h) Increased Nuclear Alteration	53,499
requirements reflecting additional	
submarines in overhaul and DMP.	
i) Navstar Global Positioning System	2,094
(GPS) installations commence.	
j) Increased aircraft carrier Nuclear	4,845
Retention Initiative requirement	
reflecting three additional nuclear	
carrier SRAs.	
k) Surface Ship Survivability	37,734
requirements increase.	
1) Submarine Steam Plant Safety	4,531
Improvements requirements increase.	
m) Surface Combatant Ordnance	7,400
Alteration requirements increase due	
to New Threat Upgrade (NTU) enhancements.	
n) Additional Service Craft installations	4,661
o) Increase in Submarine Extended	5,243
Operating Cycle (SEOC) Modernization	•
program.	
Increase in berthing and messing	(6,589)
service craft overhauls and main-	
tenance.	
Two additional submarines scheduled	
for inactivation in FY 1989	(43,416)
Intermediate maintenance workload	•
increases.	(13,879)
Increase in Outfitting account	(58,188)
for major equipments and equipage	<b>,</b> = . <b>,</b> . <b> ,</b>
programs.	
t to the transfer of the tran	

### 9. Program Decreases

4)

5)

6)

7)

937,620

Other Program Decreases in FY 19	989	
1) Overhaul Schedule Changes		(-668,032)
a) Submarine Tender (AS)	]	-23,908
b) Rescue Ship (ASR)	-1	-18,488
c) Carriers (CV)	-1	-88,083
d) Cruisers (CG)	-1	- 26,962
e) Cruisers (CGN)	-1	93,961
f) Frigates (FF)	-4	-68,552
g) Amphibious Assault (LHA)	1	35,393

# Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

	h) Amphibious Assault (LPH) -1	-28,979
	i) Landing Ship (LSD) -1	-21,806
	j) Submarine (SSN) -3	- 261,900
2)	Overhaul scope changes due to	(-124,905)
	competitive bid process.	
3)	RA/TA Schedule Changes	(-13,068)
	a) Decrease of one interim	2,405
	drydocking.	
	b) Decrease in Service Craft	-10,663
	Overhauls.	
4)	Fleet Modernization Program	(-128,134)
	a) One less aircraft carrier	- 86,920
	overhaul.	
	b) Three less SSN regular	- 33,515
	overhauls.	
	c) Two less submarine support ship	-7,699
	overhauls.	
5)	Reduction of the planning phase	(-1,476)
	of SEOC support facilities up-	
٠,	grade.	( 1 010)
6)		(-1,310)
٦,	jects are completed.	/ (05)
7)		(-695)
	FY 1989	

# 10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

\$4,945,581



Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

#### III. Performance Criteria

A. <u>Ship Overhauls</u>: The following table depicts the regular overhaul program profile for fiscal years 1986, 1987, 1988, and 1989. Although the overhaul is costed for the full term including advance preparation, only the portion applicable to the fiscal year appropriation appears with the ship in the induction year. Advance preparation costs are reflected in the appropriate O&MN expense fiscal year. At congressional direction, the budget request reflects funding for incidental material for public starts and funding to completion of all public and private overhauls in the induction year.

	FY 1986		FY	1987	FY 1988		FY 1989	
Ship Type	# Shi	ps <b>\$M</b>	# Shi	ps \$M	# Sh1	ps \$M	# Ship	s \$M
Carriers	1	169.6	1	116.8	1	77.4	0	0
Submarines (Nuclean	r) 9	818.4	9	787.6	8	643.4	5	329.5
Cruiser/Destroyer/								
Frigate	9	277.5	15	350.1	15	333.9	10	148.6
Amphibious	6	167.4	3	98.8	3	75.8	2	16.9
Auxiliary/Support	5	42.9	5	89.3	3	54.0	6	50.5
Total Inductions	30	1,475.8	33	1,442.6	30	1,184.5	23	545.5
Advance Funding		38.7		120.6		42.5		69.8
AERP/PERA *		35.0		32.2		20.1		22.6
Total Program		1,549.5**	+	1,595.4		1,247.1		637.9

<sup>\*</sup>Advance Equipment Repair Program/ Planning, Engineering Repair and Alteration represents preoverhaul effort/repairs accomplished outside the shipyard facilities and directly funded by the customer.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes \$76.2 million unobligated from completion of work begun in fY 1986.

B. <u>Restricted and Technical Availability</u> The resources required for voyage repairs are based on historical experience for each ship type and number of ships. Resources for planned availabilities are based on the number of scheduled availabilities in each category. A summary of voyage repairs and planned availabilities follows:

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Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

	FY 1	1986	FY	1987	F <u>Y</u> 1	988	FY 1	989
Type of Repair	# Ships	\$_M_	# Ships	\$M	# Ships	<u>\$M</u>	# Ships	\$M
Voyage (ship yrs)	472.3	3 334.6	475.8	310.2	481.5	267.0	486.8	287.4
Battery Renewals	20	8.5	21	8.7	14	5.3	15	6.1
Interim Drydocking	5	5.1	3	2.5	3	5.1	2	2.8
Selected Rest. Ava	11. 97	520.7	98	642.2	96	613.1	108*	906.2
Phased Maint. Avai	1. 31	211.0	51	302.5	63	317.0	79	467.4
Service Craft and	Boats	27.3		16.4		23.1		13.2
Post Shakedown Ava	11. 8	1.6	10	19.0	12	3.0	14	4.4
Deep Submergence V	essels	7.0		9.8		7.6		7.9
Habitability		26.6		30.1		29.9		27.5
Miscellaneous RAVs		102.8		98.8		62./		93.2
Total		1,245.2*	r. <b>*</b>	1,440.2	1	,333.8		1,816.1

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Submarine Depot Modernization Periods.

### C. <u>Fleet Modernization Program (\$M)</u>

				FY 198	6			
	IMPOSEO REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>			AB P <u>ers</u>	PROGRAM SUPPORT	TOTAL <b>\$</b>
CARRIERS	8.4	77.9	18.1	25.7	20.9	15.8	65.0	231.8
SUBMARINES	0.0	82.6	1.6	129.8	8.0	0.0	32.9	254.9
SUB SUPPORT SHIPS	2.0	4.5	1.9	2.5	1.0	1.9	3.6	1/.4
CRUDES-MINE WARFARE	15.9	130.8	42.9	67.1	18.1	8.3	83.6	366.7
SERVICE SHIPS	3.3	4.0	4.4	10.3	6.5	1.1	12.1	48.3
AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS	2.6	32.7	16.7	18.9	20.5	5.7	35.9	133.0
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.3	216.2	26.1	4.8	6.9	1.0	13.3	268.6
NET ADVANCE FUNDING	à							1.8
T01AL	32.5	549.5	111.7	259.1	81.9	40.4	246.6	1,323.5*

<sup>\*</sup>Includes \$90.1 million unobligated for completion of work begun in FY 1986.



<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes \$36.9 million unobligated for completion of work begun in FY 1986.

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Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

111.	Perf	ormance	Criteria	(cont'd)

	IMPOSED REQMIS.	MISSION	_ C3		SAFL H	AB P <u>ers</u>	PROGRAM SUPPORT	
CARRLERS	6.1	54.4	21.7	28.4	19.4	15.6	49.8	195.4
SUBMARINES	0.0	96.0	5.4	108.7	10.0	0.0	35.4	255.5
SUB SUPPORT SHIPS	0.2	0.8	1.5	2.6	1.0	0.1	1.8	8.0
CRUDES-MINE WARFAR	E 11.5	204.7	68.9	70.9	32.9	5.7	90.5	485.1
SERVICE SHIPS	2.4	10.9	4.3	12.5	3.9	4.5	24.1	62.6
AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS	1.3	19.8	10.4	9.6	18.7	4.3	24.1	88.2
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.1	252.5	26.6	4.6	30.3	0.7	15.4	330.2
NET ADVANCE PLANNI	NG							- 12.0
TOTAL	21.6	639.1	138.8	237.4	116.3	30.9	241.2	1,413.3
	IMPOSED REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>		AFE H	AB PERS	PROGRAM Support	TOTAL \$
CARRIERS	4.0	77.3	12.6	17.4	38.3	17.3	48.9	215.8
SUBMARINES	0.0	66.1	3.3	70.4	6.3	0.0	14.2	160.3
SUB SUPPORT SHIPS	2.4	3.8	1.8	2.5	0.9	0.1	1.3	12.8

-	MPUSED REQMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>			L PERS	SUPPORT	S.
CARRIERS	4.0	77.3	12.6	17.4	38.3	17.3	48.9	215.8
SUBMARINES	0.0	66.1	3.3	70.4	6.3	0.0	14.2	160.3
SUB SUPPORT SHIPS	2.4	3.8	1.8	2.5	0.9	0.1	1.3	12.8
CRUDES-MINE WARFARE	22.2	135.0	48.5	78.2	33.7	8.2	77.9	403.7
SERVICE SHIPS	4.2	16.9	5.4	15.9	8.4	11.0	25.6	87.4
AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS	5.7	25.4	11.4	13.8	15.9	7.6	20.2	100.0
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	198.5	7.7	3.5	33.1	0.3	11.8	254.9
NET ADVANCE PLANNING	i							19.7
TOTAL	38.5	523.0	90.7	201.7	136.6	44.5	199.9	1,254.6

Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

# 111. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

	IMPOSED REOMTS.	MISSION	<u>C3</u>		SAFE H	AB P <u>ers</u>	PROGRAM SUPPORT	
CARRIERS	0.8	45.5	13.6	14.1	34.1	12.2	52.3	172.6
SUBMARINES	0.0	93.2	5.7	150.0	5.7	0.0	25.0	279.6
SUB SUPPORT SHIPS	1.7	3.0	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.6
CRUDES MINE WARFAR	25.7	164.4	57.4	59.1	52.5	3.4	92.5	455.0
SERVICE SHIPS	3.5	10.6	6.6	12.3	14.8	0.6	19.9	68.3
AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS	4.6	32.9	6.8	13.6	13.2	18.0	31.8	120.9
FLOATING DRYDOCKS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SEPARATE FUNDING	0.0	283.0	7.7	4.1	147.6	0.4	12.3	455.1
NET ADVANCE PLANNI	IG							2.7
TOTAL	36.3	632.6	97.9	254.4	267.9	34.6	234.4	,560.8

# D. Outfitting (\$000)

		FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
1. 2.	Major Equipment Spares Misc. Equipment Outfitting	86,835 52,768	91,553	107,287	147,188
3.	Special Programs	74,443	82,060 85,463	73,111 64,646	83,048 64,744
4. 5.	Equipage Programs Between Overhaul Changes	65,152 23,265	72,881 25,545	44,583 28,358	62,451 28,912
6.	Subtotal Integrated Logistics Overhaul	302,463 2,809	357,502 7,859	317,985 8,662	386,343 8,653
٠.	Total	305,272	365,361	326,647	394,996

Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

E. Berthing and Messing	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Total # of crewmen requiring berthing and messing	40,575	43,651	37,418	38,915
Total # of ships supported	125	127	139	145

F. Intermediate Maintenance provides for repair parts and materials for intermediate level support of the active forces including self-support for the tenders. The cost associated with the intermediate maintenance effort is identified to productive manhours in the repair departments and a cost per material year. The commercial industrial (CIS) program identifies the workyears of effort purchased and the total cost.

	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Repair Department Support Productive Manyears Total material costs (\$000)	7,933 182,094	8,528 197,327	8,679 189,571	8,729 183,801
Contract Support Manyears Total Costs (\$000)	522 43,211	286 24,664	241 21,416	378 35,426
SIMA Admin costs (\$000)	24,875	28,959	29,557	30,159
G. <u>Inactivation of Ships (\$000)</u>				
	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Submarine Inactivation (# of Advance Plan Efforts) (# of Inactivations) (# of Reactor Disposals)	*	30,000 (1) (1)	50,802 (6) (2) (3)	93,509 (5) (4) (3)

<sup>\*</sup> This program formerly in Budget Activity 7.

Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

### H. Engineering Support

SSN Performance Monitoring and Support Program.: Permits placing submarines on an extended operating cycle without endangering safety of operations. The measure of achievement is the number of ships supported and the ability to place additional ships on the program as they fit the criteria. The following projects the number of submarines on performance monitoring in each fiscal year and provides a summary of the effort being planned:

Number of Submarines	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1 <u>988</u>	FY 1 <u>989</u>
Engineering, Technical and Management Support *	775	8/2	921	877
Maintenance Planning*	775	872	921	877
Ship Subsystem Performance Data and Performance Assessment**	670	726	796	786
174 Month SEOC planning (\$000)	2,714	10,159	6,463	5,663



<sup>\*\*</sup> Workload indicators are SSN SEOC operating months supported.



Activity Group: Ship Maintenance and Modernization (cont'd)

### III. Performance Criteria (cont'd)

Surface Ship Maintenance and Performance Monitoring System (SMMPMS). This program supports placing and maintaining various designated surface ship classes on engineered maintenance strategies, and devising and implementing engineering, technical, and logistic support approaches to extend the ship operating cycle under these maintenance strategies to the maximum extent practical without degrading material readiness. These maintenance strategies result in fewer overhauls or the elimination of overhauls and an increase in ship operational time. The three maintenance strategies are Engineered Operating Cycle (extended regular overhaul intervals with condition directed maintenance), the Phased Maintenance Program (elimination of regular overhaul with condition-directed maintenance and use of Port Engineers), and IO-MIX progressive overhaul (elimination of regular overhaul with time directed maintenance).

Main	tenanc	0	FY 1986	FY 1 <u>9</u> 87	F <u>Y</u> 1988	<u>FY</u> 1989
		ement Prog. (ship classes)	10	4	11	15
		Maint. Monitoring	2	3	3	4
		:lasses)				
		Operating Cycle	12	12	12	12
		(Shared Maint				
		'Phased Maint. n (ship classes)	18	15	23	25
		gressive Overhaul	10	13	23	2.3
	of sh		47	54	56	57
IV.	Perso	onnel Summary	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
	End	Strength E/S				
	_					
	Α.	Military	8,8 <u>53</u>	8,654	8,380	<u>8,</u> 56 <u>7</u>
		Officer	178	202	205	213
		Enlisted	8,675	8,452	8,1/5	8,354
	В.	Civilian	<u>311</u>	404	563	561
	٠.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	200	7.2.1.
		USDH	236	318	477	475
		FNDH	75	86	86	86

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Combat Support Forces

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

### I. Description of Operations Financed.

The operations of Navy Mobile Construction Battalions (NMCB's) and Special Combat Support Forces, together with repair of combatant craft, are financed in this program.

<u>NMCB's</u> - Funding requested provides for training, operational support, and camp maintenance for nine construction battalions, two construction regiments, two underwater construction teams, two fleet battalion commanders, and two civic action teams. Travel is necessary to carry out NMCB deployment schedules and construction taskings and is usually arranged via Military Air Command (MAC) special aircraft charter.

Special Combat Support - Funding requested provides for trained special combat forces to deploy either aboard ship or to a forward base to conduct special or unconventional warfare operations. Working jointly or independently, the three special warfare component commands (Seal Team, Underwater Demolition Team, and Special Boat Squadron), Explosive Ordnance Disposal Groups, an airborne mine countermeasure squadron, and the Naval Beach Group component commands (Beach Master Unit, Mobile Technical Unit, Amphibious Construction Battalion, Assault Craft Unit, and Naval Cargo Handling Battalion), and Landing Craft Air Cushion (LCAC) units provide a wide range of capabilities. Expenses include civilian personnel salaries, repair parts, equipage, equipment maintenance, travel and transportation, communications, medical/dental material, fuel, contract services, facilities maintenance, and ADP support.

<u>Craft Repair</u> - funds requested finance repairs to combatant craft consisting of various landing, mine countermeasure, Seal Team support craft, and other craft. Repairs include organizational, intermediate, and depot level maintenance. As a general policy, craft maintenance is performed at the lowest level of maintenance practical in order to provide maximum availability of craft.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987			FY 1989
		Budget	Appro	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	<u>Request</u>	priation	Estimate	Request	Request
Const. Battalions	38,502	48,258	47,944	45,203	41,147	41,254
Spec. Com Support	56,980	65,693	64,856	70,849	75,095	80,746
Combatant Craft Repair	11,090	11,640	11,271	10,875	10,929	13,013
Total, Act. Group	106,512	125,591	124,071	126,927	127,171	135,013

# Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

# B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$126,927
2.	Pricing Adjustments A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel C. Industrial Fund Rates D. FN Indirect E. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(39) 34 5 (-3,191) -1,090 -2,101 (21) (24) (-144) 238 -382	3,251
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers In  1) Inter-Appropriation  a) Expense/Investment Criteria - Increase threshold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. Transfer from OPN.  B. Transfers Out  1) Intra-Appropriation  a) Transfer to Base Operations to consolidate Fleet Imaging Command functions (-32). b) CAAC/NADSAP to BA 8 (-52).	(61) 61 (-84) -84	- 23
4.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases  1) Annualization of six port engineers and sixteen civilian substitutions (11 workyears).  B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs  1) Increase of one civilian workday.  2) Repair and maintenance of mock training ship used by the Navy Cargo Handling Group (NAVCHAPGRU).  3) Industrial Plant Equipment installation for LCAC assault craft program.  4) Initial start-up costs resulting from establishment of SEAL 1EAM 8.	(236) 236 (1,766) 14 646	5,472

## Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

	5) Initial start-up costs associated with establishment of two Naval Special Warfare Units in support of USSOUTHCOM and CINCUSNAVEUR.	600
С.		(3,470)
٠.	1) Civilian replacements for shore	44
	rating reductions (2 workyears).	44
	2) Increase required to maintain	988
	the operational readiness of SEAL	300
	TEAM SIX to meet current taskings.	
		1.264
	3) Increase for LCAC operations resulting from additional craft	1,204
	deliveries and associated	
	operating hours. 4) Daily operations and support	134
	for newly established Mobile	134
	•	
	Technical Training Unit (MOTU) 16. 5) Marine Mammal Program	81
		01
	(Details Classified).	300
	6) Fartial year funding of daily	300
	operations, support and deployment costs of SEAL TEAM 8.	
		659
	7) Support increases for DOD directed	659
	special operations enhancements for	
	both personnel and sophisticated	
	equipment required for response	
	to terrorists and forward deployed	
	units. Additional special warfare	
	justification is classified.	

5.	Program Decreases		-1,954
	A. Annualization of FY 1987 Decreases	(-109)	
	<ol> <li>Realignment of Port Engineers</li> </ol>	-109	
	from Special Combat Support Forces		
	to Ship Maintenance to more		
	accurately budget for ship		
	maintenance support functions.		
	B. One-Time FY 1987 Costs	(-598)	
	1) FY 1987 Foreign National	. 6	
	Indirect Hire Separation Liability		
	and Retroactive Pay Raise.		
	2) Realignment of Civil Engineer	592	
	Support Equipment (CESE) major		
	overhaul program from the fleets		



to the Naval Facilities Engineering

Command (Budget Activity 7).

O 1101/1	
Activity Group: <u>Combat Support Forces</u> (co	<u>nt'd)</u>
C. Other Decreases in FY 198 1) Reduction in service c overhauls based on cyclic tenance and overhaul sche combatant and service cra	raft -327 main- dule for
<ol> <li>Reduction in daily ope support, and deployment c Naval Mobile Construction Battalions.</li> </ol>	rations, -570 osts of
3) Reduction in Naval Mob Construction Battalion Ce overhauls.	
6. FY 1988 President's Budget Re	quest \$127,171
7. Pricing Adjustments A. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel B. Industrial Fund Rates C. FN Indirect D. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(-937) 516 -1,453 (89) (8) (1,685) 36 1,649
8. Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1988 1) Civilian replacement frating reduction (1 worky 2) Provides full year fundaily operations, support deployments of SEAL TEAM	or shore 22' ear). ding for 323 and
D 0 TI FY 1000 0	(2.042)

B. One-Time FY 1989 Costs

vice a detachment.

Pacific EOD detachments.

1) One-time cost for the expansion

2) Initial start-up costs resulting

from the establishment of four new

of the Naval Mobile Construction Battalion detachment in Sigonella, Italy which is scheduled to become the fifth main deployment site



(1,041)

60

981

# Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

Ξ.	Other Program Growth in FY 1989 1) Increase for LCAC operations resulting from additional craft deliveries and associated	(7,148) 3,320
	operating hours. 2) Marine Mammal Program	181
	(Details Classified).  3) Increase in the service craft	1,712
	overhaul program based on cyclic	
	maintenance and overhaul schedule of service and combatant	
	craft.	
	4) Increase for repair parts,	546
	maintenance support and trans-	
	portation for deployment of two	
	Dry Deck Shelters (DDSs). The DDS	
	is a new tactical deep dive system,	
	which is scheduled for delivery to	
	the fleet in FY 1989.	
	5) Increase supports maintenance	<b>256</b>
	and supplies required to deploy	
	additional Remotely Piloted Vehicles	
	(RPV) for exercises and training.	
	6) Support increases for	87
	personnel and sophisticated	
	equipment required for response	
	to terrorists and forward	
	deployed units. Additional	
	special warfare justification is classified.	
	7) Increase required to make Special	968
	Combat Force units operationally ready	
	for immediate, worldwide, deployment.	
	funds will bring communications, speci	al
	equipment, and stock supply inventorie	
	to deployable short-notice levels.	•
	8) Participation of SPECWAR and	78
	NMCB units in short duration	
	exercises in Latin America.	

# Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

9.	Pr	ogram Decreases		1,537
	Α.	Annualization of FY 1.988 Decreases	(-19)	
		<ol> <li>Annualization of one workyear</li> </ol>	- 19	
		for port engineers.		
	В.	·	(-1,291)	
		1) Reduction of two civilian	27	
		workdays.	_,	
		2) Repair and maintenance of	- 667	
		mock training ship used by Navy		
		Cargo Handling Group (NAVCHAPGRU).		
		3) Non-recurring costs resulting fr	om	
		the establishment of SEAL TEAM 8.	- 275	
		4) Industrial Plant Equipment	313	
		installation for the LCAC assualt		
		craft program.		
		5) Foreign National Indirect Hire	- <b>G</b>	
		Retroactive Pay Raise and Separatio	n	
		Liability.		
	С.	Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-227)	
		<ol> <li>Reduction in daily operations,</li> </ol>	`- 121´	
		support and deployment costs of		
		Construction Battalions.		
		2) Reduced start up costs as Naval	- 106	
		Special Warfare Unit in USSOUTHCOM		
		becomes established.		

10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request \$135,013

Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)						
III. <u>Performance Criteria.</u>	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989		
Combat Craft Repair Overhauls Purchased Equipment Maint Sched:						
(1) ROH (\$/# of Overhauls)						
Craft Type PB Patrol Boat LCU Landing Craft Utility MSB Minesweeping Boat YDT Yard Diving Tender YLLC Yard Light Lift Craft YRST Yard Repair Salvage Tender YSD Yard Salvage Derrick LCM Land Craft Mechanized I.CM/WB Land Cft Mechanized/Wkboats SWCL Special Warfare Craft Light UB Utility Boat LCVP Landing Cft Vehicle/Personn PE Personnel Boat	1,490 (9) 240 (3) 50 (2)	4,018 (5) 1,442 (2) 1,078 (1) 750 (1) ) 2,202 (7) 1,105 (6) 280 (3)	1,101 (1 543 (1 2,694 (8 1,836 (9	) 5,362 (6) 902 (1) ) 220 (1) ) 3,048 (9) ) 2,425 (11) ) 340 (3) ) 30 (1)		
(2) RATA	1,104		34	96		
GRAND TOTAL	11,090	10,875	10,929	13,013		
Special Combat Support Forces	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1983		
Special Combat Support Forces Service Craft/Boats Planned Annual Deployments or Exercises of:	51 430	54 431	56 <b>43</b> 1	56 431		
SEAL TEAMS Explosive Ordnance Disposal	50 50	63 54	64 60	6 <b>4</b> 60		

Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

# III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>.

# Construction Battalions

	FY 19	186	FY 19	187
Deployment	# of	lotal	# of	lotal
Sites	<u>Planes Req.</u>	Miles	Planes Req.	Miles
Okinawa	32	265,817	16	130,515
Guam	18	135,236	32	258,496
Rota	32	149,600	28	189,652
Roosevelt Roads	29	62,929	15	39,227
Subic Bay	8	135,302	8	135,302
Sigonella		·	21	140,000
Total	119	748,884	120	893,192

	FY 19	188	FY 19	FY 1989		
Deployment	# of	Total	# of	Total		
Sites	<u>Planes</u> Req.	Miles	<u>Planes Req.</u>	<u>Miles</u>		
Okinawa	32	256,243	14	23,702		
Guam	18	134,836	24	202,953		
Rota	28	189,652	34	188,326		
Roosevelt Roads	31	93,979	38	275,260		
Subic Bay	_	_	-	-		
Sigonella	21	120,000	21	130,000		
Total	130	794,710	131	820,241		

34161/9

Activity Group: Combat Support Forces (cont'd)

IV. Personnel Summary.	FY 198 <u>6</u>	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Strength (E/S)				
A. Military	12,197	12,450	12,891	13,519
Officer Enlisted	952 11,092	1,001 11,501	1,099 11,825	1,151 12,401
B. <u>Civi</u> lian	186	204	<u> 206</u>	206
USDH FNDH FNIH	180 2 4	198 2 4	200 2 <b>4</b>	200 2 4

### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy



Activity Group: <u>Fleet Operations Support</u> Budget Activity: <u>II - General Purpose Forces</u>

1. Description of Operations Financed.

The funds requested support the following functions in support of fleet operations:

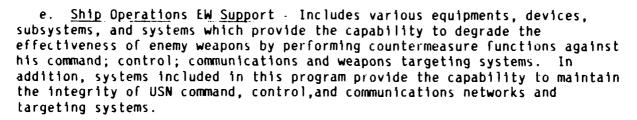
- a. <u>Fleet lemporary Additional Duty (TAD)</u> Includes centrally managed travel required for operational training, administrative travel for ship to shore assignments and hospitalization or other emergencies.
- b. <u>Combat Systems</u> Readiness Includes expenses for personnel based at selected Naval Security Group sites to install, maintain and operate special cryptologic equipment aboard selected combatants. Funds also provide for testing weapon systems operations and readiness at the Atlantic Underwater lest and Evaluation Center, and various Pacific fleet ranges.
- c. <u>Undersea Surveillance</u> Includes expenses for performing oceanographic observations in selected areas in order to provide the U.S. Navy with more extensive information on oceanographic conditions and for training of personnel employed in observing and analyzing oceanographic conditions. Raw data is collected by naval facilities and then coordinated, analyzed, and evaluated by the Oceanographic Systems Commanders and certain NAVFACs prior to dissemination to fleet users and compilation for statistical studies. This



Operating expenses include civilian personnel, contractual services for repair, data processing, training, supplies, and operation of  $T-AGOS\ ships$ .

d. Anti-Submarine Warfare Operations Centers (ASWOC) - Includes expenses for fifteen operational ASWOC installations located world wide in support of fleet operations, two abbreviated systems, located at North Island and Cecil Field (in support of the S-3A), a training site at Dam Neck, and a prototype/maintenance support site at St. Inigoes. These commands meet the tactical support requirements of the P-3C long range air ASW weapon system and provide terminals for the ASW area commanders in the overall Navy Command and Control System. Funds requested finance operational maintenance; installation and checkout of hardware change kits; integrated logistics support; life cycle support of operational and system test software to respectively control mission aspects and detect and isolate system malfunctions; implementation of system software reliability and maintalnability improvements; and software modifications to maintain compatibility with airborne systems changes and other systems.





f. Fleet Electronic Command and Control Systems — Includes expenses for hardware and software maintenance; within-envelope conversions of software; site surveys and preparation, installation and check-out of hardware and software; technical support services; and documentation for Navy Command and Control Systems (NCCS), the Ocean Surveillance Information System, Navy WWMCCS Software Standardization, Tactical Flag Command Centers, and Over-the-Horizon Targeting. Funding also provides for the replacement of shipboard VERDIN VLF receivers with the Compact VLF; software and technical support services for LINK 11 in support of Command, Control and Communication mission requirements; and, installation, engineering and technical services for hardware and software, refurbishment of equipment, and life-cycle support for Special Electronic Warfare and Command, Control and Communications Countermeasures.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 198	8 FY 1989
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budge	t Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	<u>Estimate</u>	Reques	t, Request
Combat Systems						
Readiness	17,232	12,769	15,454	15,445	20,392	21,440
TAD	36,321	32,320	32,285	33,280	35,372	36,060
ASWOC Operations	10,151	10,943	10,568	10,588	17,042	14,478
Undersea	-		•	•	•	•
Surveillance	58,527	61,473	60,533	52,025	53,987	63,989
Fleet Electronic	•		·	•	•	·
Command & Control	44,678	51,307	49,639	49,719	72,905	82,616
Ship Ops EW Sup	0	10,714	7,665	7.674	9,492	11,164
Total, Act. Group	166,909	179,526	176,144	168,731	209,190	229,747



# B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$168,731
1	1) Classified 2) W_ge Board  B. Stock Fund (-2 1) Fuel -1 2) Non-Fuel -1 C. Industrial Fund Rates (-5,5 D. Other Pricing Adjustments (2,9	85 31 25) 64) 62
	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers-Out (-7 1) Intra-Appropriation -7 a) Transfer of Navy Tactical Interoperability Group Program from Fleet Operations Support to Fleet Commands and Staff	<u> </u>
	<ul> <li>7) Full cost for personnel increases (3 workyears).</li> <li>B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs (2,7 1) Increase of one civilian workday.</li> <li>2) One additional per diem day for TAGOS ships.</li> <li>3) Increase provides transportation costs to deploy first operational ROTHR system to Amchitka, Alaska.</li> </ul>	5 35 45 33

2) Contractor support required for maintenance of decision aid software and hardware systems. Systems provide real-time tactical displays (surface, sub-surface and air) for surface platforms for employment training and real world planning.	100
3) TAGOS Adjustment due to new ship deliveries.	3,418
4) Maintenance contract for the new Fast Time Analyzer (FTA) system which is vital to support ASW operations. The system is used for fine-grain analysis of acoustic data used to make critical decisions which directly affect	264
national defense. 5) Additional workyears associated with the CIVSUB Program and 2 additional workyears for the Defense Vulnerability Assessment (DVAL) Programs.	330
6) Maintenance support for tactical carry-on and cryptologic equipment procurements. Prior year equipment procurements have upgraded and increased the cryptologic equipment inventory.	440
7) Software life cycle support and management of the tactical cryptologic systems at Naval Security Group sites. This includes development and implementation of access procedures, data base documentation and data dictionary development. Concentration is on standardization of tactical data elements and implementation of data bases.	739 nt
8) Provides depot level support, maintenance, and contractor field support for BGPHES (classified program)	1,484

Management support of current systems and initial program planning for Roosevelt Roads site (411); increased documentation for site configuration manage ment and control to include full communications capability at North Island, Diego Garcia and St. Inigoes (639); site documentation and training plan updates to include ASCOMM replacement equipments and the comm site upgrades (629); operational support at the ASWOC Lab located at the C <sup>3</sup> Engineering Development and System Prototype Facility relocated at St. Inigoes (502); fieet support in maintenance and on-site support of hardware including depot level maintenance (993); installation of comm site upgrades at Diego Garcia, North Island; and St. Inigoes (3,008).	6,182
10) Quick Reaction Capability (QRC) realignment from Other Warfare Support. Funds realigned in order to more properly align functions with funding. QRC support provides for emergent requirements which result from Fleet Operations lessons learned.	584
11) Increase provides partial year funding for establishment of Inservice Engineering Agent (ISEA) and Production Quality Testing Facility for Active Electronic Buoy (AEB).	1,213
12) Increase for operational support of the fleet Surveillance Support Command which will be commissioned 1 July 1987.	551
13) Stock Fund supplies/materials and contract support required for oceanographic data collection efforts	4,091
14) Arctic Environment Data Collection Project.	1,402



15) MK 48 Proficiency Firing 910 Program. 16) Increased travel resulting 1,669 from the introduction of new ships (AEGIS CGs and BBs). and new systems (SNAP II.TOMAHAWK LAMPS III), as well as increased non-discretionary entitlements. 11) NCCS ASHORE - Increase due to 6,500 correction of priority "A" and "B" Navy Change Requests (NCRs) to reduce severe backlog which will correct operationally validated system deficiencies; relocation of the C<sup>3</sup> engineering and development facility to NESEA, St. Inigoes, requiring installation, checkout and integration of existing NCCS hardware; fleet installation of major software releases of FHLT to improve interoperability with other NCCS systems, improve on line system de-bug capability and improve data base capability to enable system to handle increased volume of positional data: STT site preparation and modification of system support documentation. Areas affected by these increases include: computer software maintenance (1,684); associated hardware maintenance (1,305); and associated hardware installation (3,511).18) NCCS Afloat TFCC - Increase 4,910 in Depot Level Maintenance providing total maintenance/ repair capability to support ten operational systems, including four additional installations in FY 1988.



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19) ROTHR Increase to support ROTHR Prototype deployment and installation (2,344); site surveys and MILCON planning support (187); initial in service engineering activity (1,030); initial soft ware support activity (1,167); and systems engineering support (337).	5,065
20) JIIDS - Increase will provide eleven workyears of technical and management support to the JIIDS program for acquisition planning, cost analysis support and master network planning and organizational structure.	1,176
21) JINTACCS - Funds provide maintenance of message structures and current definition of reference standards to ensure interoperability for JINTACCS Message Test Format (MTF) and Bit Oriented Messages (BOM).	3,096
22) Command and Control Processor (C2P) - Increase will provide four workyears of management support for acquisition planning, cost analysis support and master network planning and organizational structure.	465
23) Funding for crew deployment for operations at ROTHR Site #1 (Amchitka) includes costs for MAC/SAAM travel and associated per diem.	130

### Activity Group: Fleet Operations Support (cont'd)

308 24) Increase for supplies and contractor equipment operations and maintenance support for initial operations at ROTHR Site #1 (Amchitka). 786 25) The Ashore Mobile Contingency Communications (AMCC) vans are required to meet Fleet CMDRs requirements for highly mobile self contained UHF, HF and Tactical Satellite contingency communications units. Vans can be towed, sea or air lifted to remote areas where no other communications exist. Vans have a nucleus crew of 5 communications, electronics repair and engine repair personnel. Funds provide the travel and transportation costs for van deployment. 26) Contractor support for the 1.377 Joint Operational Tactical System (JOTS) evaluation system which supports real-time battle assessment and long-term planning. 400 27) CINC Initiative Funds -Supports emergent requirements in the command centers of the Unified Commands.

5. Program Decreases

(-656)A. One Time FY 1987 Costs -656 1) TAGOS-10 (INVINCIBLE) Activation. (-6.893)Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 -1,137 1) Imitative Electronic Countermeasures (IECM) -They will be supported in conjunction with related systems in FY 1988-1992. 2) Alignment of Electronic Warfare 338 Library (EWRL) Program with current fleet requirement for reprogram mable libraries in FY 1988. 3) Decreased effort to generate - 501

-7,549

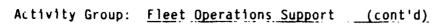


and review engineering data and system planning supporting SRC-47

Flight Deck Communication

equipment.

Activity G	roup:	Fleet Operations Support (cont'd)		
		4) NCCS Ashore (OSIS) - Decrease reflects completion of software conversion for Phase I.	-3,656	
		5) ROTHR - Realignment of operator/maintenance training support to PBD 029.	- 346	
		6) LINK 11 - Decrease reflects UYK-20 computer software conversion to the UYK-44 computer software.	- 721	
		7) OTH-T - Decrease reflects completion of personnel training on how the systems interrelate transfer/ translate surveillance information into targeting data for OTH-T weapon systems.	- 29	
		8) Reduced level of support at CINCUSNAVEUR.	- 165	
	6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$209,190
		Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates  C. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(-126) 26 -152 (-1,401) (3,931) 40 3,891	2,404
		Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases 1) Annualization of required deployments for rotation of personnel at ROTHR Site #1 (Amchitka) includes funding for MAC-SAAM travel and per diem. 2) Increase for full year operations at ROTHR Site #1 includes supplies and contractor support of ROTHR transmitter and receiver operations.	(5,480) 713 4,767	31,104



В.	1) One-time funding for ADP support uniques to imple-mentation of the Space Information Management System (SIMS) data base at ROTHR sites; this includes developmental costs for data base architecture as well as systems analysis and development of applications software to be used at Flect Surveillance Support Command (FSSC) and all other	(983) 593
	ROTHR sites. 2) One-time FY 1989 costs for furniture and equipment for MILCON P-921, ROTHR Site #1	390
С.	1) Spare parts for Fast lime	(24,641) 227
	Analyzer System.  2) Maintenance contract for the new Fast Time Analyzer (FTA) System which is vital to support ASW	208
	operations. 3) Increase of two Susceptibility	265
	Vulnerability Assessments (SSVA). 4) EWRL Library- conversion of the	1.301
	extraction software to support the WLR-1(H), ALR-66, ALR-59, ALQ-100, ALQ-126, ULQ-18 and two other systems as designated by the Fleet CINCS. This will bring the EWRL	1,301
	extraction programs in line with fleet requirements.	
	5) Quick Reaction Capability. 6) Essential Training and Operational Travel.	139 369
	7)Stock Fund supplies/materials and contract support required for oceanographic data collection	3,307
	efforts 8) Aritic Environment Data	34
	Collection Project. 9) TAGOS adjustment due to new ship deliveries.	7,781



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509 10) Cryptologic Training Support Office support for the Cryptologic Field Trainer (CFT). The CFT will provide direct support operators with simulated live signal environment through which they can tune for "live environment" training. Funding will provide for development and maintenance of necessary scenarios or courseware. 11) Minor adjustment to MK48 41 proficiency and certifications firings, and contractor support for employment training in tactical decision aids (surface, sub-surface and air). 12) NCCS Ashore (OSIS) - Increase 2,890 reflects costs of hardware and software maintenance for two additional fully operational sites in FY 1989. 13) OTH-T - Increase to provide 273 interoperability testing and evaluation of system specifications. 14) ROTHR - Increase provides 6,619 software support activity at fully operational level (2,559); expands in-service engineering efforts to fully operational level (2,552); expansion of systems engineering support to support production and deployed systems (113); increase for quick-look surveys and environmental assessment site survey efforts (127); provides for operation and maintenance of test bed (578); and increased contractor technical support (690). 15) Increased software engineering 29 support for JTIDS & C<sup>2</sup> Processor. 16) Increase in support of AMCC 23 van based on one additional scheduled deployment and receipt of one additional van.







#### Activity Group: Fleet Operations Support (cont'd) 17) Increase for training of 521 ROTHR personnel includes funding for course update and development. training devices, contractor training services and training equipment repair. 18) Increase for full mission 105 communications support at ROTHR Site #1 (Amchitka). Program Decreases -12.951 One Time FY 1988 Costs (-2.767)1) ROTHR - Reduction reflects -1.801 completion of transportation costs to deploy operational systems. 2) Reduction reflects completion -921 of installations support to the Maritime Defense Zone program. 3) Reduction of two civilian -10 workdays. 4) Reduction of one per diem -35 day for TAGOS ships. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989 (-10,184) 1) Chaff Buoy -reduced fleet -175 introduction efforts due to completion of initial ISEA and depot and system maintenance. 2) EW Support Equipment -lower - 90 support costs due to introduction of newer equipment. 3) NCCS Afloat - Decrease due to 2.543 completion of C<sup>3</sup> Engineering

and System Prototype Facility and completion of Joint Translator

Unit (JTU) installations.

4) NCCS Afloat (TFCC) - Decrease - 271 in Depot Level Maintenance and Software Support Activity/Software Maintenance reflects less contractor support as government facility begins taking over these functions. 5) ROTHR - Reduction reflects -3,066 completion of installation of operational system and reduced site survey efforts. 6) Reduction in costs for SLOW - 308 WALKER operations due to installation of Phase III equipment. 7) Reduction in contractual -712 services required in support of the development of system specification and cost analysis for the replacement of the tactical telephone switchboard and the connecting mini-switch boards serving the command center, Joint Operations Center, HICOMM center and headquarters staff. Reduction in contractor support for the Joint Operational Tactical System (JOTS) evaluation system which supports real-time battle assessment and long term planning. Contract support is also reduced for the MDZ contract to evaluate interface requirements for maritime coastal defense between commands, other services and civilian agencies. 8) ASWOC - Decrease reflects 3,019 completion of initial program management support for Roosevelt Roads (-273); installation of communications site upgrades at North Island and Diego Garcia (-2,170); and completion of initial documentation for configuration management and control for ASCOMM Site up grades at North Island, Diego Garcia and St. Inigoes (576).

10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

\$229,747



Act	ivity	Gre	oup: <u>Flee</u> t <u>Operations Su</u>	upport (	(cont'd)		
	III.	<u>P</u>	erformance Criteria.	FY 1986	5 FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Α.		-48	System Readiness Torpedo Proficiency rings	811	531	566	566
В.			ry Additional Duty iem Days	796,355	727,508	753,547	753,691
С.			rations Centers rs of Centers Supported	19	20	20	20
D.	Sh Ai	ipbo rboo its	logical Direct Support orne Missions rne Missions Serviced by Test oups	150 1,500 1,325	165 1,650 1,350	165 1,650 1,350	165 1,650 1,350
Ε.			Operations )/Number of Ships	42,431/9	30,900/10	28,104/12	33,783/17
F.	As Af	hor loa	nic Command and Control e Node Commands Supported t Node Commands Supported pard EW Items Supported		268 51 493	291 102 720	295 106 926
			sonnel Summary. Strength (E/S)	F <u>Y 1986</u>	<u>FY 1987</u>	FY 1988	FY 1 <u>989</u>
		Α.	Military	4,455	5,087	5,378	5,577
			Officer Enlisted	492 3,963	618 4,469	655 4,723	688 4,889
		В.	<u>Civilian</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>1</u> 09	109	<u>109</u>
			USDH	66	109	109	109



### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Other Warfare Support

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

### I. Description of Operations Financed.

Funding in this activity group supports a variety of warfare tactics, development and execution efforts designed to improve and enhance Naval Warfighting capabilities. These efforts include warfare tactics development/documentation, and exercise support and analysis.

### Operational Readiness Assessment

ORA provides both fleet exercise reconstruction and analysis, as well as reliability, maintainability, and availability (RM&A) analysis. Fleet exercise reconstruction and analysis support COMNAVSEA efforts at exercise planning; installation of monitoring instrumentation aboard ships and aircraft; data collection, verification, reconstruction and analysis; and exercise results reporting to participants and planners. The program provides support to all multi-threat multiwarfare scenario exercises.

RM&A analysis provides program managers, and fleet commanders, with logistic support planning data; fleet operational combat systems RM&A equipment trends and problem definition for selected surface AAW and ASW combat systems. During normal operational deployment, combat system equipment operational status is recorded, collected and analyzed. From this data accurate operational RM&A indices are computed. Those factors limiting RM&A are analyzed and reported for corrective action.

#### Warfare Tactics Documentation

Warfare Tactics Documentation provides funding for definition, specification, verification, assimilation, analysis, and formulation of data into warfare concepts of utilization for existing equipment and systems, mobilization planning, threat assessments, requirements definition, and fleet deployment operations planning. The product provides fleet users with detailed force deployment data and methods of using data in a timely manner. Both the Tactical Air Combat Training System (TACTS) and the Mid-Atlantic Electronic Warfare Range are used for tactics development and definition.

#### Fleet Logistics Support

It is essential that full utilization and exploitation of weapons, tech niques and capabilities of forces contribute effectively to overall military objectives. To execute and enhance these capabilities, fleet exercises provide required training in simulated wartime scenarios. Fleet exercise participation enhances fleet unit proficiency in operating and employing weapon systems and wargame strategy. To train units effectively in various geographical, climatic, and diversified economic and political areas, fleet units must deploy to all parts of the world. Funding in this activity group will be used to plan and execute training deployments and redeployments to maintain maximum readiness and rapid deployment capabilities throughout the fleet areas of responsibility.



Activity Group: Other Warfare Support (cont'd)

### lactical Training/Wargaming Support

The Tactical Training/Wargaming Support program is directed toward the phase in of advanced concepts in tactical training for battle group commanders and senior staff officers. This objective is accomplished through the addition of new curricula centered around, but not limited to, the Enhanced Naval Warfare Gaming System and evolutionary development of the basic wargaming system at the Naval War College in Newport. Funding in this activity group provides support for the Tactical Training Groups at Norfolk and San Diego which have substantial computerized equipment linked by land lines to Newport. Through these Tactical Training Groups, wargaming strategies and concepts are brought directly to the Fleet for their evaluation and participation. Funds are required for site preparation, installation of equipment, operating and technical support for the new systems at the Fleet sites, and for associated tactical training support.

### Naval Warfare Management

The Naval Warfare Management program provides specialized analytical support for the Naval Warfare Appraisal process and the updating of master plans for selected warfare areas.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	<u>FY 1986</u>	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget <u>Re</u> quest	Budget <u>Request</u>
Op Readiness Assessment	5,887	5,612	5,581	5,840	6,070	6,508
Warfare Tact Doc	23,862	13,886	13,100	31,050	39,299	44,743
Flt Ex Log Support	7,904	10,860	10,241	10,440	9,075	8,954
Tactical Training/ Wargaming Support	5,008	2,611	2,412	5,515	2,685	2,332
Naval Warfare Mgt Total, Act. Group	<u>2,333</u> 44,994	2,672 35,641	2,624 33,958	2,571 55,416	2 <u>,653</u> 59,782	2,721 65,258

## Activity Group: Other Warfare Support (cont'd)

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$55,416
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified  B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel  C. Industrial Fund Rates  D. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(15) 15 (-46) -7 -39 (-513) (1,326) 76 1,250	782
3.	Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases 1) Annualization of civilian personnel at Navy Tactical Support Activity in support of tactical doctrine development. B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs 1) One additional civilian workday in FY 1988. C. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 1) Navy Tactical Support Activity increase for development of warfare tactics documentation in support of fleet requirements. 2) Support for increased participation in THIRDFLT and SEVENTHFLT exercises and deployments. 3) Increase in TACTS Range operations and support at West Coast TACTS ranges located at MCAS El Toro, MCAS Yuma, NAS Lemoore, NAS Miramar, and the Electronic Warfare Range (EWR) and the Range Electronic War fare Simulators at NAS Fallon. Support includes contractor operations and maintenance, telemetry and repairable maintenance and repair.	(179) 179 (8) 8 (9,646) 193 970 8,483	9,833

## Activity Group: Other Warfare Support (cont'd)

4.	Program Docroscos		5 240
<b>.</b>	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988  1) Reduction in cost of operation and maintenance contracts at West Coast, NAS  Oceana, and MCAS Cherry Point TACIS and Mid-Atlantic Electronic Warfare (MAEWR) Ranges.	(-6,249) -418	-6,249
	2) Contractor support for the operations, analysis, refinement and update of new wargame scenarios for the Enhanced Navy Wargaming System (ENWGS) and daily operational support in both the Atlantic and Pacific fleets. Operations analysis will be performed by military personnel in FY 1988 and the outyears.	-3,031	
	3) Decrease reflects reduced Operational Readiness Assessment support for Battlegroup Exercises and Reconstruction and Analysis resulting from changing require- ments from year to year.	- 337	
	4) Cost reduction in target towing contract for SIXTHFLT due to prior year funding for improved targets.	- 2,330	
	5) Savings associated with application of historic econo- mical mix of full-time permanent and temporary employees.	- 34	
	6) Reduction in Naval Warfare Management costs due to reduced number of warfare appraisal issues which must be addressed.	- 99	
5.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$59,782
6.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) Fuel  2) Non-Fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates  C. Other Pricing Adjustments  1) Annualization of FERS  2) Other	(-22) 2 -24 (95) (1,733) 16 1,717	1,806



# Activity Group: Other Warfare Support (cont'd)

7.	Program Increases		4,129
	A. One-Time FY 1989 Costs	(239)	• • • • •
	1) Design costs for the new	239	
	Key West, FL 1AC1S Range.		
	B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989	(3,890)	
	1) Operational expansion of	3,494	
	Oceana TACIS range to provide	0,131	
	coverage of the Dare County		
	Bombing Range, establishment		
	of the Cherry Point and		
	Charleston TACTS ranges, and		
	expansion of the Cherry Point		
	MAEWR range.		
	2) Increased Operational	297	
	Readiness Assessment support of	231	
	Battlegroup Exercises and exercise		
	Reconstruction and Analysis due to		
	changing requirements from year		
	to year.		
	3) Increased logistical support	71	
	for fleet exercise and deployment	′'	
	participation based on changes		
	in the number, size, scope and		
	location of fleet exercises and		
	deployments.		
	4) Increase of 1 civilian work-	28	
	year required to properly	20	
	align workyears and end strength		
	to reflect a 2 percent civilian		
	employment lapse rate.		
	employment lapse late.		
8.	Program Decreases		459
Ο.	A. One Time FY 1988 Costs	(-19)	- 433
	1) Two less civilian work-	19	
	days in FY 1989.		
	B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-440)	
	1) Cost reduction in target	-440	
	towing contract for SIXTHFLT due		
	to prior funding for improved		
	targets.		
9.	FY 1989 President's Budget Request	!	\$65,258

Courses of Instruction

Soviet Seapower Education Program Presentations

Special Wargames

Activity Group: Other Warfare Support	(con	t <u>'d)</u>		
III. Performance Criteria.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
OPERATIONAL READINESS ASSESSMENTS				
Number of Exercises Supported	65	60	54	58
BG Exercise Support (\$000)	2,315	2,333	1.774	2,055
Reconstruction and Analysis (\$000)	2,180			
Trend Analysis of Battle Group	•	•	•	•
Effectiveness (\$000)	872	999	1,035	1,016
WARFARE TACTICS DOCUMENTATION				
Commands Supported (TIMS)	75	78	78	78
Number of Installations (NAVSIA/	-	_		
SARS/TRIPOS)	143	146	146	146
Number of FTL Library Requests				
Processed	13,572	14.180	14,485	14,485
Number of Naval Warfare	•	•	,	•
Publications/Manuals Updated	392	451	475	487
TACTICAL TRAINING/WARGAMING SUPPORT				
TACTRAGRULANT/PAC and NOSC				

IV. <u>Personnel Summary</u> .	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Strength (E/S)				
A. <u>Military</u>	<u>339</u>	<u>375</u>	424	<u>428</u>
Officer Enlisted	102 237	133 242	158 266	162 266
B. <u>Civilian</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>
USDH	60	72	70	70

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Fleet Air Training

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

### I. Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides funds for flying hours and aviation training support of Navy/Marine Fleet Readiness Squadrons (FRS). The operations financed in this program are the day-to day operating costs for civilian labor, administrative supplies, materials, equipment, maintenance service contracts, and travel of personnel required in support of the training mission.

Fleet Air Training. There are 28 Navy and 7 Marine Fleet Readiness Squadrons funded in this program. Thirty one squadrons train replacement air crews for the Navy and Marine TACAIR/ASW communities in weapons tactics training, weapons delivery qualifications and where applicable, carrier landing qualifications. Graduates of these replacement squadrons are qualified for assignment to active squadrons. The other four squadrons provide instrument ground and flight training to fleet pilots, and adversary services to fleet squadrons in air-to-air combat training. This activity group also supports training operations at the Naval Fighter Weapons School at NAS Miramar, and the Naval Strike Warfare Center at NAS Fallon.

Student training levels are based on authorized TACAIR/ASW force levels and aircrew/maintenance personnel rotation rates. Funds requested include the cost of petroleum, oil and lubricants (POL), organizational and intermediate maintenance, squadron supplies, and Aviation Depot Level Repairables. The cost per operating hour for each aircraft is based on actual operating data over the previous 18 month period.

Fleet Air Training Support. The purpose of this program is to support Navy/Marine FRS's in their mission of conducting replacement air crew training. Included in this program are the Fleet Aviation Specialized Operational Training Groups Atlantic Fleet and Pacific Fleet (FASOTRAGRU).

The mission of the FASOTRAGRU's is to provide training in weapon systems and equipment (including special weapons) and to maintain proficiency by conducting special program inspections. Associated training of personnel includes:

Anti-Submarine Warfare Equipment/Tactics
Anti-Ship Missile Defense Equipment Tactics
Electronic Warfare Equipment Tactics/Radar Navigation/Communication/Other
Electronics, Aircraft Systems and Equipment
Special Weapons Delivery Tactics, Procedures, and Handling.
Land Survival/Evasion Techniques, and Prisoner of War Conduct



Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

The Training Groups are responsible for operation and maintenance of ground training and flight simulation facilities, including weapons system trainers and operational flight trainers, film libraries, associated aviation training aid/devices and equipment.

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		FY 1987			FY 1988	FY 1989
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	Estimate	<u>Request</u>	Request
Aircraft Ops	416,912	561,293	560,938	430,708	360,493	400,205
Air Staffs	2,150	3,202	3,106	6,573	8,507	8,541
Air TAD	4,512	5,081	4,781	4,786	4,694	6,869
Other Aircraft Sup	16,321	43,548	42,575	36,464	41,883	46,207
Total Act. Group	439,895	613,124	611,400	478,531	415,577	461,822



## Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

# B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$478,531
2.	Pricing Adjustments A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raise 1) Classified 56 2) Wage Board 77 B. Annualization of FERS (502) C. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel -28,442 2) Non-Fuel -16,124 D. Industrial Fund Rates (-13) E. Other Pricing Adjustments (1,497)	42,447
3.	Program Increases A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases 1) Naval Strike Warfare Center. Increase in salaries due to increased training requirements (3 W/Y) 2) Civilian Substitution Program. Increase of ten civilian work years based on implementation of the civilian substitution program in FY 1987. 3) Contract Operation and Maintenance of Simulators (COMS). Annualization of COMS in accordance with SECNAV approved phase out of the TRADEVMAN rating.  B. One-Time FY 1988 Increases 1) One additional civilian workday C. Other Program Increases (39,854) 1) Naval Strike Warfare Center. Increased operations costs associated with the occupancy of new building and changeover to 24 hour operations (58), additional supplies and materials needed for training requirements (25), and upgrade of specialized support for strike warfare training which includes rapid communications capabilities (1,291)	44,435
	2) Navy Fighter Weapons School (TOPGUN). 66 Increase for curricula support requiring printing services (51), and equipment maintenance (15). 3) Adversary Training. Increaseu 17,850 hours for F-16N adversary aircraft. Reflects full year operations at TOPGUN and emergence of the F-16 as the primary adversary aircraft.	

## Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

4) <u>FA-18 HORNET</u> . Increased	14,982
hours associated with stand	
up of the third FA-18 training	
squadron. Squadron will initially	
have an average of 17 aircraft,	
including upgraded FA 18C's	
and D's.	
5) Other Training Support.	2,228
Increase is for maintenance	
service contracts to repair	
training devices.	
6) AV-8B HARRIER. Increase	3,354
in AV-8B training requirements	
resulting from Marine Corps	
transition from the A-4 aircraft.	

#### Program Decreases -64.942 A. Other Program Decreases (-64,942)1) Decommissioning of Marine -11.701 Corps F-4 training squadron. 2) A-7E CORSAIR. Reduction in -3.843 A-7 training requirements as Navy continues transition to FA-18. 3) FA-18 HORNET. Net decrease -37.427is due to reduction of FA-18A and FA-18B training requirements as upgraded FA-18Cs and FA-18Ds begin delivery to the fleet. 4) F-14 TOMCAT. Decrease is -4.223 primarily due to reduced aircrew training due to reduced second tour rotations. 5) Navy Fighter Weapons School -2,208 (TOPGUN). Reduction for initial one-time purchase of equipment during FY 1987. 6) Navy Fighter Weapons School - 184 (TOPGUN). Realignment of funds for utilities, other base services and engineering support to the

5. FY 1988 President's Budget Request \$415,5//

5,356

Base Operations activity group where these expenses are more

7) A-4 SKYHAWK. Reduction in

A-4 training requirements as

Marine Corps transitions to AV-8Bs.

appropriately budgeted.



# Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

•			
6.	Pricing Adjustments		3,736
	A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raise	(2)	-
	1) Wage Board	2	
	B. Annualization of Fed. Empl. Ret. Sys.	(80)	
	C. Stock Fund	(1,823)	
	l) Fuel	10,428	
	2) Non-Fuel	-8,605	
	D. Industrial Fund Rates	(3)	
	E. Other Pricing Adjustment	(1,828)	
_			
7.	Program Increases		65,484
	A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases	(8,648)	
	1) Contract Operation and	8,648	
	Maintenance of Simulators (COMS).		
	Increase for COMS in accordance		
	with SECNAV approved phase out		
	of the TRADEVMAN rating.	/ CC   OOC \	
	B. Other Program Growth	(56,836)	
	1) Aviation Depot Level	23,063	
	Repairables (AVDLRs). Increase		
	in the cost of AVDLRs for the		
	FA-18B, C and D and the MH-53E due to these aircraft reaching		
	Material Support Date (MSD). Prior to FY 1989, these aircraft		
	were under contract maintenance.		
	Once MSD is reached, maintenance		
	is a Fleet expense.		
	2) Temporary Additional Duty (TAD).	1,137	
	Travel support for the	.,	
	training of Functional Wings/		
	Squadron Personnel at designated		
	training sites.		
	3) <u>FA-18 (HORNET)</u> . Increased	24,885	
	hours for Navy/Marine Corps	·	
	training. Reflects full		
	operation of Marine Corps FRS.		
	4) A-6E (INTRUDER). Increased	3,315	
	hours to meet training require-		
	ments for 18 additional students.		
	6) <u>SH-60F (SEAHAWK)</u> . Flying hours	2,556	
	for the first 3 SH-60Fs which		
	will operate in the Fleet in FY		
	1989. This new aircraft will pro-		
	vide carrier Search and Rescue (SAR)		
	support and contribute significantly		
	to close in ASW operations aimed at		
	countering the submarine threat.		
	7) H-46 (SEA KNIGHT). Net	1,880	
	increase in hours due to a change		
	in the training syllabus		
	for all students.		

## Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

9. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

8.	Pro	ogram Decreases		-22,975
		One-lime FY 1988 Costs	(-96)	
		<ol> <li>Reduction of two civilian</li> </ol>	- 96	
		workdays.		
	В.	Other Program Decreases	(-22,879)	
		1) P-3 (ORION). Decrease in	1,151	
		hours due to reduced		
		training requirements.		
		2) A-7E (CORSAIR). Decreased	- 272	
		hours due to continued phase-		
		out of the A 7E.		
		3) TA-4J. Decreased hours due	-4,011	
		to 5 fewer aircraft.		
		4) F-4 (PHANTOM). Decommissioning	-1,393	
		of Marine Corps FRS Squadron.		
		5) A-4 (SKYHAWK). Decommissioning	-1,054	
		of Marine Corps FRS Squadron.		
		6) F-21(KFIR). Termination of	-14,998	
		contract maintenance for the		
		F-21 which will not be in		
		the active inventoryin FY 1989		
		due to the expected life-cycle		
		of the aircraft.		



\$461,822



Activity Group: Fleet Air Training (cont'd)

## III. Performance Criteria

## A. Aircraft Operations

		FY 1986		_	FY 1987	
Avera Opera Aircr Hours Per A/C \$ per Hr	ting	Flying <u>Hours</u> 248,721 377	Cost (\$000) 416,912	Average Operating <u>Aircraft</u> 704	Flying <u>Hours</u> 247,293 351	Cost (\$000) 430,708
	<b>-</b> -	FY 1988			FY 1989	

	FY 1988			FY 1989	
Average			Average		<del></del>
Operating	Flying	Cost	Operating	Flying	Cost
<u> Aircraft</u>	Hours	<b>(\$000)</b>	Aircraft	Hours	(\$000)
Hours 708	251,848	360,493	695	258,000	400,205
Per A/C	356			371	•
<pre>\$ Per Hour</pre>		1,431			1,551

		<u>FY 1986</u>	<u>FY 1987</u>	<u>FY 1988</u>	FY 1989
В.	Major Training Devices	146	151	153	153
	NIPSTRAFAC Students	425	0*	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> NIPSTRAFAC transferred to the Chief of Naval Education and Training (CNET) in Budget Activity 8 in FY 1987.

## IV. <u>Personnel Summary</u>.

	Johnson Sammary.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
<u>Enc</u>	Strength (E/S)	11 1300	11 1307	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Α.	<u>Military</u>	16,884	17,619	17,441	17,051
	Officer Enlisted	2,471 14,413	2,476 15,143	2,569 14,872	2,553 14,498
В.	Civilian	<u>313</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>495</u>	492
	USDH F <b>n</b> dh	2 <b>98</b> 15	485 15	480 15	47 <i>1</i> 15

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Fleet Training

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

#### I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>.

Functions which are financed within this program include classroom instruction; shipboard training; underway shipboard inspections of special weapons; shakedown and refresher training; and shipboard team training using mobile simulators. The costs of using fleet training ranges are also included.

Specifically, funding is requested to support special weapons technical inspections and assist visits where units are located. Special Weapons Acceptance Inspections are conducted to ensure that a ship is capable of properly handling nuclear weapons prior to their being placed aboard ship. Special Weapons Technical Proficiency Inspections are conducted on board ships which carry special weapons to ensure that training, security, safety, emergency, technical, command control, and administrative procedures comply with established guidelines. Classroom training in various special weapons subject areas (including basic fundamentals, logistic support, safety, officer orientation and indoctrination in special weapons, chemical warfare programs, and biological research) provide trained personnel directly to fleet units. Shipboard special weapons training emphasizes security handling administration, emergency destruction and accident response.

Shakedown and refresher training is conducted for ships which have recently been constructed, reactivated, or overhauled and are preparing for overseas deployments or fleet exercises. Training is provided and exercises are conducted in such key shipboard areas as damage control, firefighting, gunnery, navigation, engineering, communcations, ship handling, and basic seamanship so that the ship is fully prepared for combat and can safely and effectively participate in fleet operations. The time required for training can range from two days to seven weeks, depending upon the size of the ship and the previous training the crew has received. In addition to shipboard training, crews receive training in electronic warfare and weapons team training while the ships are in port.

Training range operations funding provides aerial and surface targets, electronic warfare training, anti-submarine warfare readiness effectiveness measuring, and mine recovery operations.



Activity Group: Fleet Training (cont'd)

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

## A. <u>Sub-Activity Group Breakout</u>.

		FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989	
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Request
Flt Ship Trng Sup Flt Trng Ranges	5,665 <u>39,966</u>	4,480 33,917	4,415 33,351	4,963 35,657	6,334 37,743	5,792 <u>37,788</u>
Total, Act. Group	45,631	38,397	37,766	40,620	44,077	43,580

Activity Group: Fleet Training (cont'd)

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

٦.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$40,620
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified  B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non-Fuel  C. Industrial Fund Rates  D. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(14) 14 (-167) -91 -76 (508) (1,042) 174 868	1,397
3.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases  1) CIVSUB and physical security support (5 workyears).  B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs  1) Increase of one civilian	(127) 127 (1,856) 9	3,833
	workday. 2) Additional service craft over- hauls at the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility (AFWTF): 2 Torpedo Recovery Boats (TRB 3 & 4) (+1,014) and 2 Work Boats/Landing Craft Utility (LCU 1637 & 755) (+833).	1,847	
	C. Other Program Growth in FY 1988  1) Contractor support required to sustain current levels of operation at the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility (AFWIF).	(1,850) 488	
	2) Increase in operating costs and supplies/materials required for the newly established ASW Training Group. This Group will provide effective employment and integration of all ASW assets (surface, submarine, air) for prospective executive/commanding officers.	88	
	<ul> <li>3) Repair parts for pierside combat system training devices (AN/SPH-1 RAVIR).</li> <li>4) Increase in operating support</li> </ul>	31 46	
	required for an upgraded training facility at Guantanamo Bay (MILCON P-130).	70	

3396f/4			
Activity Group:	Fleet Training (cont'd)		
	5) Increase provides for on- board on-the-job **aining (OJI) packages which are currently not available for fleet Elect- ronic Warfare (EW) system operators. These packages are necessary to ensure fleet readi- ness and effective use of fleet EW equipment. Airborne and ship- board simulators will be employed to provide training scenarios to include signal recognition, radar receiver jamming, EW Tactical employment in a hostile environment and cover, deception and countermeasure tactics.	1,161	
	6) Civilian replacement of military billets realigned under shore retention program (1.4 workyears).	36	
4. Pr	ogram Decreases		-1,773
Α.	One Time FY 1987 Costs 1) Service craft overhaul for AFW1F completed in FY 1987 (YFU 81).	(-893) -893	
8.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(-880) -67	
	<ol> <li>Minor adjustment to service craft overhaul schedule.</li> </ol>	- 58	
	3) Reduction in use of the PMTC and PMRF based on changing requirements and fleet training opportunities.	- 591	
	4) Reduction in equipment rentals and maintenance contracts.	- 164	

5. FY 1988 President's Budget Request

\$44,07/

esercia esercial recessor persece esercial

Activity Group	: Fleet Training (cont'd)		
6.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) fuel  2) Non-fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates  C. Other Pricing Adjustments  1) Annualization of FERS  2) Other	(-16) 31 -47 (286) (984) 32 952	1,254
7.	A. One-Time FY 1989 Costs  1) Overhaul of the St. Croix Capri radar and Nike Hercules radar which are used on the Underwater Test Range (UTR).  2) Contractor support required for training in the operation of the Wide Area Active Sur- veillance (WAAS) system (1.25)	(874) 695 179	2,430
	contractor workyears).  B. Other Program Growth in FY 1989  1) Civilian substitution for shore rating reduction (1	(1,556) 39	
	workyear).  2) Fleet Area Control and Surveillance Facility (FACSFAC) at AFWTf to manage the Puerto Rico Operational Area. There are major deficiencies in the overall Air Traffic Control (ATC) for ensuring adequate separation, airspace integrity, and interagency coordination within and surrounding the offshore training area. A FACSFAC at AFWTf will enhance the air traffic control capability at NAVSTA Roosevelt Roads and improve flight safety.	301	
	3) Purchase of spares for the Tactical Digital Information Link-C, Threat Platform Simulator AN/TPS-1, Command and Control Processing Display System, and the Laser Target Scoring System. Adequate spares for these systems are not currently on hand and spares cannot be cannabilized to repair this equipment.	543	



## Activity Group: Fleet Training (cont'd)

4) Increased contractor oper-	299
ated range costs associated	
with increased range size and	
usage. The underwater acoustic	
tracking area at the AFWIF has	
been expanded from 82 sq.	
nautical mi. to 332 sq. nautical	
mi. to eliminate operational	
constraints and accommodate	
minimum readiness requirements	
of an expanded Fleet. The	
expanded UTR will provide more	
fleet units increased time on	
the range. Contractor manning	
increases are required to support	
increased workload.	
5) Adjustments to the service	374
craft overhaul schedule.	

	D		4 101
8.	Program Decreases  A. One Time FY 1988 Costs  1) Reduction of two civilian workdays.	(-1,957) -14	-4,181
	2) Completion of AFWTF Service craft overhauls (TRB-3, TRB-4, LCU 1637, and LCU 755).	-1,943	
	B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989 1) Completion of on-board EW training package development and reduced contractor support for the assessment of training requirements, development of the Centralized Navy Electronic Warfare Training Plan (CNEWIP), and development of the EW training continuum for officers and enlisted personnel.	(-2,224) -694	
	2) Reduction in use of Pacific Missile Test Center (PMTC) and Pacific Missile Range Facility	-1,484	

(PMRF) based on changing requirements and training opportunities.

3) Reduction in equipment rentals -46 and maintenance contracts.

9. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

\$43,580

Activity Group: Fleet Training	(cor	nt'd)		
III. Performance Criteria.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Number of Courses Scheduled Student Throughput Average Number of Students	1,962 161,166	2,127 167,184	2,162 172,968	2,294 178,926
in Training No. Ships Scheduled for	1,630	1,961	2,853	3,139
Refresher Training Special Weapons Technical	303	314	309	314
Inspection Personnel Trained in Special	448	425	426	427
Weapons Personnel Programmatic	795	833	835	835
Assistance Visits	114	112	118	120
IV. <u>Personnel Summary</u> .	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Strength (E/S)				
A. <u>Military</u>	2,120	1,931	2,073	2,106
Officer Enlisted	394 1,726	387 1,544	392 1,681	394 1,712
B. <u>Civilian</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>100</u>	100
USDH	80	96	100	100

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Unified Commands

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

### I. Description of Operations Financed.

The unified commands direct tri-service forces in joint operations in support of national objectives. The unified commands supported are the Commanders in Chief, U. S. Atlantic (USCINCLANI) and Pacific (USCINCPAC), subordinate commands, and special tri-service programs. The funds requested provide for the day to-day operating cost of these commands, including pay of civilian personnel, administrative supplies and equipment, travel, training, maintenance of office equipment, utilities, and communications.

Funds in this program are also requested for Overseas Military Banking. The cost of this program is determined on a defense-wide basis and allocated to the services in relation to the banking facilities within their respective areas of responsibility. The total defense-wide cost of the program is the net of expenses and income. Expenses include normal operating expenses and a fixed management fee. Income includes service charges and interest income earned on investable balances of accounts maintained at the banking facilities. Funds required for Overseas Military Banking vary inversely with interest rates.

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

		F	Y 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget <u>Request</u>
Unified Commands Total, Act. Group	24,006 24,006	29,847 29,847	29,326 29,326	41, <u>601</u> 41,601	29 <u>.171</u> 29.171	30,753 30,753

# Activity Group: Unified Commands (cont'd)

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$41,601
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board 3) Foreign National Direct  B. Stock Fund (-13) 1) Fuel -2 2) Non-Fuel  C. Industrial Fund Rate 0. FN Indirect (7)  E. Other Pricing Adjustments (1,207) 1) Annualization of FERS 580 2) Other	1,268
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers In (37)  1) Inter-Appropriation 37  a) Expense/Investment Criteria Increase threshold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. Transfer from OPN.  B. Transfers Out (-170) 1) Intra-Appropriation -170 a) Transfer of graphics production support to General Defense Intelligence Programs (-40). b) Transfer of data automation support to classified program activity (-130).	- 133
4.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases (26)  1) Increase to support additional 26 workyears at Commander in Chief, U.S. Atlantic Headquarters. This adjustment properly aligns workyears and end strength to reflect a 2% lapse factor for civilian employment (1 workyear).  B. One-Time FY 1988 Costs (31)  1) One additional workday of civilian 31 employment in FY 1988.	683

Activity Group: Unified Commands (cont'd)

<b>C</b> .	Other Program Growth in FY 1988	(626)
	<ol> <li>Program increase at Commander,</li> </ol>	126
	U.S. Forces, Japan for inter	
	service support agreement (ISSA)	
	funding for transportation support	
	which includes maintenance, fuel,	
	oil, and repair parts; and	
	to support commercial vehicle	
	rental for secure official	
	transportation in the lokyo area.	
	The ISSA is managed by the Air	
	force and costs are prorated to	
	the other services.	
	2) Defense Cooperation in	500
	Armaments requires additional	
	manpower to meet Defense goals	
	on NATO armaments cooperation.	

Program Decreases 14,248

- A. Annualization of FY 1987 Decreases (-111)
  1) Savings associated with the -111
  application of historic economical
  mix of full-time permanent and
  temporary employees.
- B. One-Time FY 1987 Costs (-12,800)
  1) Severence pay to overseas -12,800
  employees from termination
  liability of overseas banking
  contracts in Japan.
- C. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988 (-1,337)

  1) Reduction in JCS Exercise travel -470
  and other purchased services at
  Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Atlantic
  to align funding with projected
  program requirements.
  2) Reduction in funding for -67
  - equipment rental and other purchased services to align funding with projected program requirements at Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific.

    3) Funding reduction for joint
  - 3) Funding reduction for joint military special operations due to reduced requirements. Navy funding requirements are developed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff based on a pro-rata share of the total program.
    4) Reduction in contractor support
  - 4) Reduction in contractor support -407 services and other purchases due to revised program requirements.
- 6. FY 1988 President's Budget Request

\$29,171

- 393

Activity Group: Unified Commands (cont'd)

7.	Pricing Adjustments		574
	A. Stock Fund 1) fuel	(-5)	
	2) Non-fuel	1 - 6	
	B. Industrial Fund Rates	(1)	
	C. FN Indirect	(7)	
	D. Other Pricing Adjustments	(571)	
	<ol> <li>Annualization of FERS</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	110 461	
	z) other	401	
8.	Program Increases		1,164
	A. Other Program Growth in FY 1989	(1,164)	
	1) Program increase for forward	507	
	air control radar design, review and installation at Joint Air		
	Reconnaissance Control Centers.		
	This increase properly aligns		
	installation and design funding		
	with expected radar deliveries.		
	2) Increase at Commander, U.S.	117	
	Forces Japan for administrative support at the recently established		
	Command Coordination Center.		
	3) Program increase for joint	540	
	military special operations		
	requirements based on Navy's		
	fair-share of the total program		
	requirements.		
9.	Program Decreases		- 156
	A. One Time FY 1988 Costs	(-70)	
	<ol> <li>Two less workdays of civilian</li> </ol>	`- 70	
	employment in FY 1989.		
	B. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	(-86)	
	1) Reduction in contractor	- 86	
	support services and other equipment purchased.		
	equipment puicnaseu.		
10.	FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$30,753



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Activity C	Group:	Unified	Commands	(cont'd)
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III. <u>Performance Criteria</u> .	FY O&MN\$	1986 CIV	FY O&MN\$	1 <u>987</u> CIV		1 <u>988</u> C I V		1989 C I V
USCINCI ANI	3,783	50	6,231	60	4,851	59	5,267	59
USCINCPAC	12,506	163	13,914	210	12,250	209	12,523	209
COMUSNAVSO	-		345	4	350	4	349	4
Joint Special								
Operations	4,577	-	4,747		4,520	-	5,214	
Overseas Banking	3,340	=	16,364	=	<u>7,200</u>	_ ==	7,400	
Total Unified Commands	24,006	213	41,601	274	29,171	272	30,753	272

IV.	Per	sonnel Summary.	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
	<u>End</u>	Strength (E/S)				
	Α.	Military	<u>809</u>	884	<u>897</u>	<u>899</u>
		Officer Enlisted	344 465	402 482	409 488	410 489
	В.	Civilian	213	<u>274</u>	272	272
		USDH FNDH FNIH	210 3 0	263 3 8	261 3 8	261 3 8

#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Fleet Commands and Staffs
Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

### 1. Description of Operations Financed.

fleet Commands and Staffs exercise command, operational control and coordination over assigned forces including employment of all units (ships, aircraft, support activities and other related units). They plan for, and when required conduct, operations to protect assigned forces, control vital sea areas, and protect sea lines of communications.

The funds requested provide for the day-to-day operating costs of the Commander in Chief, U.S. Naval Forces Europe, the Atlantic and Pacific Fleet Commanders and their staffs, and other staffs reporting directly to the Chief of Naval Operations and directly supporting the operating forces. Funding also pays for the operation of Armed Forces Radio and Television service, the Navy Imaging Command and Navy Internal Relations Activity.

## II. <u>financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)</u>.

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989	
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro- priation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>	Budget <u>Request</u>
Staff Admin	87,787	88,639	87,806	87,438	90,726	88,732
Armed Forces Radi	0					
& Television	8,231	8,711	8,567	8,555	9,432	9,480
Navy Imaging						
Command	5,975	7,244	7,084	7,114	7,216	6,947
Total Act. Group	101,993	104,594	103,457	103,107	107,374	105,159



Activity Group: Fleet Commands and Staffs (cont'd)

B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$103,107
2.	Pricing Adjustments A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board 3) Foreign National Direct B. Stock Fund 1) Non-Fuel C. Industrial Fund Rate D. FN Indirect E. Other Pricing Adjustments 1) Annualization of FERS 2) Other	(278) 263 6 9 (-123) -123 (-373) (73) (3,382) 2,138 1,244	3,237
3.	Functional Program Transfers A. Transfers-In 1) Intra-Appropriation (a) Transfer of Navy Tactical Interoperability Group Program from Fleet Operations Support. 2) Inter-Appropriation (a) Expense/Investment Criteria Increase threshold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand. Transfer from OPN. B. Transfers-Out 1) Intra-Appropriation (a) Transfer of Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) coordination function to BA 9, Administration (-25). (b) Transfer of civilian classification personnel acquired through the disestablishment of DAVA to the Consolidated Civilian Personnel Office in BA 9 Administration (-91). (c) Transfer of Funds to rent commercially leased space realigned to BA 9 for direct payment the General Services Administration federal Building Fund (-20). d) Transfer of Naval Combat Art function from Naval Internal Relations Activity (BA 2) to the Naval History Center (BA 9) (-98).	(1,549) 750 799 (-234) -234	1,315

# Activity Group: Fleet Commands and Staffs (cont'd)

4.	Pro	gram Increases		2,412
	Α.	Annualization of fY 1987 Increases	(1,118)	
		1) Annualization of civilian	1,118	
		substitution program (40 work	·	
		years) and internal auditor at		
		Mine Warfare Command.		
	В.	One-lime FY 1988 Costs	(166)	
	υ.	1) One additional workday of civilian	166	
		employment in FY 1988.	, 00	
	c	Other Program Growth in FY 1988	(1,128)	
	L.		72	
		1) Efficient use of civilian	12	
		and military manpower realized		
		through civilian substitution/		
		shore rating reduction (7 end		
		strength/4 workyears).	407	
		2) Increased support for the	427	
		Mine Warfare Command for adminis-		
		tration of fleet mine warfare		
		certification requirements.	3.05	
		<ol><li>Increased support for U.S.</li></ol>	105	
		Naval Central Command to achieve		
		basic level of operations.		
		4) Support for Navy Broad-	44	
		casting equipment.		
		5) Increased Naval Forces Central	453	
		Command support for the Military		
		Sealift Command Joint Deployment/		
		Strategic Mobility planning		
		6) Armed Forces Radio and	27	
		Television, Closed Circuit		
		Television Life Cycle Support.		
		te te vision en e aje te appers.		
5.	Pro	ogram Decreases		2,69/
	Α.	~	(-42)	
	7.	1) Annualization of Readiness	42	
		Support Group civilian personnel		
		transferred to Ship Maintenance.		
	D	Other Program Decreases in FY 1988	(-7)	
	В.		7	
		1) FY 1987 FNIH Retroactive Pay	,	
	•	Raise and Separation Liability.	(-2,648)	
	С.	Other FY 1988 Decreases		
		1) Decrease in materials,	2,560	
		supplies, travel and ADP support		
		at Fleet Headquarters, Air Staffs		
		and Units, Submarine Squadrons		
		and Staffs, Surface Squadrons and		
		Groups and Other staff units.		
		<ol><li>Savings associated with the</li></ol>	88	
		application of historic economical		
		mix of full-time permanent and		
		temporary employees.		

Activity Group	: Fleet Commands and Staffs (cont'd)		
6.	FY 1988 President's Budget Request		\$107,374
7.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Stock Fund  1) Non-Fuel  B. Industrial Fund Rates  C. FN Indirect  D. Other Pricing Adjustments  1) Annualization of FERS  2) Other	(-95) -95 (296) (18) (1,468) 370 1,098	1,687
8.	Program Increases  A. Annualization of FY 1988 Increases  1) Annualization of three civilian workyears for civilian substitution/shore rating reduction.	(72) 72	72
9.	Program Decreases A. Annualization of FY 1988 Decreases 1) Annualization of Readiness Support Groups transferred to PBD 008 - Ship Maintenance. B. One Time FY 1988 Costs 1) Two less workdays of civilian employment in FY 1989. C. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989 1) Decrease in materials, supplies, travel and ADP support at Fleet Headquarters, Air Staffs and Units, Sub- marine Squadrons and Staffs, Surface Squadrons and Groups and Other staff units. 2) Reduction at Naval Imaging Command resulting from reduced distribution of films and video casettes, as well as more efficient production efforts.	(-22) -22 (-359) -359 (-3,593) -3,244	-3,974

\$105,159

10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

Activity Group: <u>Fleet Commands and Staffs (cont'd)</u>

III. Performance Criteria.	FY	1986	FY	1987
	0&M,N	CIV E/S	0&M,N	CIV E/S
CINCLANIFLI	6,056	146	6,139	122
CINCPACELT	5,365	85	6,285	111
CINCUSNAVEUR	1,811	38	1,975	
TYPE COMMANDERS	32,424	636	31,729	
Submarine Sqdn Staffs	3,215	0	2,655	0
Surface Sqdn Staffs	4,431	5	4,124	
Other Fleet Staffs/Units	18,729	307	21,038	_
COMINEWARCOM	2,100	22	2,089	23
COMFAIRMED	1,291	11	1,408	
Naval Imaging Command	5,975	105	7,114	
Armed Forces Radio/Television	6,820	21	6,999	21
Navy Tact Interoperability	0,010	2.	0,333	
Support Activity	4,360	15	4,545	16
COMOPTEVFOR	444	Ō	546	Ö
COMM Second Fleet	398	Ö	532	Õ
COMM Third Fleet	2,151	13	0	Ö
COMM Sixth Fleet	300	0	327	Ō
COMM Seventh Fleet	132	0	198	0
Joint Deployment System/				
Strategic Mobility System	4,179	0	3,415	0
Navy Internal Relations	•		·	
Activity	1,411	16	1,556	17
COMUSNAVCENT	401	2	433	2
TOTAL	101,993	1,422	103,107	1,580



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Activity Group: Fleet Commands and Staffs (cont'd)

III. Performance Criteria.	FY	1988		1989
		CIV E/S	0&M,N	CIV E/S
	c 000	100	5,075	122
CINCLANTEL	6,880	122	6,822	111
CINCPACELT	6,676	111		
CINCUSNAVEUR	2,034		2,033	
TYPE COMMANDERS	31,855		30,787	
Submarine Sqdn Staffs	3,730	0	4,137	0
Surface Sqdn Staffs	3,453	3	3,165	3
Other Fleet Staffs/Units	21,396		21,709	
COMINEWARCOM	2,507		2,459	
COMFAIRMED	1,450	12	1,450	
Naval Imaging Command	7,216	121	6,947	
Armed Forces Radio/lelevision	7,891	23	7,907	23
Navy lact Interoperability				
Support Activity	5,205	16	5,250	16
COMOPTEVFOR	538	0	538	0
COMM Second Fleet	537	0	454	0
COMM Third Fleet	0	0	0	0
COMM Sixth Fleet	337		337	
COMM Seventh Fleet	191	Õ	179	0
Joint Deployment System/	, , ,	· ·	,,,,	•
	3,390	0	3,579	0
Strategic Mobility System	3,390	U	5,575	· ·
Navy Internal Relations	2 643	17	1,573	17
Activity	1,541	17		2
COMUSNAVCENT	547	2	758	2
TOTAL	107,374	1,594	105,159	1,594

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Activity Group:	Fleet Commands and Staffs	(cont'd)
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IV.		rsonnel Summary.	FY 1986	FY 1987	<u>FY 1988</u>	<u>F</u> Y 1 <u>989</u>
	Α.	Military Officer Enlisted	11,209 3,459 7,750	11,516 3,870 7,646	11,649 3,905 7,744	11,682 3,884 7,798
	В.	Civilian	1,422	1,580	1,594	1,594
		USDH FNDH FNIH	1,401 7 14	1,547 19 14	1,561 19 14	1,561 19

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Cruise Missile

Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

## 1. Description of Operations Financed.

The mission of the Joint Cruise Missile Project (JCMP) is to develop, test, evaluate, acquire and support the Navy and Air Force Cruise Missiles and to maximize subsystem, component and software commonality to derive maximum benefit from the management of the several Cruise Missile programs. Through this program, JCMP provides for overall management and engineering support of both Sea and Ground Launched Cruise Missiles.

Project Office support is requested to fund salaries for Navy civilian personnel and general operating expenses including rentals, office furniture, equipment, supplies, and administrative travel needed to sustain the Joint Project Office. The efforts provided by the project staff include procurement, development and production contract management; planning, programming and budgeting support; and office and administrative services.

As part of the Secretary of the Navy's organization streamlining efforts, project office support for the JCMP has been consolidated with the Naval Air Systems Command in FY 1988.

Engineering Support funds the Operations and Engineering effort required to maintain the TOMAHAWK Weapon System. This includes:

#### A. OPERATIONAL TEST LAUNCH (OTL) FLIGHT TEST

OTL flight tests are the primary means for evaluating production missiles to determine and monitor operational readiness and aging effects of the deployed weapons system. Tests will also be used to support fleet training, tactics development and to provide diagnostic information which can be used to enhance weapon system effectiveness.

The OTL scenario encompasses returning a fleet "All-Up-Round" (AUR) to the TOMAHAWK Weapons Facility (TWF) for pre-flight preparation including installation of a Range Safety System or a Recovery Exercise Module. Detailed test planning, appropriate fleet activities and the flight test are conducted using a realistic operational scenario.

following an OTL flight test, the missile is recovered, refurbished at the 1WF and returned to the operational inventory. Program costs include range support, flight test instrumentation, target support, data reduction, and labor performed during pre flight preparation and post flight refurbishment.

The Oll program is the only method for accurately monitoring flight reliability of production rounds to ensure product integrity.

Activity Group: Cruise Missile (cont'd)

#### B. DEPOT MAINTENANCE

10MAHAWK missiles will be returned to the 10MAHAWK Weapons facilities (TWF) for examination and recertification (periodic maintenance). Any retrofits and/or modifications of the missile will be accomplished during the recertification process. Also, missiles are refurbished after an OTL or reworked if damaged during fleet handling at the TWF.

## C. NUCLEAR SAFETY AND CERTIFICATION AND SEARA EFFORTS

The Nuclear Safety and Certification effort includes Nuclear Safety Analysis (NSA) updates which support changes to the baseline (IOC) systems, as well as Independent Software and Nuclear Safety Analysis (ISNSA) updates, supporting changes to the software and firmware. Both Surface Ship and Submarine TOMAHAWK Weapons Systems are included. The Stockpile Evaluation and Reliability Assessment (SEARA) includes Quality Assurance Stockpile lests (QASI), Stockpile Laboratory lests and Joint Integrated Laboratory Tests.

#### D. MAINTENANCE/TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Maintenance/lechnical Support includes software maintenance, platform maintenance requirements, and logistics and technical support. Software upkeep is required separately for the anti-ship and land-attack cruise missile variants. Platform maintenance requirements include support of the Surface Ship Weapons Control Systems, the Armored Box Launchers, the Vertical Launch System, the Submarine Combat Control Systems MK l and Torpedo Tube Launchers. Logistics and technical support includes ILS management, training, technical manual updates, in-service engineering, and TOTEM support. The TOMAHAWK Test Missile (TOTEM) is an unboosted, launchable and recoverable encapsulated test missile for use in testing TOMAHAWK compatibility with the Submarine MK l fire Control System and the Torpedo Tube Launcher.

### E. MISSION PLANNING CENTERS (MPC'S)

The Mission Planning Centers develop and maintain the software programs which control, automatically by computer, the Land Attack Cruise Missiles. O&M,N costs associated with the MPC's are for software maintenance and upkeep of the centers.

#### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. <u>Sub-Activity Group Breakout</u>.

			FY 1987			FY 1989
		Budget	Appro	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	Estimate	<u>Request</u>	Request
Project Office	11,261	11,444	11,444	11,808	0	0
Engineering Sup	61,330	97,973	91,556	90,991	106,277	116,833
Total Act. Group	72,591	109,417	103,000	102,799	106,277	116,833



Activity Group: Cruise Missile (cont'd)

### B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

consolidated to achieve the efficiencies which result from organization streamlining

overlapping support structures.

and the elimination of

1.	fY 1987 Current Estimate		\$102,799
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises	(74)	2,384
	<ul><li>i) Classified</li><li>B. Industrial Fund Rates</li><li>C. Other Pricing Adjustments</li></ul>	74 (-252) (2,562)	
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers Out  1) Intra-Appropriation  a) Consolidation of JCM  Project Office Support with  the Naval Air Systems Command  in Budget Activity 7. These  support structures were	(-11,848) 11,848	- 11,848

4. Program Increases

17,311

A. Other Program Growth in FY 1988 (17,311)1) Includes launch support for 2.115 2 additional Operational Test Launches (including additional target hulks) required to achieve minimum operational confidence levels and ensure missile reliability. 2) Increased OTL fixed costs result-2,234 ing from the completion of the Research. Development, Test and Evaluation. Navy (RDI&E.N) flight test program. OTL fixed costs were previously prorated between RD1&E.N and O&M.N. 3) Depot maintenance in support 8,853 of 40 additional recertifications. installation of modification kits to achieve current missile configuration, and depot supply management.

Activity	Group	: Cruise Missile (cont	<u>(b'</u>	
		4) Supports increased nuclear safety software analysis and nuclear safety reliability testing as well as new requirement for command disable testing. Two command disable tests are planned to ensure the TOMAHAWK missile is irreversibly nuclear safe in accordance with Department of Energy/Department of Defense agreements.	(1)	
		5) Increase in Contract Engineering Technical Services (CETS) in support of activation and operation of the TOMAHAWK cruise missile.	103	
		6) Depot Supply/Technical Support provides for In-Service Engineering Agent (ISEA) support and technical manual updates. ISEA support includes technical support, test equipment support, configuration controls and Integrated Logistic Support which increases as the result of 19 additional TOMAHAWK ship/sub platforms. Savings associated with Navy management emphasis on the elimination of inefficiencies in engineering and logistic support efforts have been factored into the increase.	1,771	
		<ol> <li>Theater Mission Planning Center increase supports TMPC systems main- tenance for "Block 8" upgrade.</li> </ol>	1,598	
	5.	Program Decreases  A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1988  1) Depot maintenance decrease of 3 missile and 3 Recovery Exercise Module (REM) refurbishments.	-2,413	4,369
		<ol> <li>Reduction in depot supply/ technical support as a result of cruise missile training support transitioning to Budget Activity 8.</li> </ol>	-1,956	



\$106,277



Activity Group: Cruise Missile (co	ont'd)	
<ul><li>7. Pricing Adjustments</li><li>A. Industrial Fund Rates</li><li>B. Other Pricing Adjustments</li></ul>	(560) (2,856)	3,416
8. Program Increases A. Other Program Growth in FY 1989 1) Supports one additional OTL required to achieve minimum operational confidence levels and ensure missile reliability.	(9,568) 778	9,568
2) Depot maintenance in support of 24 additional recertifications, installation of modification kits to achieve current missile configuration, and depot supply	5,032	
management.  3) Depot Supply/Technical Support provides for ISEA support, technical manual updates, and Naval Weapon Station (NWS) operations. ISEA support increase results from an increase of 20 TOMAHAWK platforms. Savings associated with Navy management emphasis on the elimination of inefficiencies in engineering and logistic support efforts have been factored into the increase.	2,008	
4) Supports the 1666 D to B conversion effort and the required ship certifications. 5) Theater Mission Planning Center (TMPC) increase supports increased maintenance resulting from the TMPC upgrade effort.	1,125 625	
<ol> <li>Program Decreases</li> <li>A. Other Program Decreases in FY 1989         <ol> <li>Depot Maintenance decrease of 3 missile and 3 REM refurbishments.</li> <li>Decrease in Nuclear Safety</li></ol></li></ol>	(-2,428) -1,673 -755	-2,428 -
10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request		\$116,833

Activity Group: Cruise Missile (cont'd)

III. <u>Performance Criteria</u>	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Platform Maintenance	40	59	78	98
TOIEM Maintenance facilities	5	5	5	5
Operational Test Launch Flight Tests	11	14	16	17
Refurbishments	0	13	10	7
Recertifications	40	65	105	129
Theater Mission Planning Centers	3	3	3	3
IV. <u>Personnel Summary</u> <u>End Strength (E/S)</u>	FY 1 <u>986</u>	FY 1987	<u>FY 1988</u>	FY 1989
	FY 1 <u>986</u>	<u>FY 1987</u> <u>72</u>	<u>FY 1988</u> <u>0</u>	<u>FY 1989</u> <u>0</u>
End Strength (E/S)	-			
End Strength (E/S)  A. Military  Officer	<u>71</u> 61	<u>72</u> 62	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Foreign Currency Fluctuation Budget Activity: II - General Purpose Forces

## Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides resources for foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Operations financed include the cost of foreign currency gains or losses against the U.S. dollar. The use of this fund has been instrumental in permitting an orderly execution of the budgeted program and in preventing turbulence caused by unbudgeted increases in value of foreign currencies.

### II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. Subactivity Breakout

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro priation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	Budget Request	Budget <u>Request</u>
Foreign Currency	139,400	0	0	0	0	0
Total Act. Group	139,400	0	0	0	0	0

## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987	Current Estimate	•	<b>\$</b> 0
2.	FY 1988	President's Budget	Request	0
3.	FY 1989	President's Budget	Request	0

## Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: <u>Maintenance of Real Property</u> Budget Activity: <u>II - General Purposes Forces</u>

#### I. Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides maintenance, repair and minor construction of all buildings, structures, grounds and utility systems at major fleet bases and aviation activities to permit assigned forces and tenants to perform their missions.

The major elements of this program are:

- o Facilities Maintenance finances scheduled, day-to-day recurring maintenance, and emergency service work needed to preserve facilities.
- o Major Repairs provides major repairs necessary to bring existing facilities into adequate condition to support assigned missions.
- o Minor Construction finances the erection, installation or assembly of real property facilities; the addition, extension alteration, conversion or replacement of existing real property facilities; the relocation of real property facilities; and the installation of equipment which becomes part of a facility.

#### II. <u>Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)</u>.

#### A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	Budget Request	Appro priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Request
Facilities Maint. Major Repair Proj. Minor Construction	225,225 184,062 42,803	255,475 153,896 25,102	245,174 123,822 24,735	245,174 202,384 39,787	256,275 189,049 38,847	268,094 89,434 34,959
Total, Act Group	452,090	434,473	393,731	487,345	484,171	392,487



## Activity Group: Maintenance of Real Property (cont'd)

В.	Reconcilia	tion of	Increases	and	Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$487,345
2.	Pricing Adjustments A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Classified 2) Wage Board 3) Foreign National Direct B. Stock Fund 1) Fuel 2) Non Fuel C. Industrial Fund Rates D. FN Indirect E. Annualization of FERS F. Other Pricing Adjustments	1,226 (64) (740) (422) 486 (54) (432) 1,391 850 1,909 22,125	27,015
3.	<ul> <li>Functional Transfers</li> <li>A. Transfers out</li> <li>1. Intra appropriation</li> <li>a) Naval Hospital, Keflavik</li> <li>to BA 8.</li> </ul>	(-7)	. 7
4.	Program Increases  A. Other Program Increases in fY 1988  1) Increased physical security minor construction funds for projects such as fencing, lighting and hardened magizines.  2) One additional CIVPERS workday.  3) Increase for maintenance of facilities at new strategic homeport at New York.	(2,782) (181) (1,084)	4,047
5	Program Decreases  A One Time FY 1987 Costs  1) FY 1987 Foreign National Indirect separation liability.  B other Program Decreases in FY 1988  1) Projected end strength and dollar savings resulting from scheduled Efficiency Reviews  1 Savings associated with increased oversight of MRP contracts by the Naval Facilities Engineering Command. Increased oversight is expected to ead to a lower rate of change order, and or improvement in design thereby reducing the cost of MRF contracts	258 ( 258) 33,971 ( 98)	34,229

Activity Group:	Maintenance of Real Property	(cont'd)
	<ol> <li>Reduction in Major Repair Projects.</li> </ol>	(-30,311)
6. F	Y 1988 President's Budget Request	

7. Pr	icing Adjustments		14,516
Α.	Annualization of Direct Pay Raises	25	
	1) Wage Board	(25)	
В.	Stock Fund	- 308	
	l) fuel	(17)	
	2) Non-Fuel	( 325)	
С.	Industrial Fund Rates	1,696	
Ο.	FN Indirect	814	
E.	Annualization of FERS	415	
F.	Other Pricing Adjustments	11.874	

8.	Program Increases		2,341
	A. Other Program Increases in FY 1989	2,341	
	<ol> <li>Increase for maintenance of</li> </ol>	(2,341)	
	facilities at new or expanded		
	strategic homeports.		

9.	Pro	gram Decreases		-108,541
	Α.	One-Time FY 1988 Costs	-262	
		1) FY 1988 Foreign National	- 262	
		Indirect separation liability.		
	В.	Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	-108,297	
		<ol> <li>Projected end-strength</li> </ol>	(-234)	
		and dollar savings resulting		
		from scheduled Efficiency		
		Reviews.		
		<ol><li>Savings associated with</li></ol>	(-1,314)	
		increased oversight of MRP		
		contracts by the Naval		
		Facilities Engineering Command.		

Increased oversight is expected	
to lead to a lower rate of change	
orders and an improvement in	
design thereby reducing the cost	
of MRP contracts.	
3) Civilian employment two	( 363)
less paid days in FY 1989.	
4) Reduction in major repair	(-106,368)
projects.	

/ Ff 1989 President's Budget Request

\$392,48/

\$484,171

3434f/4

Activity Group: <u>Maintenance of</u>	Real Property	(00	ont'd)	
III. <u>Performance Criteria</u> .	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Maintenance of Real Property				
Backlog, Maint/Repair (\$000) lotal Buildings (KSF)	635,708 135,181	622, <b>094</b> 137,746	628,223 141,013	719,841 143,069
IV. <u>Personnel Summary.</u>	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
End Strength (E/S)				
A. <u>Military</u>	488	<u>548</u>	<u>557</u>	570
Officer Enlisted	30 458	37 511	38 519	3 <b>9</b> 531
B. <u>Civilian</u>	2,317	2,377	2,389	2.451
USDH FNDH FNIH	1,326 501 490	1,392 508 477	1,404 508 477	1,472 504 475

#### Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Activity Group: Base Operations

Budget Activity: II General Purposes Forces

I Description of Operations Financed.

This program provides the base support services and material required at major fleet bases and air stations to permit assigned forces and tenants to perform their missions.

The major elements of this program are:

- o <u>Utility Operations</u> Includes operating expenses for purchased electricity, electricity generating plants, purchased steam and hot water, heat plants, utility distribution systems, waste systems, air conditioning and refrigeration plants.
- o Personnel Operations Support required for personnel related functions to include expenses for:

Bachelor Housing Operations and Furnishings—provides support for the operation of bachelor housing and the purchase and maintenance of personnel support equipment related to this housing.

Other Personnel Support - provides for mess halls, sales activities, laundry and dry cleaning facilities.

<u>Morale Welfare and Recreation</u> provides authorized appropriated fund support for shore based recreation activities.

<u>Station Hospitals, Medical and Dental Clinics</u> direct and indirect health care costs for Health Care Facilities not under the financial control of the Naval Medical Command.

Human Goals provides support for programs which focus on improving organizational and individual effectiveness and the administrative support of the Alcohol and Drug programs.

Base Operations Mission Support for those Base Operations functions which are required in direct support of the mission of the base. For example, Fleet Training Support, logistics Support, etc. Expenses are included for the following functions.



- Retail Supply Operations In addition to standard supply functions, this item includes the procurement, receipt, storage and issue of bulk liquid fuel, including operating aircraft fuel servicing facilities. Additionally, waterfront operations such as handling incoming and outgoing cargo and loading/unloading ammunition onto and from combatant vessels are included.
- <u>Maintenance of Installation Equipment</u> provides for maintenance of major shore based equipment including: service and miscellaneous craft, construction equipment (non-deployable), weapons, electronics, electronic engineering, and fleet moorings.
- Other Base Services provides for the maintenance and operation of vehicles/other transportation equipment, port services (includes navigational assistance to ships, operation of service craft, degaussing operations, and oil spill cleanup).
- o <u>Base Operations Ownership</u> Support required at shore bases regardless of type of mission being performed, which must be sustained to have a functioning base. Expenses are included for the following functions:
  - Other Engineering Support Public Works Department Administration, engineering services, custodial services, refuse/garbage collection and disposal, snow removal, rental and leasing of real property, and fire protection and firefighting for Naval activities and their tenants.
  - <u>Administration</u> provides support related to financial/resource management, civilian manpower management, and maintaining military personnel records.
  - <u>Automated Data Processing</u> provides analysis programming, equipment rental, operations and maintenance, contractual services and supplies.
  - Hazardous Waste Material Handling includes personnel, supplies and training associated with the identification and disposal of hazardous wastes.
  - <u>Audiovisual</u> provides supplies and services required for audiovisual support.

Physical Security - Provides shore base physical security.









## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands).

## A. Sub-Activity Group Breakout.

			FY 1987		FY 1988	FY 1989
		Budget	Appro-	Current	Budget	Budget
	FY 1986	Request	priation	<u>Estimat</u>	<u>e Request</u>	Request
Base Communications	36,956	33,632	33,128	34,507	48,283	40,503
Utility Operations	203,787	228,544	218,984	225,188	231,822	239,574
Personnel Operations	123,959	119,292	113,556	109,796	127,917	142,913
Base Operations,						
Mission	354,645	412,050	400,582	385,508	418,557	439,959
Ownership Operations	412,811	436,723	426,700	452,355	499,849	530,628
Total Act Croup 1	122 150 1	220 241 1	102 050 1	207 354	1 326 429 1	1 202 577







## B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases.

1.	FY 1987 Current Estimate	\$1,207,354
2.	Pricing Adjustments  A. Annualization of Direct Pay Raises  1) Classified  2) Wage Board  3) Foreign National Direct  B. Stock Fund	65,381 2,533 (1,408) (704) (421) -8,454
	1) Fuel 2) Non-fuel C. Industrial Fund Rates D. FN Indirect E. Annualization of FERS F. Other Pricing Adjustments	(-6,617) (-1,837) 3,408 21,840 10,199 35,855
3.	Functional Program Transfers  A. Transfers-In  1) Intra-appropriation  a) CAAC (NADSAP) from BA 8.  b) PSA MIRAMAR from BA 8.  c) Trash removal at NSC  Norfolk from BA 7.  d) AAA function from BA 7.  e) Rota Hospital AAA  function from BA 8.  f) FRAAS agents from BA 7.  g) Legal counsel from BA 7.  h) Federal Telephone System  from BA 3.  2) Inter-Appropriation  a) Patent Counsel from ROT&E.  b) Expense/Investment Criteria.  In response to a request from the  Congress to review the adequacy of  current expense/investment criteria,  the Department conducted a study  which supports increasing the threshold from \$5 thousand to \$25 thousand.  This change in budget policy will  alleviate budget execution problems  associated with fluctuations in  equipment unit prices and uneconomical  lease versus buy decisions. Transfer  is from OPN.	4,878 6,665 2,960 (197) (66) (90) (19) (26) (68) (17) (2,471) 3,705 (136) (3,569)
	<ul> <li>B. Transfers Out</li> <li>1) Intra Appropriation</li> <li>a) Consolidated Guam</li> <li>recreation to BA 3.</li> </ul>	1,787 1,787 ( 139)
	b) Naval Hospital Keflavick to BA 8.	(-1,108)

		c) Stores accounting to BA 7.	(-316)	
		d) Dental functions at	(-31)	
		Argentia to BA 8.		
		e) Office of Civilian Personnel	( - 58)	
		Management (OCPM) to BA 9.		
		f) GSA Standard Level User Charge	(-13)	
		(SLUC) transfer to BA 9.	( /	
		g) Counseling and Assitance	(-89)	
		Center/Navy Alcohol Safety Awareness	( 00)	
		Program (CAAC/NADSAP) to BA B.		
		h) Main line rental for School	(-33)	
		of Music to BA 8.	(~33)	
		of Music to barb.		
	n	T		(2.212
4.		gram Increases		57,717
	Α.		6,491	
		1) FY 1987 CIVSUB program.	(3,178)	
		2) FY 1987 Marine guard	(3,123)	
		replacement program.		
		3) FY 1987 supply support	(190)	
		management.		
	В.	One-Time FY 1988 Costs	7,695	
		1) Oahu lelephone System	(6,500)	
		2) DSN (Digital Subscriber	(1,195)	
		Network) throughout WESTPAC area.		
	С.	Other Program Increases in FY 1988	43,531	
	-	1) Civilian employment - plus	(1,469)	
		one day in FY 1988.	( , , , , , , ,	
		2) Increased physical security	(3,938)	
		funding to better safeguard	(3,330)	
		personnel and property.	(3 435)	
		3) Increase for improvement	(1,425)	
		in managing inventories.	40.400	
		4) Increase for BEQ/BOQs and	(2,430)	
		messing to improve standards		
		and quality.		
		5) Buy our Spares Smart Project.	(450)	
		6) Contract out functions per-	(9,825)	
		formed by military personnel.		
		Military personnel will be		
		transferred to physical security		
		functions.		
		7) Increase for hazardous	(4,002)	
		waste management and handling to	` ' '	
		comply with federal, State and		
		local regulations.		
		8) Navy will become peacetime	(1,600)	
		user of RAF Machrihanish in	(1,500)	
		England. Funds are for Base		
		Operations.		
		operations.		

9) New NATO facilities operation and maintenance; pipeline and logistic facility at Augusta, and Santo Stefano Depot expansion.	(1,440)
10) Increase for support of	(3,880)
ROIHR program facilities,	(0,000)
including Amchitka.	
11) Increase for support of	(1,153)
SLOW WALKER program.	
12) Bases and Stations Infor-	(2,105)
mation System (BASIS) support.	
funding supports survey/pre-	
paration at 25 sites.	
13) Increased support for new	(7,047)
or expanded homeports under the	
strategic homeporting initiative;	
Staten Island (1,738); Everett	
(3,700); Long Beach (300); Pearl	
Harbor (600); San Francisco (600);	
and Key West (109)	40.0333
14) Installation of the Consolidated	(2,311)
Areawide Telecommunication System	
(CATS) at North Island, Miramar and	
Alameda, and the new microwave	
systems at Fallon and Lemoore.	(455)
15) Lease costs for remote over	(456)
the horizon circuitry Amchitka,	
Alaska to mainland Alaska, Hawaii	
and Japan.	

5.	Pro	gram Decreases		8,902
		One-Time FY 1987 Costs	-2,908	. ,
		1) FY 1987 Foreign National	(2,908)	
		Indirect Hire separation lia-		
		bility and retroactive pay.		
	В.	Other Program Decreases in FY 1988	- 5,994	
		<ol> <li>Projected end strength</li> </ol>	(-2,173)	
		and dollar savings resulting		
		from scheduled Efficiency		
		Reviews.		
		<ol><li>Reduction in energy use due</li></ol>	( 2,278)	
		to energy conservation efforts.		
		<ol><li>Reduction in service craft</li></ol>	(-1,543)	
		maintenance and overhauls.		

6. FY 1988 President's Budget Request \$1,326,428



7.		ing Adjustments Annualization of Direct Pay Raises 1) Wage Board	32 (32)	34,266
	В.	Stock Fund	1,107	
	٥.	1) Fuel	(2,493)	
		2) Non fuel	(1,386)	
	C.		7,266	
	D.	Industrial Fund Rates FN Indirect	6,431	
		Annualization of FERS	1,413	
	F.	Other Pricing Adjustments	18,017	
8.	Prog	gram Increases		52,188
	Α.	Annualization of FY 1988 Increases	3,923	·
		1) Annualization of CIVPERS workyears	(3,923)	
		for Marine Guard security Force		
		replacement and physical security		
	_	personnel added in FY 1988.		
	В.	Other Program Increases in FY 1989	48,265	
		1) Increased physical security	(766)	
		funding to better safeguard		
		personnel and property.	(3.765)	
		2) Maintenance support for additional MILCON projects	(1,765)	
		coming on line during the		
		fiscal year.		
		3) Increased waterfront support	(9,435)	
		associated with expansion to	(3,403)	
		a 15 carrier battle group Navy;		
		Pacific Fleet (3,374), Atlantic		
		Fleet (6,061)		
		4) Increase funding for personnel	(2,224)	
		support equipment for bachelor	• • •	
		housing and messing.		
		5) Inventory accuracy at shore	(477)	
		activities.	-	
		6) full year contracting of MILPERS	(9,978)	
		functions contracted out to provide		
		MILPERS for physical security.		
		7) Increase in hazardous waste to	(2,770)	
		comply with Federal, State and local		
		regulations.	(074)	
		8) Support for peacetime use	(874)	
		of RAF Machrihanish.	(040)	
		9) Increased base operations	(949)	
		support for NSA Naples. 10) Support for ROTHR program	(7,556)	
		facilities, including Amchitka.	(7,330)	
		11) Support for SLOW WALKER operations	(748)	
		12) Increase for BASIS to assist	(1,872)	
		base operations.	( , , - , - ,	
		er e		



September 1 September 1 September 1 September 1 (1985) September 1

13) Increased support for new	(8,851)
or expanded homeports under the	
strategic homeporting initiative:	
Staten Island (3,741); Everett	
(202); Galveston (566): Pascagoula	
(1,699); Lake Charles (378);	
Mobile (1,699); Long Beach (189)	
San Francisco (270) and Key	
West (107)	

9.	Pro	gram Decreases		-19,305
	Α.	One-lime FY 1988 Costs	-2,954	
		1) fY 1988 Foreign National	(-2.954)	
		Indirect Hire Separation	, , ,	
		liability and retroactive pay.		
	В.	One-Time FY 1988 Costs	-7,695	
		1) Oahu Telephone System	(-6,500)	
		2) DSN (Digital Subscriber	(-1,195)	
		Network) throughout WESTPAC area.	, , ,	
	С.	Other Program Decreases in FY 1989	-8,656	
		1) Projected end-strength and	(-3,471)	
		dollar savings resulting from		
		scheduled Efficiency Reviews.		
		2) Civilian Employment -	(-2,982)	
		two days less in FY 1989.	, , ,	
		3) Reduction in energy use due	(-1,822)	
		to energy conservation efforts.	, , ,	
		4) Reduction to reflect savings	(-381)	
		due to implementation of Basis	•	
		and Stations Information System.		

III. <u>Performance Criteria.</u>

	FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
Operations of Utilities lotal Energy				
Consumed (MBTU's) Total Non Energy	22,641,430	23,545,735	23,913,702	24,290,778
Consumed (000 Gal)	18,301,004	18,847,679	19,099,321	19,222,876
Base Communications				
Number of Instruments	106,138	110,026	110,256	110,256
Number of Mainlines	64,860	80,096	82,064	82,064
Daily Average Msg Traffic	28,444	29,799	30,631	30,631
Personnel Operations				
Bachelor Housing (\$000)	27,717	22,689	29,454	33,676
No. of Officer Quarters	9,788	10,275	10,518	10,497
No. of Enlisted Quarters	87,942	90,811	93,072	93,092
Other Pers Support (\$000)	55,721	56,245	63,759	72,698
Population Served, Total	976,901	991,980	1,077,582	1,094,078
(Military, E/S)	478,347	485,596	525,495	539,243
(Civ/Dep, E/S)	498,554	506,384	552,087	554,835
(0.17,55p, 275)	,		552,557	55.,555
Morale, Welfare & Rec (\$00	0) 40,521	30,862	34,704	36,539
Population Served, Total	1148,840	1,170,263	1,195,327	1,229,651
(Military, E/S)	506,692	519,410	534,616	547,757
(Civ/Dep, E/S)	642,148	650,853	660,711	681,894
Base Ops - Mission				
Retail Supply Oper (\$000)	112,623	130,749	138,210	141,345
Line Items Carried	1,987	2,053	2,106	2,128
Receipts (000)	4,986	5,060	5,130	5,187
Issues (000)	7,401	7,513	7,631	7,807
Maint of Instal Equip (\$00	00) 55,585	63,457	67,984	68,186
Other Base Services (\$000)		191,302	212,363	230,428
No. of Motor Vehicles, 1		12,470	12,540	12,683
(Owned)	8,839	8,738	8,779	8,952
(Leased)	3,671	3,732	3,761	3,731
Ownership Operations				
Other Engineering Sup (\$00	0) 160.645	172,416	187,113	204,166
Administration (\$000)	212,187	213,173	231,079	239,409
Number of Bases, Total	98	98	99	99
(CONUS)	50	49	50	50
(Overseas)	48	49	49	49
•				



## Activity Group: Base Operations (cont'd)

## 1V. <u>Personnel Summary</u>.

End Strength (E/S)	<u>FY 1986</u>	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A. Military	29,429	27,356	28,813	29,142
Officer Enlisted	2,058 27,371	2,339 25,017	2,370 26,443	2,382 26,760
B. <u>Civilian</u>	20,423	21,687	21,986	21,900
USDH FNDH FNIH	13,659 3,911 2,853	14,706 3,913 3,068	15,000 3,895 3,091	14,951 3,861 3,088



Produces correspond tobases covered session correspond





SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY GROUP

29531/18

DEM. II		518,182
1 413 1989 1 5/8 1 6861 13		478
Pers		<u> </u>
Personnel E/S DM, II MIT CIV Funding		549,099
7 1988 175		478
Personnel		-
1987 15 00H H V Funding		596,729
1387		0
FY 1987 Personnel E/S U		99
out ng		751,548
FY 198	اب	0
FY 1986 Personnel E/S DBM,W	and Seall	0
	Airlife	
	Budget Activity 4: Airlift and Sealift	Total BA-4

## Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy

Suiget Activity: IV Airlift and Sealift (SUMMARY)

#### Jescription of Operations Financed.

The Sealift Prepositioning and Surge program provides the worldwide sealift capability to deploy combat forces and supporting material and cargo that may be required to meet national contingency objectives. The program is defined in two major categories, Sealift Prepositioning and Sealift Surge. Sealift Prepositioning includes the forward deployed Prepositioning Ships (PREPO), which carry selected equipment, munitions and supplies for all U.S. Armed Services, and 13 Maritime Prepositioning Ships (MPS), divided into 3 operating squadrons, each of which carries equipment, POL, and all other cargo required to support a Marine Amphibious Brigade (MAB) for 30 days of combat operations.

The Sealift Surge program includes several efforts which collectively provide the sealift capability to onload, transport and discharge troops, equipment, POL, and cargo from the U.S. to worldwide combat operations locations. Movement of pre-designated Army divisions will be accomplished by fast sealift ships (FSS/TAKR). The program also funds the Ready Reserve Fleet (RRF) which consist of government owned shipping that is maintained in the custody of the Maritime Administration (MARAD). Preparation and repair of ships to enter the RRF as well as activation, operation (including no notice tests), and inactivation are an integral portion of this surge capability. During FY 1988 and 1989, an additional 8 and 7 ships respectively will be added to the RRF, bringing the total to 108. FY 1988 and 1989 reflect the continuation of the sealift enhancement of existing government owned or controlled merchant ships to provide for a greater military utility for movement of unit equipment and cargo during surge operations. Two hospital ships, delivered during FY 1987, provide the ability to conduct casualty medical treatment in areas immediately adjacent to combat operations.

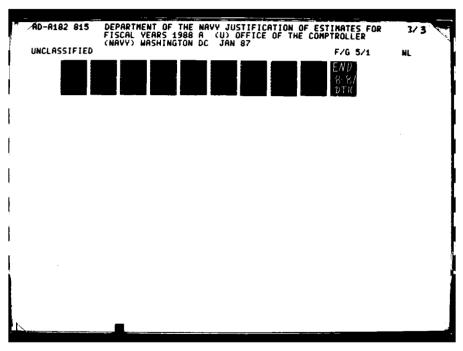
Because the Military Sealift Command (MSC) is an integral part of the sealift program, beginning in FY 1988 the cost of the MSC headquarters moves from industrial funding to direct funding in this program.

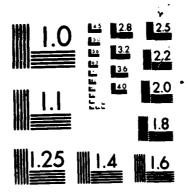
## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. Activity Group Breakout

		FY 1987					FY 1988	FY 19H9
	FY 1986	President's Budget			•			
Total, Act. Group	751,548	631,308	596,729	596,729	549,099	K*K.**		







MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963 A

## Budget Activity: IV (continued)

B. <u>Sc</u>	B. Schedule of Increases and Decreases.						
1. FY 1987 President's Budget Request \$631							
2.	Congressional Adjustments A. Inflation Adjustment B. Ready Reserve Fleet C. SEASTRAT Hardware D. Contractor Assistance	-36,256 3,855 -2,100 -78	-34,579				
3.	FY 1987 Appropriated		596,729				
4.	Other Increases  A. Programmatic Increases  1) PREPO and MPS cargo mainten- ance cycles.	(2,190) 2,190	2,190				
5.	Other Decreases A. Programmatic Decreases 1) Lower cost RRF activations.	(-2,190) -2,190	-2,190				
6.	FY 1987 Current Estimate		\$596,729				
9.	Price Growth		-117,794				
	A. Other B. Industrial Fund C. Stock Fund Non fuel	3,231 -120,998 -27					
10.	Functional Transfer A. Sealift Prepositioning and Surge	52,570	52,570				
11.	Program Increases		37,018				
	A. Sealift Prepositioning and Surge	37,018					
12.	Program Decreases		-19,424				
	A. Sealift Prepositioning and Surge	-19,424					

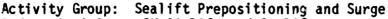


\$549,099

13. FY 1988 President's Budget Request

в.	Sch	edule of Increases and Decreases (	Cont'd).	
14.	Pr	ice Growth		30,430
		Other Industrial Fund Stock Fund Non fuel	4,863 25,570 -3	
15.	Pr	ogram Increases		7,981
	A.	Sealift Prepositioning and Surge	7,981	
16.	Pr	ogram Decreases		-8,728
	A.	Sealift Prepositioning and Surge	-8,728	
17.	FY	1989 President's Budget Request		<b>\$</b> 578.782

# Department of the Navy Operation and Maintenance, Navy Exhibit OP-05



Budget Activity: IV Airlift and Sealift

#### I. Description of Operations Financed

The Sealift Prepositioning and Surge program provides the worldwide sealift capability to deploy combat forces and supporting material and cargo that may be required to meet national contingency objectives. The program is defined in two major categories, Sealift Prepositioning and Sealift Surge. Sealift Prepositioning includes the forward deployed Prepositioning Ships (PREPO), which carry selected equipment, munitions and supplies for all U.S. Armed Services, and 13 Maritime Prepositioning Ships (MPS), divided into 3 operating squadrons, each of which carries equipment, POL, and all other cargo required to support a Marine Amphibious Brigade (MAB) for 30 days of combat operations.

The Sealift Surge program includes several efforts which collectively provide the sealift capability to onload, transport and discharge troops, equipment, POL, and cargo from the U.S. to worldwide combat operations locations. Movement of pre-designated Army divisions will be accomplished by fast sealift ships (FSS/TAKR). The program also funds the Ready Reserve Fleet (RRF) which consist of government owned shipping that is maintained in the custody of the Maritime Administration (MARAD). Preparation and repair of ships to enter the RRF as well as activation, operation (including no notice tests), and inactivation are an integral portion of this surge capability. During FY 1988 and 1989, an additional 8 and 7 ships respectively will be added to the RRF, bringing the total to 108. FY 1988 and 1989 reflect the continuation of the sealift enhancement of existing government owned or controlled merchant ships to provide for a greater military utility for movement of unit equipment and cargo during surge operations. Two hospital ships, delivered during FY 1987, provide the ability to conduct casualty medical treatment in areas immediately adjacent to combat operations.

Because the Military Sealift Command (MSC) is an integral part of the sealift program, beginning in FY 1988 the cost of the MSC headquarters moves from industrial funding to direct funding in this program.

## II. Financial Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

#### A. Subactivity Breakout

		FY 1987			FY 1988	FY 1989
	FY 1986	President's Budget	Appro- priation	Current Estimate	Budget Request	Budget Request
Prepositioned						
Forces	554,447	459,471	459,333	461,523	367,182	393,710
Sealift Surge	111,771	171,837	137,396	135,206	131,971	133,256
Lease Termination		•	•	•		
Liability	85,300	0	0	0	0	0
MSC Headquarters	0	0	0	0	49,946	51,916
Total, Act. Group	751,548	631,308	596,729	596,729	549,099	578,782





Contract property and contract the property

#### Activity Group: Sealift Prepositioning and Surge (cont'd)

#### B. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases

- 1. FY 1987 Current Estimate 596,729

  2. Pricing Adjustments -117,794

  A. Industrial Fund Rates (-120,998)

  B. Stock Fund (-27)

  1) Non-Fuel -27

  C. Other Pricing (3,231)
- 3. Functional Program Transfers

  A. Transfers-In

  1) Intra-Appropriation

  a) Crisis Management Support

  System (CMSS) Software development.

  CMSS will provide real time, optimum

  port loading, transit and down

loading crisis management scheduling

ability for worldwide sealift

- support forces (transferred from BA-2.
  b) Expense equipment to outfit 1,654
  the Naval Support Element (NSE)
  contingent of the Assault Follow-on
  Echelon (AFOE). This equipment is
  required to support the NSE mission
  of in-stream sealift cargo offload,
  movement of the materials ashore,
  and beach cargo support during AFOE
  operations (transferred from BA-7).
  This non-investment equipment
  balances and compliments other
  equipment purchased with Other
- Procurement, Navy funding.

  2) Inter-Appropriation

  a) Because the Military Sealift 49,946
  Command (MSC) is an integral part
  of the sealift program, beginning
  in FY 1988 the cost of the MSC
  headquarters moves from industrial
  fund overhead to direct funding
  in this program. This transfer
  was financed by lowering MSC
  customer rates for all military
  services.
- Transfers Out (-706)

  1) Intra-Appropriation
  a) Sealift Barge Ferry Training -706
  support to Chief of Naval Education
  and Training (transferred to BA-8).

## Activity Group: Sealift Prepositioning and Surge (cont'd)

4.	Program Increases		37,019
	A. Annualization of FY 1987 Increases	(10,141)	
	1) Contract operation of PREPO ship	6,841	
	ROVER for an additional 234 per diem		
	days in FY 1988.	704	
	<ol><li>Provide for full year funding to</li></ol>	734	
	support personnel training and		
	facility maintenance for the hospital		
	ships (TAH) Medical Treatment Facilitie	25	
	(MTF) in ROS status.	0 566	
	3) Additional 301 per diem days to	2,566	
	fund annual costs of hospital ships		
	in ROS status. B. One Time FY 1988 Costs	(963)	
		963	
	<ol> <li>One additional per diem day for all charter ships due to leap year.</li> </ol>	903	
	C. Other Program Growth in FY 1988	(25,914)	
	1) Recurring and cyclic biennial	446	
	maintenance of NSE equipment aboard	770	
	Maritime Preposition Ships.		
	2) 365 per diem days to add	7,744	
	one ship to the PREPO forces.	7,777	
	3) Increase of 1 activation for	1,049	
	RRF ship for a total of 7.	.,	
	4) Expansion of the RRF from 83	15,185	
	to 93 ships necessitates an increase	,	
	for RRF ship maintenance. This cost		
	will continue to increase as a		
	result of deferred maintenance backlog		
	from prior years which must still		
	be completed.		
	5) Maintenance and software validation	761	
	for SEASTRAT.		
	6) Development and fleet introduction	516	
	of modular causeway systems, increased		
	number of causeway sections requiring		
	retrofit, Joint Services training and		
	exercising of SSF equipment, and		
	establishment and operation of AFOE		
	equipment storage sites.		
	<ol><li>7) Maintenance for TAVB while in RRF.</li></ol>	213	
5.	Program Decreases		-19,424
•	A. Annualization of FY 1987 Decreases	(-4,821)	
	1) Decrease of 234 per diem days	-4,821	
	for FY 1987 removal of LETITIA LYKES	<del>-</del>	
	from PREPO fleet.		
	B. One Time FY 1987 Decreases	(-1,518)	
	<ol> <li>Completion of TAH OPDEMO's.</li> </ol>	-1,518	

Activity

Gro	up:	Sealift Prepositioning and Surge (con-	<u>t'd)</u>	
	C.	Other Program Decreases  1) Decrease of RRF ship upgrades from the NDRF.	(-13,085) -6,428	
		<ol> <li>RRF Outporting/Dispersal programs.</li> <li>Installation program for sealift enhancement features.</li> </ol>	-170 -5,332	
		4) Reduction of 81 days of ROS for Fast Sealift Ships.	-858	
		5) Discontinue TACS training program.	-297	
6.	FY	1988 President's Budget Request		\$549,099
7.	A.	cing Adjustments Stock Fund	(-3)	30,430
	В.	1) Non-Fuel Industrial Fund Rates Other Pricing	-3 (25,570) (4,863)	
8.	Pro	gram Increses Other Program Growth in FY 1989 1) Increase of 83 days in ROS for Fast Sealift Ships.	(7,981) 887	7,981
		2) RRF Maintenance costs to support new fleet acquisitions.	2,715	
		3) Replacement of dated and deteriorated medical supplies onboard TAH 19 and 20.	346	
		4) Increase of 5 MPS ships undergoing biennal maintenance and requiring offload and onload of equipment. Provision for periodic maintenance of NSE equipment onboard these ships.	2,135	
		5) Increased number of causeway sections requiring retrofit. Expanded JLOTS exercise and training and increased AFOE storage site operations and maintenance.	1,062	
		6) Maintenance and operation of the SEASTRAT System.	1 96	
		7) Support for MSC Headquarters function.	640	



## Activity Group: Sealift Prepositioning and Surge (cont'd)

10. FY 1989 President's Budget Request

9.	Program Decreases				
	A. One-Time FY 198	8 Costs	(-963)		
	<ol> <li>Reduction o</li> </ol>	f one per diem day	-963		
	for all charter	ships.			
	3. Other Program D	ecreases in FY 1989	(-7,765)		
	<ol> <li>Reduction o</li> </ol>	f 2 RRF activations	-1,544		
	<ol><li>Reduction o</li></ol>	f 2 RRF Upgrades from	-5,025		
	the NDRF. This	completes the RRF	•		
	Upgrade program				
	3) RRF Outport		-94		
		and software support	-26		
	for CMSS.	• •			
	<ol><li>Reduction i</li></ol>	n the quantity of	-1,076		
	Sealift Enhance		•		
	installations.				

\$578,782

Activity Group: Sealift Prepositioning and Surge (cont'd)

## III. Performance Criteria

1.	Mobility Enhancement	FY 1986	FY 1987	<u>FY 1988</u>	FY 1989
	A. Prepositioning Ship (NTPF) Inventory/(\$000)				
	Total	17/156,230	12/123,790	13/108,373	13/117,421
	B. MPS Inventory /(\$000)				

2. 5

Total

Sealift Surge A. Inventory/(\$000) 1. Ready Reserve				
Fleet (RRF)	83/70,247	93/71,021	101/82,633	108/31,634
2. TAKR (FSS)	8/27,057	8/23,897	8/19,327	8/19,403
3. TAVB	1/2,778	2/2,390	2/2,687	2/2,763
4. TAH	0	2/12,101	2/6,240	2/7,941
B. RRF Activations	4	6	7	5

13/392,249 13/328,763 13/250,592 13/264,150

## IV. Personnel Summary.

End Strength (E/S)		FY 1986	FY 1987	FY 1988	FY 1989
A.	Military	<u>0</u>	<u>66</u>	144	144
	Officer Enlisted	0 0	10 56	54 90	54 90
3.	Civilian E/S	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>478</u>	478
	USDH	0	0	478	478

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